1. Branscombe, C.H.: LETTER TO MR. SAMUEL BOWLES, EDITOR OF THE 'SPRINGFIELD REPUBLICAN,' ON THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN OF 1872. [Manchester, England?: 1872]. 24pp, original printed self-wrappers, stitched, lightly worn, light numerical rubberstamp. About Very Good.

Branscombe supports Grant for re-election to another presidential term, opposing Greeley and the Liberal Republicans' third party. He suggests that the "defection" of Greeley is "treason" for its effort to destroy the Republican Party; and demolishes the argument that the election of Greeley will end corruption: "Why is it that Tammany gives such earnest and hearty support to Mr. Greeley?" (10300) \$125.00

2. Brown, B. Gratz: SPEECH OF...BEFORE THE LIBERAL REPUBLICAN CONVENTION. JANUARY 23, 1872. Jefferson City [MO]: Regan & Carter, Printers., 1872. 6, [2 blank] pp. Disbound. Very Good.

Brown speaks out against the Grant Administration's excessive aggrandizement of power during Reconstruction, warning that it brings closer the day of despotism. Fielding Horace Greeley as their candidate, Liberal Republicans were unable to sidetrack Grant's re-election. (20898) \$150.00

3. Delano, Columbus: SPEECH OF HON. COLUMBUS DELANO, DELIVERED AT RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, JULY 24, 1872. [Washington?: Union Republican Congressional Committee?, 1872]. 8pp, caption title [as issued], disbound. Printed in two columns per page, Very Good.

Delano, an Ohio-born Republican Party functionary, was Grant's Secretary of the Interior at the time of this speech. "During his five-year tenure serious charges of frauds in the Bureau of Indian Affairs came to a head."[DAB]. Here he attacks "the specious cry of 'reform'-- the last resort of discarded demagogues," and rebukes Grant's rivals for re-election, the Liberal Republicans led by Horace Greeley, and "Free-trade Democrats." He recounts the Republican Party's triumphs over the preceding 12 years, defends the Administration's 'Indian Policy,' denounces the Ku Klux Klan, and pronounces the "death of the Democratic Party."

Not in Thornton, Sabin, Thomson, Eberstadt, Decker. (31794)

\$100.00

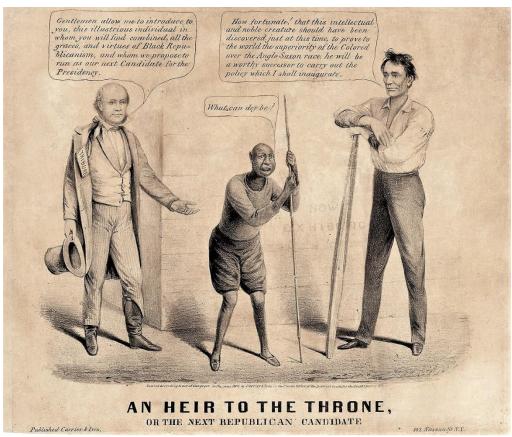
4. [Election of 1860]: AN HEIR TO THE THRONE, OR THE NEXT REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE. New York: Published Currier & Ives, 1860. Broadside, oblong 11" x 13." Light uniform toning. Engraved on heavy card stock, with spotted blank verso. Very Good.

"The Republicans' purported support of Negro rights is taken to an extreme here. Editor Horace Greeley (left) and candidate Abraham Lincoln (resting his elbow on a rail at right) stand on either side of a short black man holding a spear. The latter is the deformed African man recently featured at P.T. Barnum's Museum on Broadway as the 'What-is-it'." [Reilly.] He asks, "What can dey be?" Weitenkampf describes him as a "weak-minded Negro."

Pointing at the black man Greeley says, "Gentlemen, allow me to introduce to you, this illustrious individual in whom you will find combined, all the graces, and virtues of Black Republicanism, and whom we propose to run as our next Candidate for the Presidency."

Lincoln approves: "How fortunate! that this intellectual and noble creature should have been discovered just at this time, to prove to the world the superiority of the Colored over the Anglo Saxon race, he will be a worthy successor to carry out the policy which I shall inaugurate." Reilly 1860-33. Weitenkampf 122. Gale 3001. OCLC 773024018 [1- Clements], 1298712371 [1- DLC], 1136566916 [1- AAS] as of August 2023. (39485)

\$3,000.00



Item No. 4

5. Election of 1872: [NO. 1.] RECONCILIATION! BALTIMORE CONVENTION. SPEECHES OF MR. BELMONT AND MR. DOOLITTLE. PLATFORM. MR. GREELEY'S LETTERS. [Washington: National Democratic Executive Resident Committee, 1872]. 8pp, disbound with light inner margin wear, else Very Good.

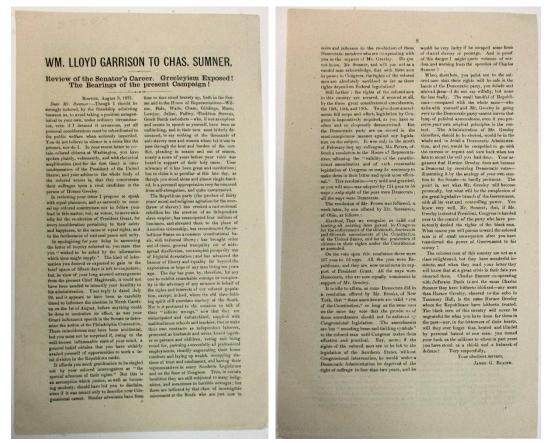
August Belmont and the Democrats pillory Grant, promise not to mess with the Reconstruction Amendments to the Constitution, and laud Greeley and his fellow Liberal Republicans for opposing corruption in the Grant administration. A rare pamphlet, also printed at the Globe Office in Washington [OCLC noting 3 copies of the Globe printing]. OCLC 47184217 [1- W. Res. Hist. Soc.]. (20482)\$175.00

6. Election of 1872: RECONCILIATION. [np: 1872]. 4 pp. Caption title [as issued], printed in double columns, folded. Very Good.

Unlike its northern rival, the breakaway Liberal Republicans led by Horace Greeley, the Republican Party will not overlook the continuing "violence of the stronger race over the feebler race" in order to achieve harmony and reconciliation. Nor will Republicans paper over their differences with the Democrats, though "hand-shakings are certainly beautiful manifestations of personal regard by the owners of the extended dexters." Democrats justified slavery before the War; after the War, they continue to champion State Rights and oppression of the Negro race. Republicans comprise the Party of principle: re-elect Grant.

484 NUC 0099291 [1- DLC]. (15684)

\$100.00



Item No. 7

7. Garrison, William Lloyd: WM. LLOYD GARRISON TO CHAS. SUMNER. REVIEW OF THE SENATOR'S CAREER. GREELEYISM EXPOSED! THE BEARINGS OF THE PRESENT CAMPAIGN! [np: 1872]. Large 8vo, 8pp. Caption title [as issued]. Folded, uncut, Fine.

Disgusted with official corruption, Senator Sumner opposed President Grant's 1872 bid for re-election and instead supported the Liberal Republican Horace Greeley. In that cause, Sumner used his considerable prestige as a pre-War abolitionist to persuade newly enfranchised African-Americans to vote for Greeley.

Garrison, backed by General John Dix and James G. Blaine, berates Sumner for his petulant, shortsighted decision. Suggesting that Sumner is jealous because Grant picked Henry Wilson, the other Senator from Massachusetts, for Vice President, Garrison demonstrates Greeley's shallow commitment to equality of rights and to other staples of the Republican platform. FIRST EDITION. OCLC 27923214 [5] as of January 2023. Not in Blockson, Work, LCP. (27205) \$350.00

8. Greeley, Horace: A HISTORY OF THE STRUGGLE FOR SLAVERY EXTENSION OR RESTRICTION IN THE UNITED STATES, FROM THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE TO THE PRESENT DAY. New York: 1856. Original printed wrappers. iv, 164 pp. Stitched, front wrapper detached and chipped, several leaves have small corner chips. Good+.

FIRST EDITION. Howes G353. LCP 4308. (32459)

9. Hall, A. Oakey: HORACE GREELEY DECENTLY DISSECTED, IN A LETTER ON HORACE GREELEY, ADDRESSED BY A. OAKEY HALL TO JOSEPH HOXIE, ESQ., REPUBLISHED (WITH AN ALPHABET OF NOTES) BY POPULAR REQUEST. New York: Ross & Tousey, 1862. 38pp, disbound, a few fox marks. Good+.

A thorough and detailed attack on Greeley's political positions, particularly his view that the 'erring sister' slave states should be permitted to depart from the Union in peace. Sabin 29712.

(33845)



Item No. 10

\$75.00

\$75.00

10. [Lincoln, Abraham]: "THE NIGGER" IN THE WOODPILE. New York: Currier & Ives, 1860. Lithograph illustrated broadside, 17" x 13-1/2." Uniform mild toning, shallow blank upper corner chip, light wear. Very Good.

The Republicans depicted Lincoln as a familiar, iconic figure in American life: the self-made frontiersman who had pulled himself up by his bootstraps and climbed the ladder of success. However, concealed by that reassuring image was the Republicans' revolutionary platform of Emancipation and Civil Rights for the Negro.

The cartoon is, Reilly says, "A racist parody of Republican efforts to play down the antislavery plank in their 1860 platform. Horace Greeley, the prominent New York publicist of the party, stands at left reassuring a man identified as 'Young America'. 'I assure you my friend,' he says, 'that you can safely vote our ticket, for we have no connection with the Abolition party, but our Platform is composed entirely of rails, split by our Candidate.' Young America, who represents progressive Democrats, points insistently toward the right, where candidate Abraham Lincoln sits atop a makeshift construction made of rails marked 'Republican Platform,' which imprisons a grinning black man. He tells Greeley, 'It's no use old fellow! you can't pull that wool over my eyes for I can see 'the Nigger' peeping through the rails.' Meanwhile, Lincoln reflects, 'Little did I think when I split these rails that they would be the means of elevating me to my present position'."

Reilly 1860-30. Gale 4849. Weitenkampf 123. OCLC 56915079 [2- Clements, Boston Ath.], 1037375141 [1- Boston Public], 1136535662 [1- AAS] as of October 2022. (38871) \$4,500.00

11. Massachusetts Republican Party: TO THE VOTERS OF MASSACHUSETTS. GOVERNOR ANDREW'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE; LETTER FROM GEORGE BANCROFT, ESQ.; CHAS. SUMNER AS A STATESMAN. Boston: 1862. 16pp, stitched, outer leaves lightly dustsoiled, front and rare leaves loose. Good+.

A scarce 1862 campaign pamphlet. "These articles discuss the political situation in the United States in "NUC. Andrew, Bancroft, and Sumner are staunchly anti-slavery and for prosecution of the War until total victory is won. The historian Bancroft, a "life-long Democrat," urges support for Lincoln. The piece on Sumner is written by Horace Greeley: "None has seemed so invariably to realize that...injustice to the humblest and weakest is peril to the well-being of all."

Not in Sabin, Eberstadt, Nevins. 595 NUC 0242214 [2]. (7450)

\$75.00

12. [Nast, Thomas]: ALBUMEN PHOTOGRAPH OF NAST'S CARICATURE OF HORACE GREELEY, EDITOR OF THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE AND ERRATIC POLITICAL GADFLY. New York: E. & H.T. Anthony, [1866]. Carte de Visite, 2" x 3-1/4." Albumen photograph of Nast's illustration of Horace Greeley, on original card mount with publisher's backmarks. Nast's facsimile signature is at the lower left corner. Next to Greeley is an issue of his NY Tribune, transformed into a black face. Very Good.

Nast's illustration originally appeared as an engraving in the Harper's issue of 14 April 1866. During the 1860s Greeley supported equal rights for freedmen. (39619) \$500.00



Item No. 12

13. O'Ferrall, Charles T.: TO THE VOTERS OF THE SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA. [Harrisonburg, Va.: Aug. 1, 1874]. Broadside, 8 1/2" x 17 1/2". A few horizontal folds, a few blank edge chips. Good+ to Very Good.

O'Ferrall would not win election to the House of Representatives until 1884; he then served four consecutive terms and went on to become Virginia's governor. In this losing battle, he touts his Civil War credentials, recalling that he resisted "the most violent abuse and warfare against my people and section that the fertile mind of Horace Greeley could invent and wage." For this reason, he refused to support Greeley's presidential bid in 1872; and could not bring himself to support Grant. He rebuts the slanderous charge that he is "in affiliation with the Republican party" and puts forth his record that he is "true to Virginia."

The last line of the broadside reads: "PLEASE POST UP CONSPICUOUSLY." Hummel 5284 [4]. OCLC 26118745 [3]. Not in Haynes. (24877)

\$250.00

14. Parks, B.F.: THE DUTY OF DEMOCRATS. AN HONEST DEMOCRAT ON THE STUMP! - - - WHY HE CANNOT VOTE FOR GREELEY! SPEECH OF HON. B.F. PARKS OF ILLINOIS, MADE TO A GATHERING OF DEMOCRATS, AT JOLIET, ILL., JULY 13TH, 1872. [Joliet: 1872]. Caption title, as issued. 4pp, each page printed in two columns separated by a rule. Very Good.

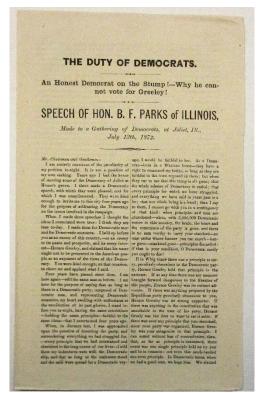
In 1872 the Democratic Party endorsed Horace Greeley, the newspaper editor and gadfly, for President. Greeley, formerly a Whig, was also endorsed by the Liberal Republican Party, composed of Republicans offended by Grant Administration corruption.

Benjamin Franklin Parks [1842-1902], a lifelong Democrat, assures the audience of his fealty to the Party: "My indentures were with the Democratic ship, and that as long as the mainmast stood and the sails were spread for a Democratic voyage, I would be faithful to her." We found very little information on Parks, of whom 'Find a Grave' notes, "Benjamin Franklin Parks was married several times and was the father of several children."

Despite Parks's Party loyalty, Horace Greeley is anathema. "If at any time there was a measure dangerous to the liberties of this people, Horace Greeley was its earnest advocate. If there was anything proposed by the Republican party peculiarly obnoxious to you, Horace Greeley was its strong supporter." As a Democrat and Union man, Parks is appalled at Greeley's advocacy of secession in 1860-1861. He concludes that "there is no alternative for any true Democrat, but to vote for U.S. Grant for President."

OCLC 724288278 [1- AAS] as of June 2023. (39318)

\$275.00



Item No. 14

15. [Perkins, Frederick Beecher]: PRESIDENT GREELEY, PRESIDENT HOFFMAN, AND THE RESURRECTION OF THE RING. A HISTORY OF THE NEXT FOUR YEARS. BY PHARAOH BUDLONG. WRITTEN IN THE SECOND WEEK OF NOVEMBER, 1876. FROM ADVANCE SHEETS. Budlongton [i.e., Boston]: Printed for the Purchasers, 1876 [i.e., 1872]. Original printed yellow wrappers, 31pp. Light wear, Very Good.

A fantasy on the crazy things that happened when the "moon-faced man of Chappaqua," Horace Greeley, became President in 1872. (28625)

\$75.00



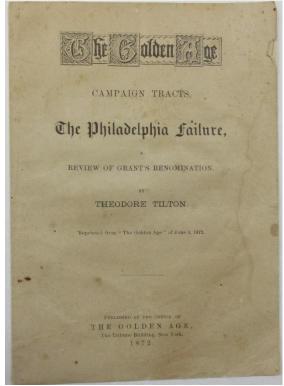
Item No. 16

16. [Salt River] Election of 1872 : DEAD: THE DEM'D LIBERAL PARTY! FUNERAL OBSEQUIES AT HEAD OF SALT RIVER! THE NEW COMBINATION EXPERIMENTAL STEAMERS CINCINNATI & BALTIMORE! HORACE GREELEY, COMMANDER, WILL SAIL FOR SALT RIVER WITH ALL POSSIBLE DISPATCH, WITH THE COLD CORPUS OF THE LATE MUSHROOM DEM'D LIBERAL PARTY! Hartford: 1872. Broadside, 6" x 9-1/2," text surrounded by mourning border. A few spots, Very Good. Illustrations of two steamers. At the bottom: "This is Good for ONE PASSAGE Only. - H.G." Dated at Hartford, November 5, 1872.

"Salt River" is 19th century American slang: a losing candidate for office was taking a trip "up Salt River." Tickets for passage "up Salt River" were frequently printed to mock supporters of losing candidates. This humorous, scarce broadside taunts Horace Greeley and other defectors from the Republican Party, for their support of Greeley in 1872. "On the overwhelming defeat of the Liberal Republican Party and its candidate, Horace Greeley, in the presidential election of 1872. Greeley had been nominated at a Liberal Republican convention at Cincinnati in May and at the Democratic National Convention at Baltimore in July, 1872" [AAS description].

Pall bearers include Charles Sumner and General Banks,

OCLC 191231113 [2- AAS, Middlebury], 47090036 [1- CT Hist. Soc.] as of November 2022. (38915) \$1,500.00



Item No. 17

17. Tilton, Theodore: THE GOLDEN AGE. CAMPAIGN TRACTS. THE PHILADELPHIA FAILURE, REVIEW OF GRANT'S RENOMINATION. BY THEODORE TILTON. REPRINTED FROM "THE GOLDEN AGE" OF JUNE 8, 1872." New York: The Golden Age, 1872. 4-1/2" x 6-1/2". 10, [1 blank], [1-publisher's notice] pp. Stitched. Original printed title wrappers. Light toning and wrapper spotting, Very Good. Pencil ownership inscription of "L.H. Osborn" on rear cover.

Tilton-- journalist, reformer, abolitionist, cuckolded by Henry Ward Beecher-- founded "The Golden Age," a New York political and literary weekly. From time to time he would reprint essays from The Golden Age, such as this one, for the 1872 presidential race.

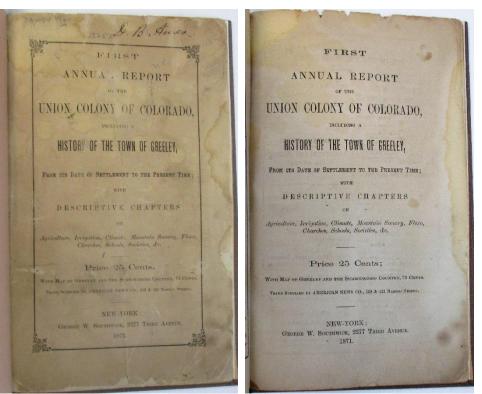
Tilton issued his Tract after the Republican National Convention in Philadelphia in June 1872. Tilton opposed Grant's renomination, favoring instead Liberal Republican Horace Greeley. It seems odd that a passionate anti-slavery reformer would oppose Grant's policy of military Reconstruction, but Tilton does so. Continuance of Grant policies is a re-enactment of the Civil War. "If in time of peace the military power is to reign supreme over the civil, then farewell republicanism... How quenched is the ancient spirit of Saxon liberty!... We believe that the anti-slavery battle has been fought out. Slavery is abolished; and the Thirteenth Amendment makes its re-enactment impossible. ... Legally the negro stands exactly where the white man does. Socially whatever stigma rests upon him is far more oppressive in the north than in the south."

OCLC records 14 locations, some of which may be facsimiles.

(35633)

\$350.00

 Tremain, Lyman: SPEECH DELIVERED BY HON. LYMAN TREMAIN, THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE, AT COOPER INSTITUTE, WEDNESDAY EVENING SEPT. 18, 1872, ON THE PENDING POLITICAL ISSUES, EMBRACING A COMPLETE VINDICATION OF HIMSELF AGAINST THE FALSE CHARGE MADE BY THE GREELEY DEMOCRACY THAT HE HAD BEEN A "SECESSIONIST," OR "SPOUTING REBEL". [NP: 1872]. Caption title [as issued]. Printed in double columns. 16pp. Disbound [some loosening]. Good+. (16010)



Item No. 19

19. Union Colony of Colorado: FIRST ANNUAL REPORT OF THE UNION COLONY OF COLORADO, INCLUDING A HISTORY OF THE TOWN OF GREELEY, FROM ITS DATE OF SETTLEMENT TO THE PRESENT TIME; WITH DESCRIPTIVE CHAPTERS ON AGRICULTURE, IRRIGATION, CLIMATE, MOUNTAIN SCENERY, FLORA, CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, SOCIETIES, &C. PRICE 25 CENTS. WITH MAP OF GREELEY AND THE SURROUNDING COUNTRY, 75 CENTS. New York: George W. Southwick, 1871. Original printed wrappers [worn, spotted, blank extremity chips], bound into modern cloth with gilt-lettered morocco spine title. 40pp. Outer margins spotted, especially the final ten pages. The rear wrapper advertises the Chicago and Northwestern Railway as "the Pioneer Line between Chicago and Omaha and the direct route from the East to Colorado." Good or Good+.

"Apparently the map mentioned on the title-page was not issued with the pamphlet" [Graff]. As the title explains, for 75 cents you could buy one with the map.

"The first history of the town of Greeley, published within one year after the Locating Committee, consisting of N. C. Meeker, R. A. Cameron and H. T. West, explored various localities in Kansas, Nebraska, Arkansas, New Mexico, Wyoming, and Utah, before deciding upon the site of which is now

Greeley. The above work gives an account of the first arrivals and the trials and triumphs of the town aborning" [Decker]. Nathan Meeker, an Indian Agent in western Colorado, began the colony as an agricultural cooperative community. He was later killed by Ute Indians in the 1879 "Meeker Massacre." The Union Colony was named for Horace Greeley editor of the New York Tribune. Howes C608. Graff 4235. 25 Decker 100. (38415) \$300.00

20. United States Home League: PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL CONVENTION. FOR THE PROTECTION OF AMERICAN INTERESTS, CONVENED IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, APRIL 5, 841. PUBLISHED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION, AND THE SANCTION OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE UNITED STATES HOME LEAGUE. New-York: Greeley & McElrath, 1842. [1]-9, [1 blank], [9]-83, [1] pp [as issued]. Contemporary plain wrappers [dusted]. Scattered foxing, light wear, lower forecorners turned. About Good+.

The Home League was a protectionist organization supporting the nurture of infant American industries, to prevent rapacious European enterprises from overwhelming them. These proceedings include reports and data on various segments of American manufactures. The first edition was published in 1841.

AI 42-4160 [3]. (19352)

\$85.00

21. Young Citizens Liberal Party: CIRCULAR TO THE YOUNG MEN OF THE REPUBLIC. [Chicago: 1872?]. Two pages of text on a folded sheet. margin-soiled. Good+.

Probably a component of the 1872 Liberal Party, which contested Republican hegemony in a run for the Presidency with Horace Greeley as its candidate. The Republicans have lost their moral authority: "No faction governing a party by a vaste and intricate political machinery, should be permitted to absorb a majority of the popular voice on account of glorious deeds accomplished in the past..." As for the Democratic Party, "its glory has departed." Evidently unrecorded. (9907) \$125.00