

Item No. 1

The "Champion" of the American Constitutions

1. **Adams, John:** A DEFENCE OF THE CONSTITUTIONS OF GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, AGAINST THE ATTACK OF M. TURGOT IN HIS LETTER TO DR. PRICE... IN THREE VOLUMES. A NEW EDITION. London: Printed for John Stockdale, 1794. 3 volumes: port. frontis, [2], 8, xxxii, [3]-392; [2], 451, [1]; [2], 528, [36] pp. Light private rubberstamp on front free endpaper of each volume. Volume I has the portrait frontis, which is somewhat foxed in the margins. Bound in contemporary tree calf, expertly rebaced with original spines laid down [some spine chipping] and original gilt-lettered black morocco spine labels. Gilt spine bands. Light foxing, Very Good.

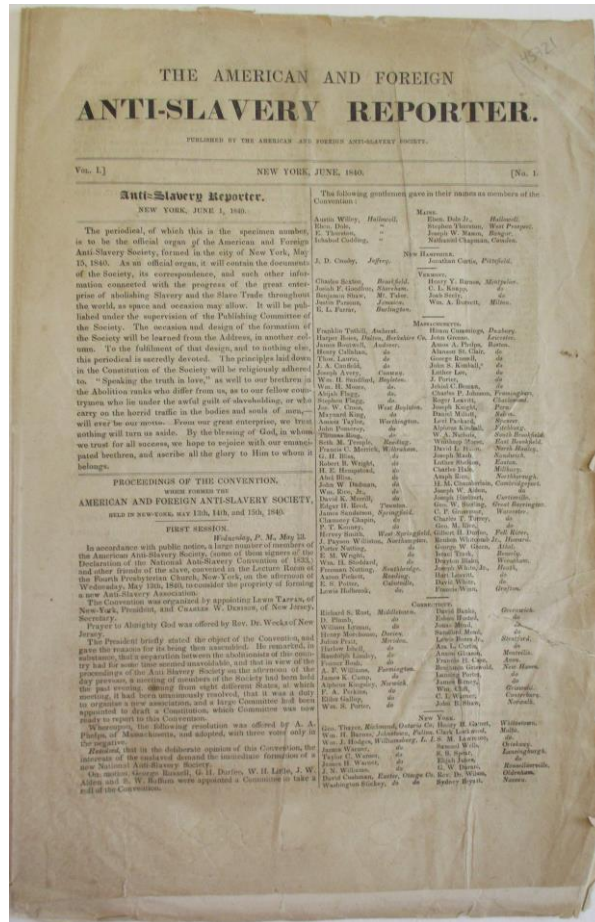
The book was first published in London in 1787 as a single volume, just as the Constitutional Convention assembled in Philadelphia. This is Adams's completed work and final edition.

"John Adams, it is safe to say, bestowed more thought on the nature of government, and exerted more influence in determining the character of the constitutions adopted during the Revolution by most of the original states, than any one of his contemporaries. When, therefore, Turgot attacked these constitutions because of 'an unreasonable imitation of the usages of England,' and because of a want of centralization, it was natural that Adams should come forward as their champion" [Larned].

The Defence "has ably combated the opinions of Turgot, Mably, and Price, who were in favour of a single Legislative Assembly, and by it has contributed much towards establishing that division of power in our Legislative Assemblies, with its proper checks and balances, which we now enjoy. His accounts of other republics and their governments, are accurate and well drawn, and show the author to have been a man of extensive reading, and well acquainted with his subject" [Marvin].

Howes A60aa. Marvin 50-51. Larned 2687. Sabin 235. Cohen 2735.

\$4,000.00



Item No. 2

First Issue of "The Official Organ of the American and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society"

2. **American and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society: THE AMERICAN AND FOREIGN ANTI-SLAVERY REPORTER. VOL. I. NO. 1.** New York: Published by the American and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society, 1840. Folio, 9" x 13-3/4." 8pp. Each page printed in two columns. Folded. Light blank edge chipping, a repaired closed tear [no loss]. Light dusting. Very Good.

The first issue of this prominent anti-slavery voice: "the specimen number is to be the official organ of the American and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society, formed in the city of New York, May 15, 1840. As an official organ, it will contain the documents of the Society, its correspondence, and such other information connected with the progress of the great enterprise of abolishing Slavery and the Slave Trade throughout the world."

It prints the "Proceedings of the Convention which formed the" Society, with names of Members, organized by State; the Constitution; the list of officers, who included Arthur and

Lewis Tappan, James Birney, Henry Stanton, John G. Whittier, and other luminaries;
Resolutions; Arthur Tappan's Address as President; and other Reports.
LCP 266. Dumond 7. Not in Lomazow.

\$450.00

New York 10th July 1771
Received of Isaac Bevari Esq: Deputy Paymas-
ter of His Majesty's Forces at Boston, by the Hands
of Messrs. Thomas & William Apthorp One Thousand
Seven Hundred and Fourteen Dollars, and
Sixteen Fifty Sixth Parts of a Dollar, which at
the rate of Four Shillings and Eight Pence each
Dollar amounts to the sum of Four
Hundred and Fourteen Pounds Sterling being so much
remitted by the said Messrs. Thomas & William Apthorp
from Boston, on Account of Lubice
of the 29th Regiment of Foot, from the 25th of June to
the 26th of August 1771, both days inclusive for 422
which I have given Three Receipts of this Tenor
and date
A. Mortier

Dollars
1771 16 56
Equal to
400

Item No. 3

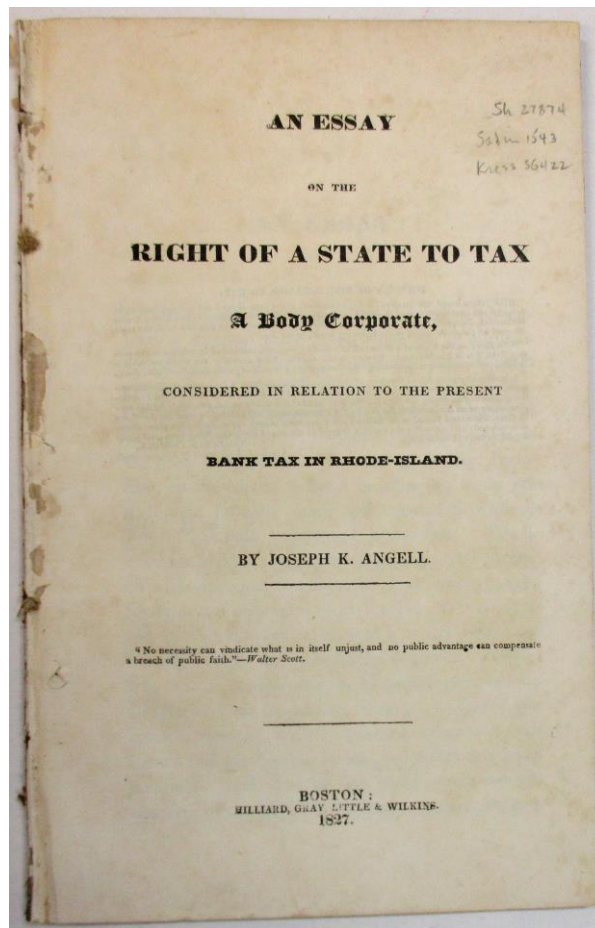
**From the Paymaster of the British Army in New York,
Enscenced at Richmond Hill**

3. [American Revolution]: MANUSCRIPT DOCUMENT, SIGNED BY ABRAHAM MORTIER, PAYMASTER-GENERAL OF THE BRITISH ARMY IN NEW YORK, FOR MAINTENANCE OF TROOPS:

"NEW YORK 10TH JULY 1771. RECEIVED OF ISAAC BEVARI DEPUTY PAYMASTER OF HIS MAJESTY'S FORCES AT BOSTON, BY THE HANDS OF MR. THOMAS J. WILLIAM APTHORP, ONE THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED AND FOURTEEN DOLLARS, AND SIXTEEN FIFTY SIXTH PARTS OF A DOLLAR, WHICH AT THE RATE OF FOUR SHILLINGS AND EIGHT PENCE EACH DOLLAR, AMOUNTS TO THE SUM OF FOUR AND HUNDRED POUNDS, STERLING, BEING SO MUCH REMITTED BY THE AID MR. THOMAS WILLIAM APTHORP TO ME FROM BOSTON, ON ACCOUNT OF LUBICE OF THE 29TH REGIMENT OF FOOT ...

New York: 1771. Manuscript document, 7-3/8" x 9." Written in an elegant secretarial hand and signed by Mortier. Folded for filing and docketed on verso. Very Good.

In 1767 Mortier, stationed in New York, had secured a 99-year lease on Richmond Hill, a beautiful estate in Greenwich Village, which became the headquarters of George Washington in April 1776. It was later occupied by John Adams as Vice President of the United States, then by Aaron Burr, who lived there at the time of the Hamilton duel. The estate was later sold to John Jacob Astor. \$500.00



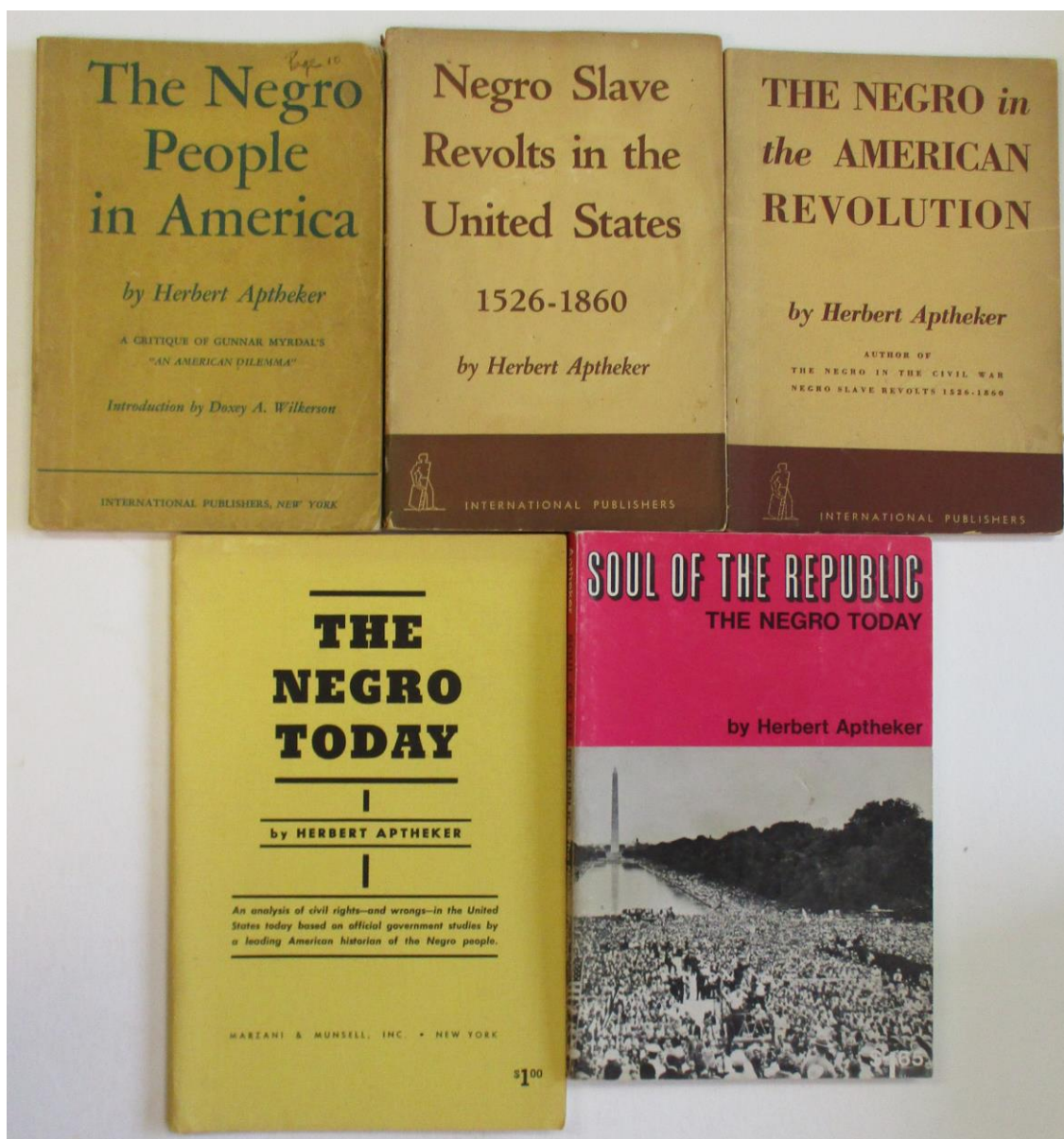
Item No. 4

A Learned Attack on Rhode Island's Tax Policy

4. **Angell, Joseph K.:** AN ESSAY ON THE RIGHT OF A STATE TO TAX A BODY CORPORATE, CONSIDERED IN RELATION TO THE PRESENT BANK TAX IN RHODE-ISLAND. Boston: Hilliard, Gray, Little & Wilkins, 1827. 44pp. Disbound, clean text. Good+.

Angell was a prolific writer of legal treatises, highly praised in Marvin's bibliography and DAB. The Harvard Law Catalogue includes many of his publications.

Angell denounces, with enthusiastic ferocity but great erudition, the Rhode Island legislature's lawlessness in enacting a tax on banking corporations whose original charters exempted them from tax. He demonstrates that the law unconstitutionally impairs the obligation of contract, and insists upon a State's duty to respect constitutional limitations. FIRST EDITION. I Harv. Law Cat. 52. Cohen 10640. Sabin 1543. \$450.00



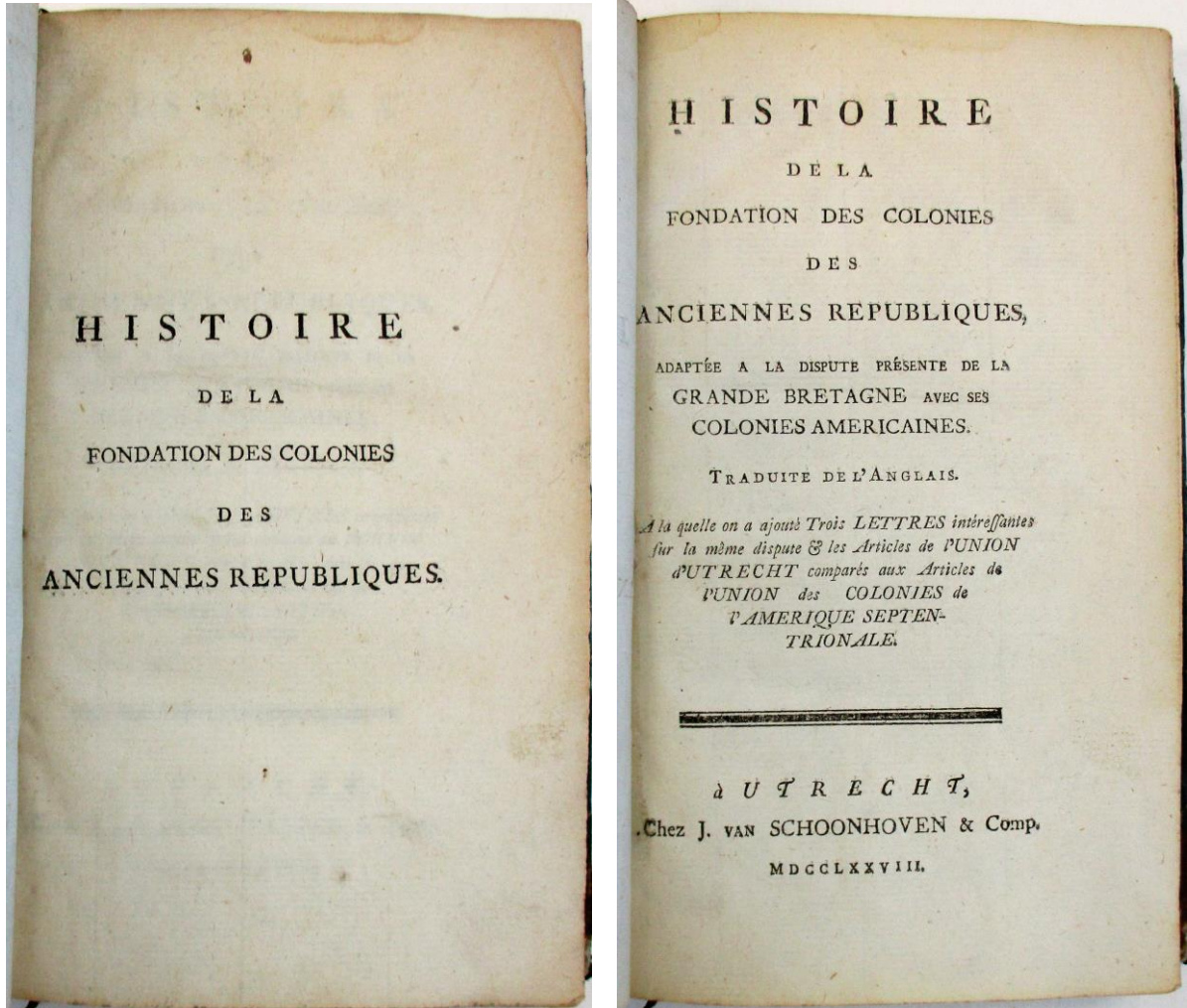
Item No. 5

From the Pen of the Radical Marxist

5. **Aptheker, Herbert:** FIVE BOOKS BY APTHEKER, THE MARXIST HISTORIAN AND SCHOLAR OF AFRICAN-AMERICAN HISTORY. Each is in printed wrapper covers, with light wear, and Very Good. The books are:

1. THE NEGRO PEOPLE IN AMERICA. A CRITIQUE OF GUNNAR MYRDAL'S 'AN AMERICAN DILEMMA.' INTRODUCTION BY DOXEY A WILKERSON. New York: International Publishers. [1946]. 80pp. Dedicated to "Bettina."
2. THE NEGRO IN THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION. New York: International Publishers. [1940]. 47, [1 blank] pp.

3. NEGRO SLAVE REVOLTS IN THE UNITED STATES 1526-1860. New York: International Publishers. [1939]. 72pp.
4. THE NEGRO TODAY. New York: Marzani & Munsell. 1962. 62, [2] pp.
5. SOUL OF THE REPUBLIC. THE NEGRO TODAY. New York: Marzani & Munsell. [1964]. [6], 122 pp. \$175.00



Item No. 6

“Great Britain Fully Justified to Tax the American Colonies”

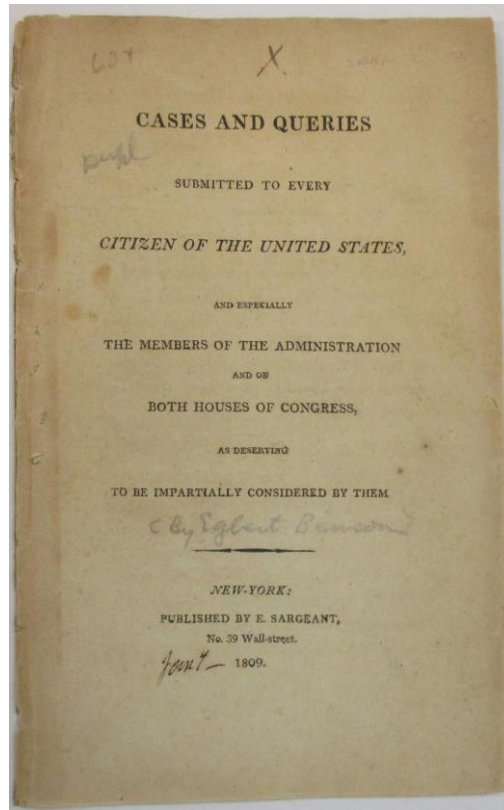
6. [Barron, William]: HISTOIRE DE LA FONDATION DES COLONIES DES ANCIENNES REPUBLIQUES, ADAPTEE A LA DISPUTE PRESENTE DE LA GRANDE BRETAGNE AVEC SES COLONIES AMERICAINES. TRADUITE DE L'ANGLAIS. Utrecht: 1778. Contemporary boards, rebaked in morocco, with morocco spine label. [4], 247, [1 errata] pp, with the half title. Text clean and Very Good.

Stevens explains, "The point labored at was to show that Great Britain was fully justified by the precedents of antiquity in her attempt to tax the American Colonies." Stevens says the piece "was published under the patronage of the Court and Ministry." This, the second edition, is the first French translation of the book, first published in England the previous year.

This edition contains additional letters discussing the merits of the British and American causes, and an essay-- absent from the British edition-- comparing the Articles of Confederation with the Union of Utrecht.

Howes B182. Adams Controversy 77-18b. Stevens Rare Americana 104.

\$500.00



Item No. 7

A "Reputation for Legal Learning Second Only to Hamilton"

7. **[Benson, Egbert]:** CASES AND QUERIES SUBMITTED TO EVERY CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES, AND ESPECIALLY THE MEMBERS OF THE ADMINISTRATION AND OF BOTH HOUSES OF CONGRESS, AS DESERVING TO BE IMPARTIALLY CONSIDERED BY THEM. New York: Published by E. Sargeant, No. 39 Wall-street, 1809. 24pp. Disbound [loosening]. Light uniform toning. Several manuscript corrections, perhaps by the author. Good+.

For a sketch of the role Benson played in the Revolution and, as a Federalist Congressman, in the early history of the Republic, see DAB, noting, "His reputation for legal learning was second only to that of Hamilton."

Signing as "Impartial" in type at the end, Benson reviews the legal issues arising from England's and France's interruptions of American maritime commerce.

Gaines 09-11. Cohen 7449. Kress B5484.

\$175.00

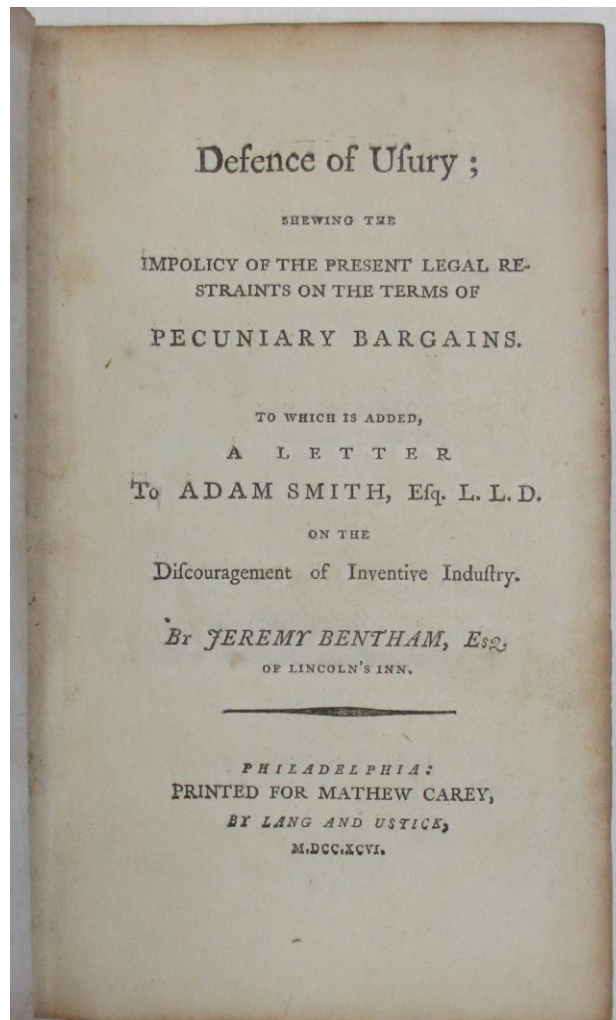
A Free Market for the Cost of Money

8. **Bentham, Jeremy:** A DEFENCE OF USURY; SHEWING THE IMPOLICY OF THE PRESENT LEGAL RESTRAINTS ON THE TERMS OF PECUNIARY BARGAINS. TO

WHICH IS ADDED, A LETTER TO ADAM SMITH, ESQ. LL.D. ON THE DISCOURAGEMENT OF INVENTIVE INDUSTRY. Philadelphia: Printed for Mathew Carey by Lang & Ustick, 1796. 149, [1 blank], [2 publ. advts.], as issued. Bound in original sheep, with gilt-lettered red morocco spine title. Hinges just starting. Contemporary ownership signature of George Sullivan. Very Good.

This first American edition is the only 18th century American printing of Bentham's classic argument that market forces should determine the cost of money. Bentham "contends that a contract for money should be left open to the good sense of those bargaining for it, like all other contracts. Mr. Bentham was one of the first to attack the policy of the Usury Laws" [Marvin].

The Letter to Adam Smith, the Dean of Free Market Economics, rebuts Smith's approval of legislation establishing maximum interest rates. Evans 30057. ESTC W4815. Cohen 26. Kress 3088. [I Harv. Law Cat. 157 and Marvin 113 cite European editions.] \$1,750.00



Item No. 8

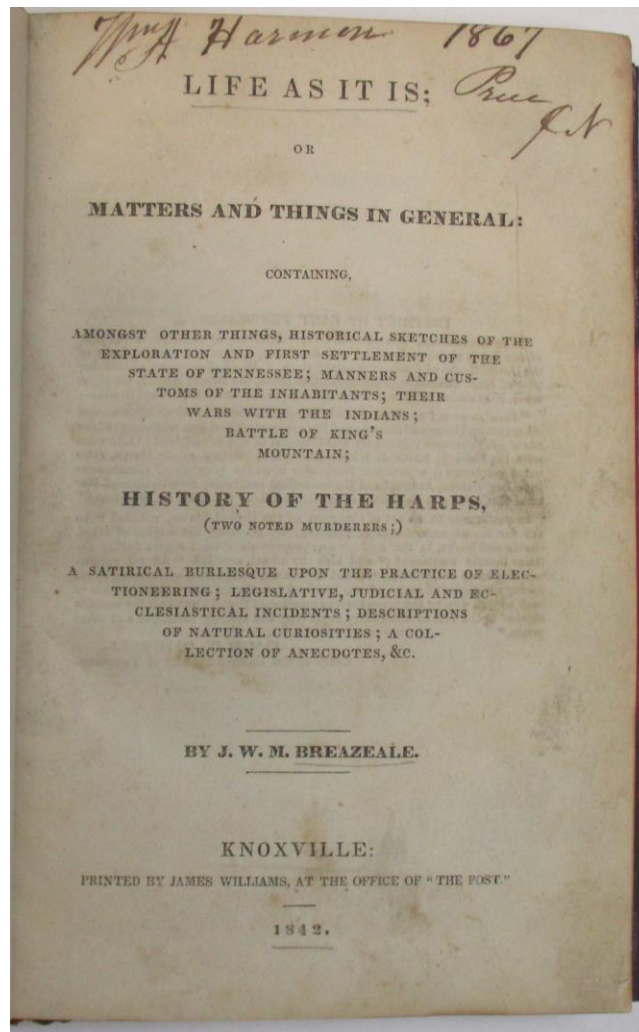
“History of the Patriarchs of Tennessee”

9. **Breazeale, John William McNairy:** LIFE AS IT IS; OR MATTERS AND THINGS IN GENERAL: CONTAINING, AMONGST OTHER THINGS, HISTORICAL SKETCHES OF THE EXPLORATION AND FIRST SETTLEMENT OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE;

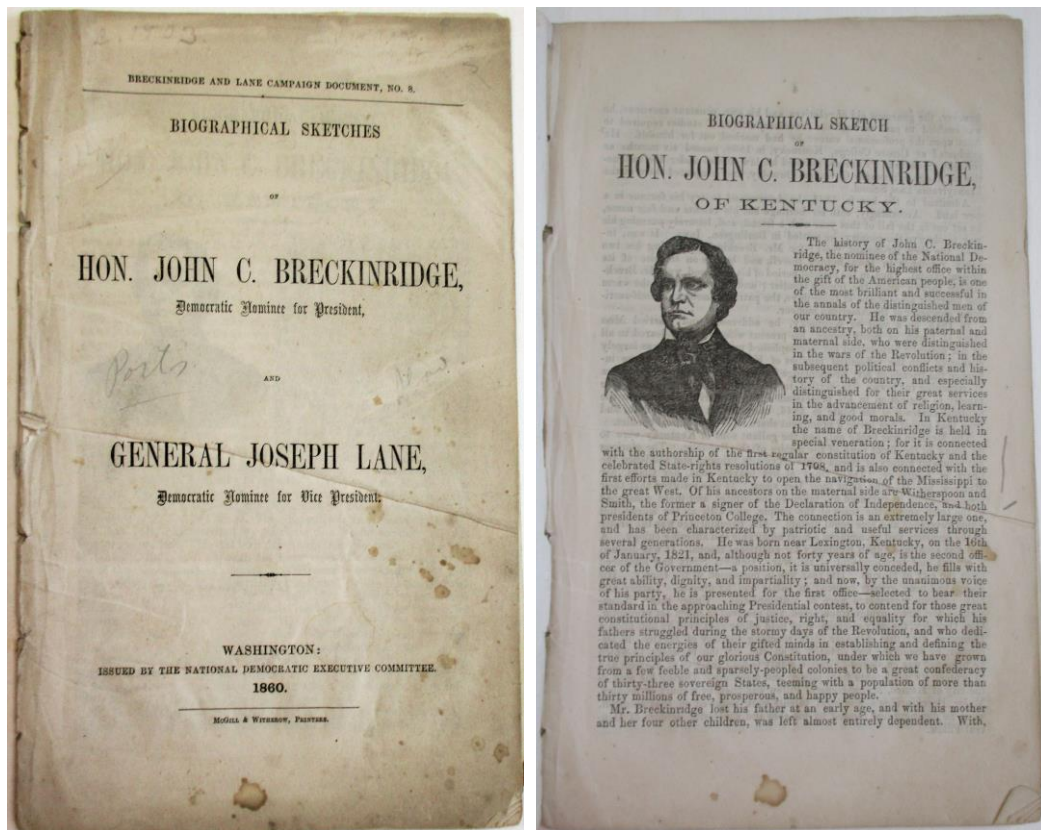
MANNERS AND CUSTOMS OF THE INHABITANTS; THEIR WARS WITH THE INDIANS; BATTLE OF KING'S MOUNTAIN; HISTORY OF THE HARPS, (TWO NOTED MURDERERS;) A SATIRICAL BURLESQUE UPON THE PRACTICE OF ELECTIONEERING; LEGISLATIVE, JUDICIAL AND ECCLESIASTICAL INCIDENTS; DESCRIPTIONS OF NATURAL CURIOSITIES; A COLLECTION OF ANECDOTES, &C. BY J.W.M. BREAZEALE. Knoxville : Printed by James Williams, at the Office of "The Post." 1842. Later red half morocco and paper over boards. Gilt spine rules, decorations, and spine title. 256pp. Scattered, generally light foxing. Occasional contemporary pencil marginalia. Leaf 145-146 bound out of order [after page 124]. Except as noted, Very Good. Ownership signature on title page: "Wm. H. Harmon 1867."

This is the first edition of Breazeale's history of Tennessee, covering the array of exciting events and trends, manners and customs, Indian Wars, the murderous Harpe brothers, electioneering and politicking. His purpose is to rescue "from oblivion some important memoranda of the history of the patriarchs of Tennessee-- spreads before his countrymen the light and force of the example of their fathers-- contrasts their plain, economical, republican manners and customs, with the vain, ostentatious, and, in many respects, aristocratic practices of the present age..."

FIRST EDITION. Bradford 530. Allen 1850. Howes B741 'aa.' Streeter Sale 1670. Sabin 7651. \$1,500.00



Item No. 9



Item No. 10

Biographies of the 1860 Southern Democratic Presidential Candidates

10. [Breckinridge, John]: BRECKINRIDGE AND LANE CAMPAIGN DOCUMENT, NO. 8. BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES OF HON. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, AND GENERAL JOSEPH LANE, DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR VICE PRESIDENT. Washington: National Democratic Executive Committee. McGill & Witherow, Printers., 1860. 32pp. Disbound, light dusting, small abrasion on last page costs a couple of letters. Good+. Small in-text portrait of Breckinridge at page [3], and of Lane at page 20.

Breckinridge, Buchanan's Vice President, was the 1860 presidential standard-bearer of the anti-Stephen Douglas branch of the Democratic Party, which had split during the 1860 nominating convention; Lane of Oregon was his running mate. Douglas had defied Buchanan over the Kansas issue.

The biographies portray the candidates as national, not sectional leaders, of impeccable lineage and devoted to the Union, as evidenced by their public service. Their stirring military careers receive careful attention.

Miles 434.

\$275.00

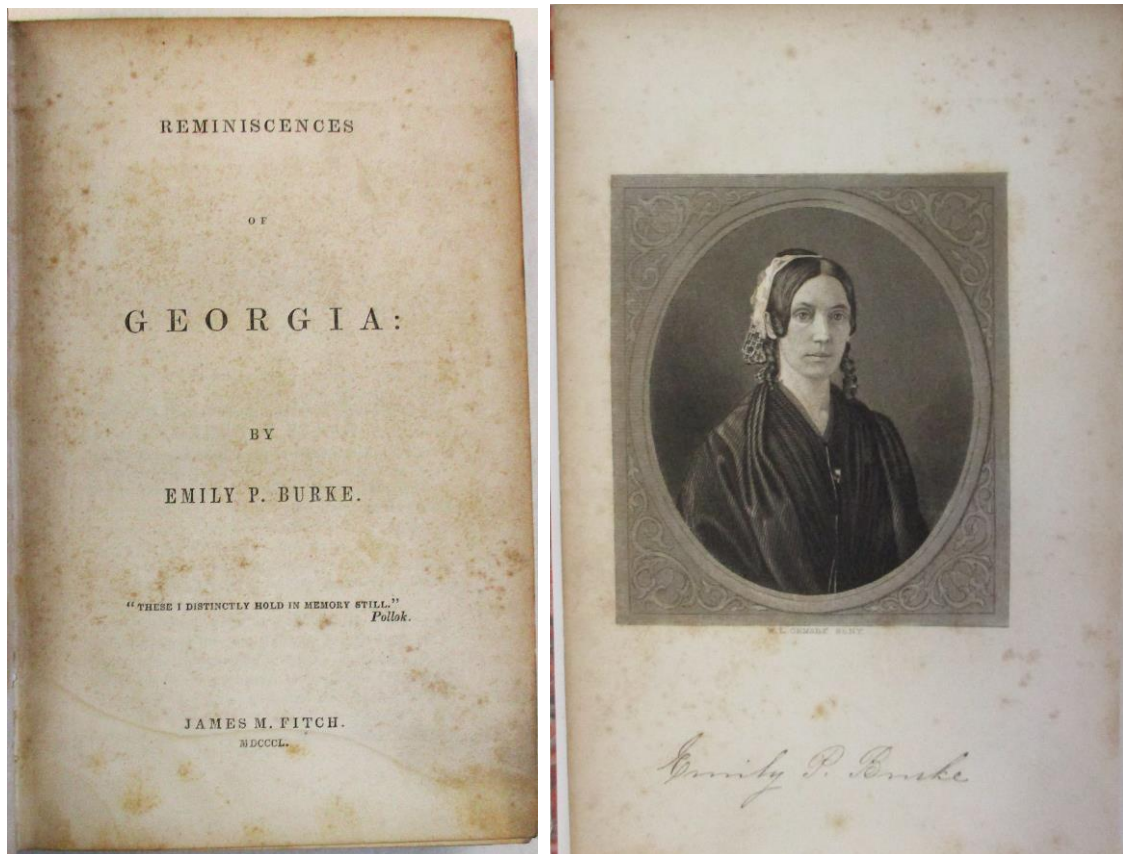
“Not Excelled as a Dispassionate Pre-War Description Of Southern Life and Customs”

11. **Burke, Emily P.:** REMINISCENCES OF GEORGIA. [Oberlin, Ohio]: James M. Fitch, 1850. Modern cloth [marbled paper over boards]. Port. frontis of the author, with her facsimile signature and original tissue guard. viii, 252 pp. Lightly foxed, Good+.

"A much sought work, and possibly not excelled as a dispassionate pre-war description of Southern life and customs. Among the scores of topics treated are pursuits of the people; a colored woman's head-dress; a southern planter's house; house furnishings; buildings connected with a southern plantation; negro dance; a southern cook; pastimes of slaves; training of children; schools; a southern kitchen; a barbeque; the sand-hillers; marriages; funerals; camp meeting; a quilting party, etc." [Eberstadt.]

Ms. Burke was a teacher at The Female Asylum for Orphans. Her book contains "some thirty letters which described in a simple forthright, though emotional and sentimental manner, many of the social and economic customs of the everyday lives of the people with whom she was associated... Except for her abhorrence of slavery, she expressed a genuine attachment for her many pleasant associations and experiences" [Clark]. Burke's careful descriptions are powerfully understated: "I have known ladies that would not dare to go to sleep without one or two pistols under their pillows."

FIRST EDITION. Howes B981aa. III Clark 281. II De Renne 530. 121 Eberstadt 130. Graff 485. Morgan 4042. Not in Work, Blockson, Dumond, LCP. \$650.00



Item No. 11

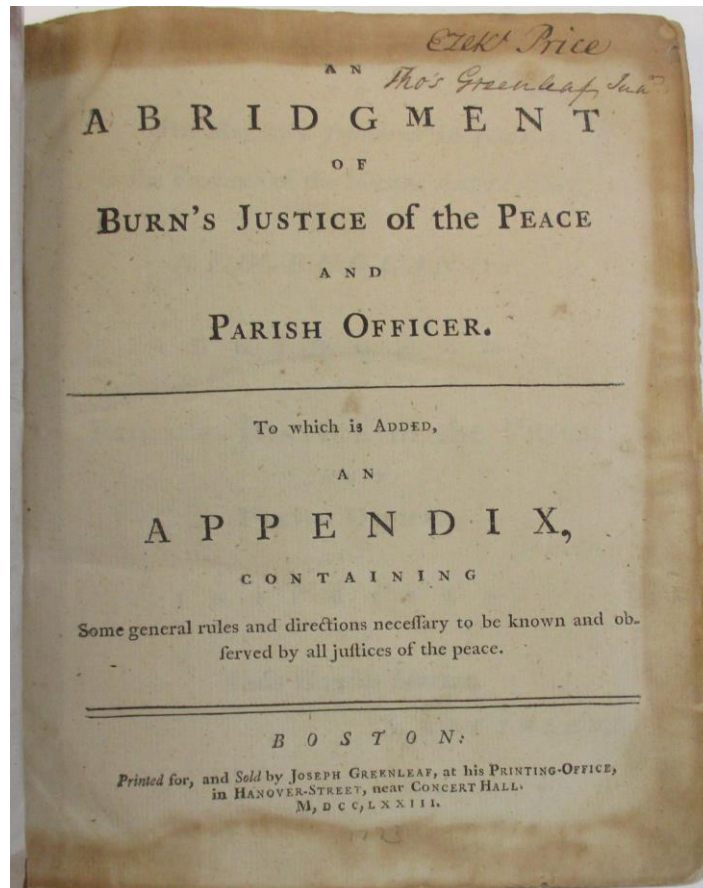
First Abridgement of a Legal Treatise Printed in America

12. [Burn, Richard; and Joseph Greenleaf]: AN ABRIDGMENT OF BURN'S JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND PARISH OFFICER. TO WHICH IS ADDED, AN APPENDIX, CONTAINING SOME GENERAL RULES AND DIRECTIONS NECESSARY TO BE KNOWN AND OBSERVED BY ALL JUSTICES OF THE PEACE. Boston: Printed for, and sold by Joseph Greenleaf, at his printing-office... 1773. Original tooled calf, raised spine

bands. Rebacked. [8], 386, [2- printer's advertisement] pp [as issued]. Contemporary inscription at upper margin of title page: "Ezckl Price | Tho's Greenleaf Junr." Very Good.

The first edition of the first abridgement of a legal treatise printed in America, and the only such abridgement published before Independence. Greenleaf explains his adaptation of the work to American conditions: "The London edition takes in the whole practice of England and Scotland, this renders it both bulky and dear. The circle of a justices business in those places is vastly extensive, and is founded chiefly on acts of the British parliament, which can never have any relation to this colony." The Appendix includes "general rules and directions" and forms for American courts.

FIRST EDITION. Evans 12702. Cohen 8325. I Harv. Law Cat. 277. Not in Sabin, Marvin, Marke, Eberstadt, Decker. ESTC W10093. \$1,000.00



Item No. 12

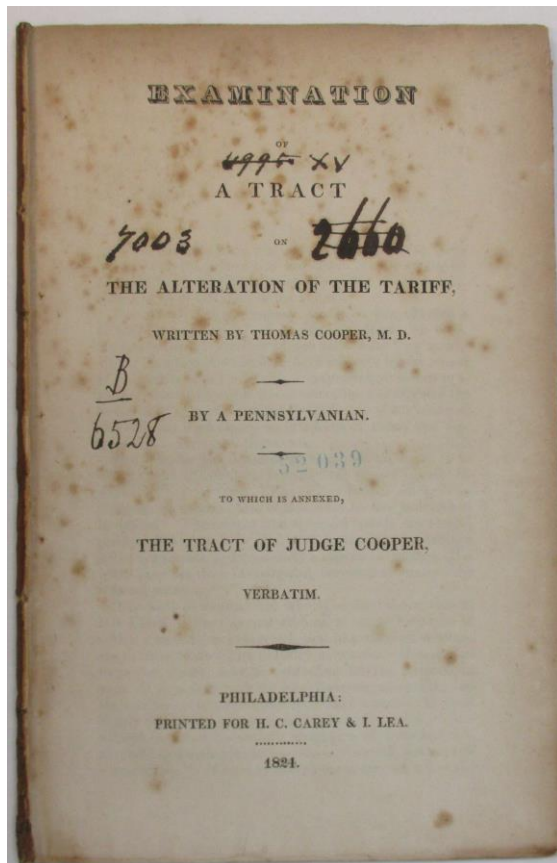
Tariffs vs. Free Trade

13. [Carey, Mathew; and Cooper, Thomas]: EXAMINATION OF A TRACT ON THE ALTERATION OF THE TARIFF, WRITTEN BY THOMAS COOPER, M.D. BY A PENNSYLVANIAN. TO WHICH IS ANNEXED, THE TRACT OF JUDGE COOPER, VERBATIM. Philadelphia: Printed for H.C. Carey & I. Lea, 1824. vii, [1], 36, 27, [1 blank] pp. Disbound. Separate title page and imprint for Cooper's Tract [Charleston: Printed. 1823. Philadelphia: Reprinted by Joseph R.A. Skerrett. 1824]. Each title page with a light rubberstamp number. First title page with some foxing, and several ink notations. Good+.

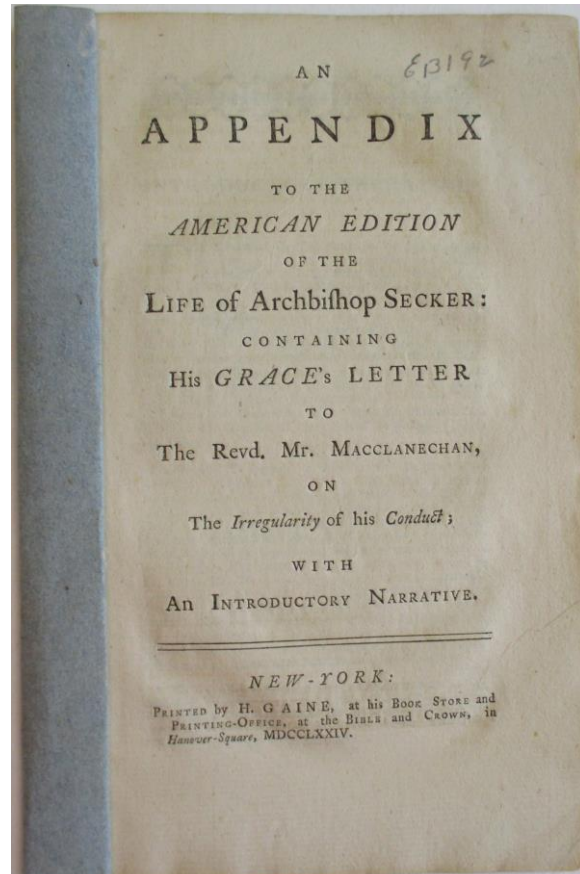
The protectionist Carey was the natural opponent of the free-trader Cooper. Their policy differences reflected the opposing constitutional views of the Strict Construction South and the industrial North, which sought protection for its infant industries; and the differences between Jeffersonian Democrats and Whigs [later the Republicans].

This is the first of three 1824 editions.

FIRST EDITION. Cohen 10466. Sabin 10868. AI 15657 [4]. OCLC1026904553 [1- Am. Philos. Soc.] as of June 2022. \$450.00



Item No. 13



Item No. 14

Defense of the Anglican Church in America

14. **Chandler, Thomas B[radbury]:** AN APPENDIX TO THE AMERICAN EDITION OF THE LIFE OF ARCHBISHOP SECKER: CONTAINING HIS GRACE'S LETTER TO THE REVD. MR. MACCLANECHAN, ON THE IRREGULARITY OF HIS CONDUCT; WITH AN INTRODUCTORY NARRATIVE. New York: H. Gaine, 1774. xx, 28 pp, as issued. Stitched in contemporary pale blue wrappers. Very Good plus.

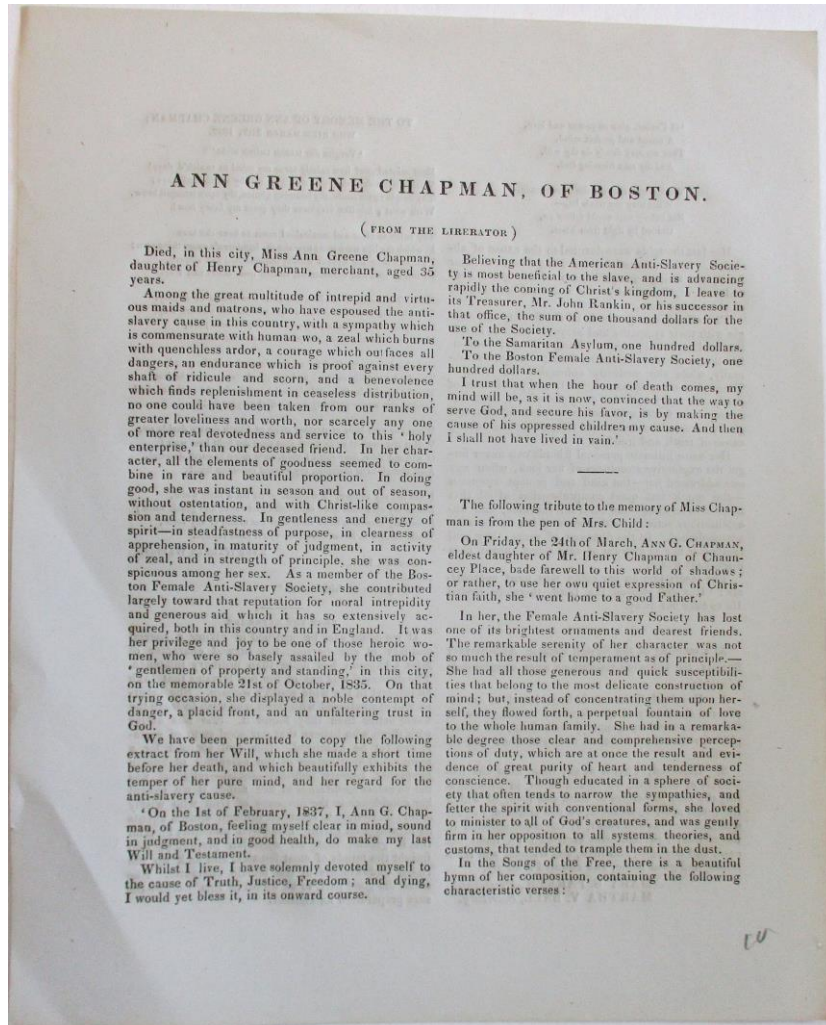
Chandler, American Anglican Clergyman, opposed the religious independence of Chauncy and Mayhew, who defended the validity of Presbyterian ordination. Archbishop Secker, like Chandler, desired an American episcopate, pledged to the Crown. Chandler asserts that Secker pursued this goal with "Prudence, Meekness and Strength of Argument", not in the insulting, invasive manner described by Macclanechan.

Beilby Porteus's recently published 'Life of Secker' had omitted Secker's 1760 Letter to Macclanechan. Chandler prints it here; the Letter demonstrates the vicious, slanderous nature

of Macclanechan's charges, proceeding from his own disappointed ambitions and unstable, violent nature. From his Anglican pulpit in Virginia Reverend Macclanechan frequently lashed out against the Anglican Church. Evidently, he finally left the Church of England and set up shop with the Quakers, who offered a Meeting-House to him.

FIRST EDITION. Evans 13191. Sabin 11877. Not in Haynes or Swem.

\$750.00



Item No. 15

**Memorial to an Abolitionist Woman
Whose "Courage Outfaces All Dangers"**

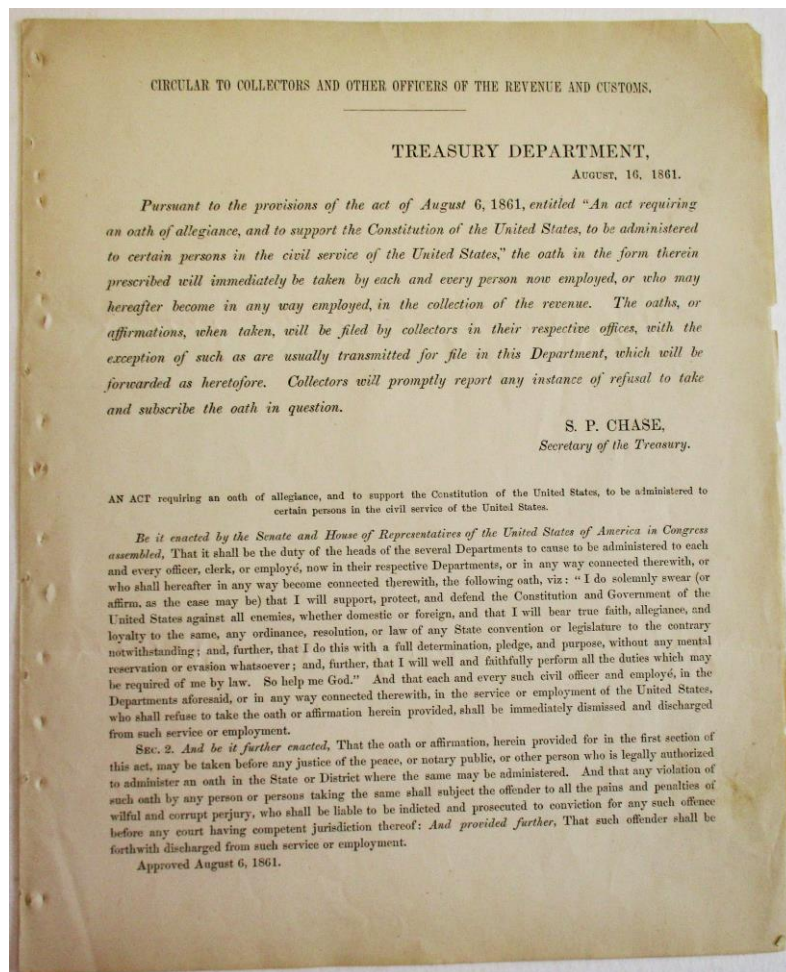
15. [Chapman, Ann Greene]: ANN GREENE CHAPMAN, OF BOSTON. (FROM THE LIBERATOR). Broadsheet, 7-3/4" x 9-7/8." Each page printed in two columns. Fine.

Chapman, who died at the age of 35, is a standout "among the great multitude of maids and matrons who have espoused the anti-slavery cause in this country, with a sympathy which is commensurate with human wo, a zeal which burns with quenchless ardor, a courage which outfaces all dangers..."

Chapman's Will leaves bequests to the American Anti-Slavery Society, the Samaritan Asylum, and the Boston Female Anti-Slavery Society. A Eulogy is printed from "Mrs. Child" [Lydia Maria Child], with a poem by Anne Warren Weston entitled, "To the Memory of Ann Greene Chapman"; and Resolutions of deep sympathy and praise from Mary Parker and

Martha Ball, President and Secretary, respectively, of the Boston Female Anti-Slavery Society.

Not in American Imprints. OCLC records about 20 locations as of July 2022. \$650.00



Item No. 16

Treasury Secretary Chase Requires an Oath of Allegiance to the United States

16. **Chase, Salmon P.:** CIRCULAR TO COLLECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS OF THE REVENUE AND CUSTOMS. TREASURY DEPARTMENT, AUGUST, 16, 1861. Washington, D.C.: 1861. Broadside, 8" x 10," with integral blank leaf. Binding holes in blank inner margin. Insignificant blank edge wear. Very Good plus.

Treasury Secretary Chase, later Lincoln's appointee as Chief Justice of the United States, instructs "each and every person now employed, or who may hereafter become in any way employed, in the collection of the revenue" to execute an oath of allegiance to the United States. The oath is to be in the form prescribed by the Act of Congress, approved by Lincoln on 6 August 1861 and printed in the lower half of the broadside.

Not located on OCLC or the online AAS site as of June 2022. \$600.00

"Cunning" Nature of Aaron Burr

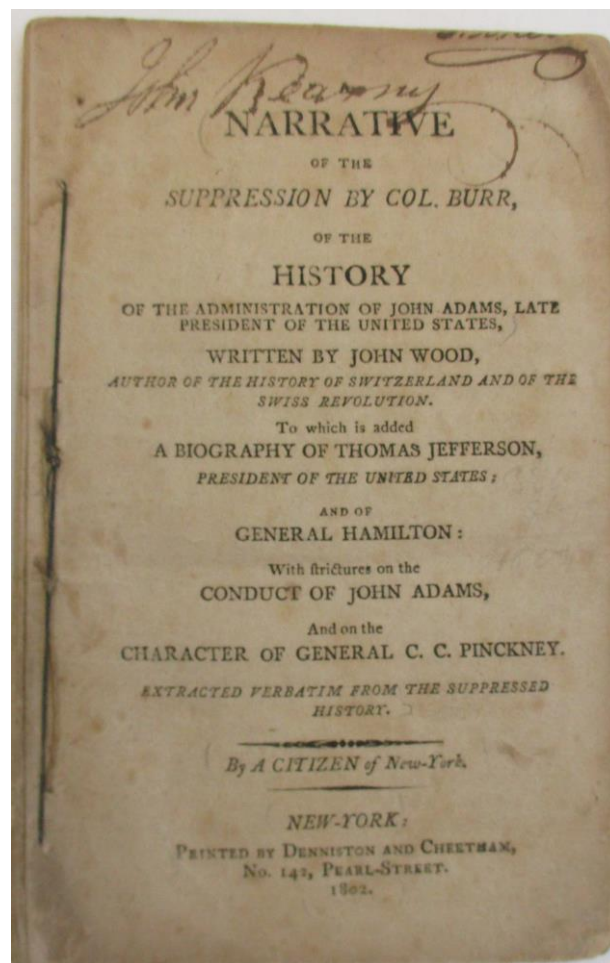
17. **[Cheetham, James]:** A NARRATIVE OF THE SUPPRESSION BY COL. BURR, OF THE HISTORY OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF JOHN ADAMS, LATE PRESIDENT OF

THE UNITED STATES, WRITTEN BY JOHN WOOD ... TO WHICH IS ADDED A BIOGRAPHY OF THOMAS JEFFERSON, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES; AND OF GENERAL HAMILTON: WITH STRICTURES ON THE CONDUCT OF JOHN ADAMS, AND ON THE CHARACTER OF GENERAL C.C. PINCKNEY. EXTRACTED VERBATIM FROM THE SUPPRESSED HISTORY. BY A CITIZEN OF NEW-YORK. New York: Denniston and Cheetham, 1802. 72pp, stitched, scattered light foxing. Good+.

Cheetham, notorious pamphleteer and journalist, edited the Democratic-Republicans' newspaper in New York, whose bitterly partisan politics involved Burr [then Jefferson's Vice President], Clinton, and Hamilton factions. Cheetham regularly attacked Burr, and does so here, saying that "there is about his actions a cunning, a sort of legerdemain, which, while it defies conclusive proof, eludes the most acute research."

This is the first of three 1802 printings.

FIRST EDITION. Howes C337. Tompkins 21. Gaines 02-23. McCoy C294. \$250.00

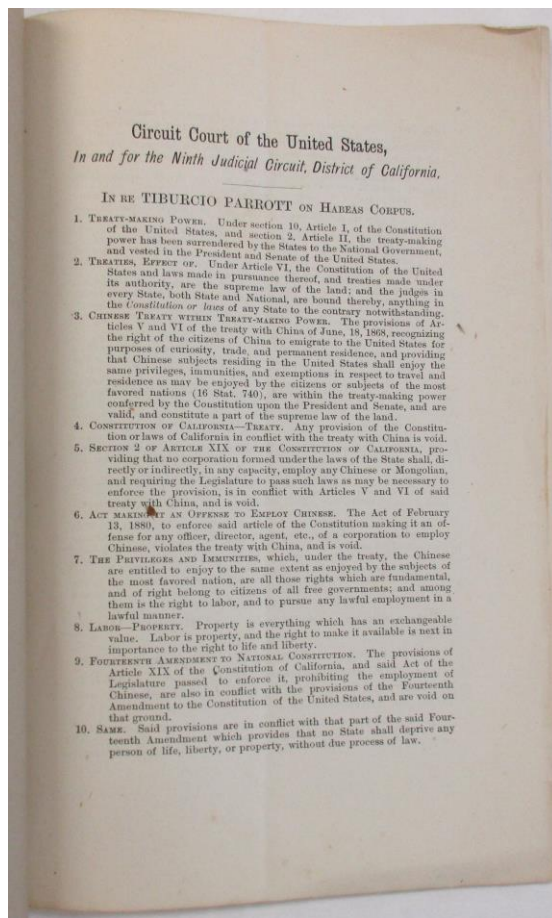
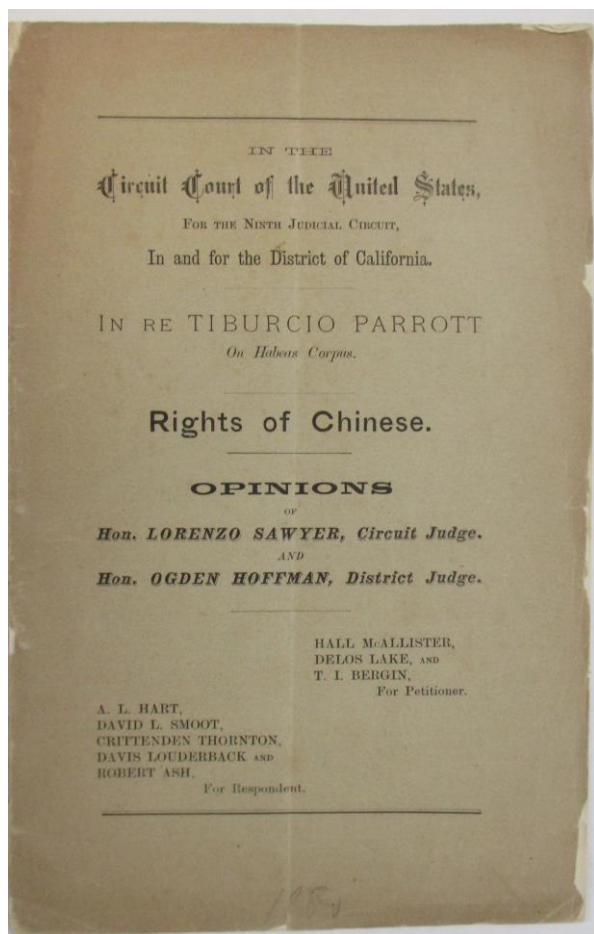


Item No. 17

Unconstitutional Discrimination Against "Chinese or Mongolians"

18. **[Chinese Discrimination Litigation]:** IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. IN RE TIBURCIO PARROTT ON HABEAS CORPUS. RIGHTS OF CHINESE. OPINIONS OF HON. LORENZO SAWYER, CIRCUIT JUDGE. AND HON. OGDEN HOFFMAN, DISTRICT JUDGE. [San Francisco:

1880]. Original printed wrappers with wrapper title, as issued. 40pp. Wrappers worn at spine and extremities, text clean. Very Good.



Item No. 18

Tiburcio Parrott was "President and Director of the Sulphur Bank Quicksilver Mining Company," a California corporation. The corporation relied on Chinese labor for its underground mining operations. Parrott deliberately subjected himself to arrest in order to protest a recent California Constitutional Amendment, which stated: "No corporation now existing, or hereafter formed under the laws of this State, shall ... employ, directly or indirectly, in any capacity, any Chinese or Mongolians." The legislature made it a crime to do so.

The legislation had a paralyzing effect on the quicksilver mines. The Circuit Court held that California's constitutional amendment was void. Not only did it conflict with a federal treaty with China. The decision's significance was its holding that California had violated the recently enacted Reconstruction Amendments to the Constitution and Congress's implementing statutes. California had violated the federal mandate that "all persons within the jurisdiction of the United States shall have the same right in every State and Territory ... to the full and equal benefit of all laws and proceedings for the security of persons and property as is enjoyed by white citizens." Although enacted primarily to place Negroes on an equal legal footing with white citizens, the laws were of universal application.

OCLC 1176031560 [1- UCSB], 80151890 [1- Stanford] as of July 2022. \$950.00

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL NEW CASH STORE AT OLIVE GREEN

Fresh Goods at Prices suited to the War Times



I have just purchased STARK & PERFECT'S stock of goods, and have added thereto a large lot of new goods, to be sold for CASH. I have on hand a general assortment of

DRY GOODS GROCERIES,

Hardware, Glassware, Clothing, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Stationery, Wooden and Queensware,

And all other Articles generally kept in a well furnished store.

Country Produce of all kinds taken in payment for Merchandise. Come one! Come all! and see for yourselves my goods and prices. Buying and selling for cash alone, I am enabled to give customers as good bargains as they can find anywhere else in the country.

J. N. STARK.

OLIVE GREEN, Delaware County, W.

Times Print, Cincinnati.

Item No. 19

A Brilliant Ohio Trade Broadside

19. [Cincinnati] Stark, J.N.: GOOD NEWS FOR ALL. NEW CASH STORE AT OLIVE GREEN. FRESH GOODS AT PRICES SUITED TO THE WAR TIMES. I HAVE JUST PURCHASED STARK & PERFECT'S STOCK OF GOODS AND HAVE ADDED THERETO A LARGE LOT OF NEW GOODS, TO BE SOLD FOR CASH. I HAVE ON HAND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS GROCERIES, HARDWARE, GLASSWARE, CLOTHING, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, STATIONERY, WOODEN AND QUEENSWARE, AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES GENERALLY KEPT IN A WELL FURNISHED STORE. COUNTRY PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS TAKEN IN PAYMENT FOR MERCHANDISE. COME ONE! COME ALL! AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES MY GOODS AND PRICES. BUYING AND SELLING FOR CASH ALONE, I AM ENABLED TO GIVE CUSTOMERS AS GOOD BARGAINS AS THEY CAN FIND ANYWHERE ELSE IN THE COUNTRY. OLIVE GREEN, DELAWARE

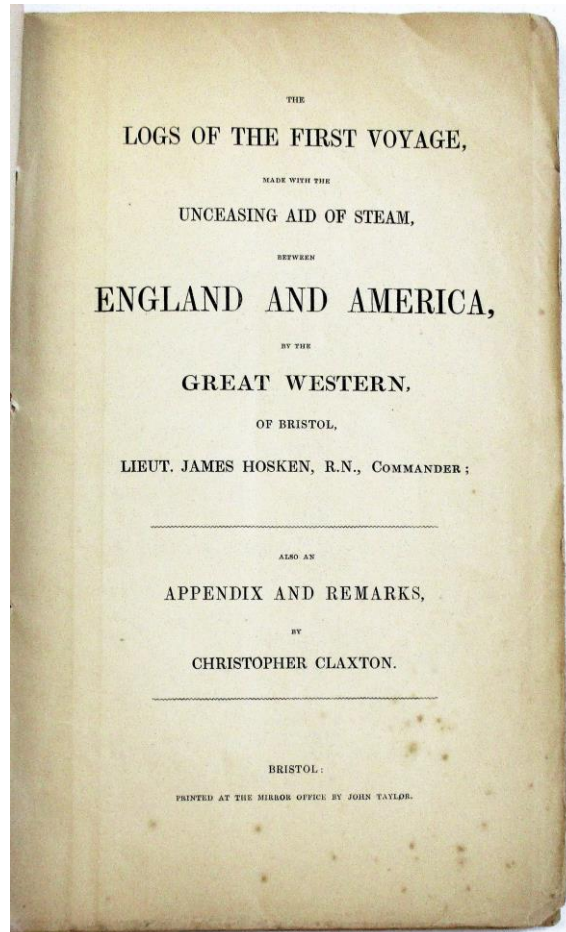
COUNTY, O. J.N. STARK. Cincinnati: Times Print, [1861-1865]. Folio broadside, 18-3/4" x 25-1/4", illustrated. Text above and below a large woodcut of a train laden with new goods to Olive Green, with top hatted onlookers, women, a dog. The front of the locomotive with sign, 'Olive Green Still Ahead.' The woodcut has the imprint 'Frazer & Denis, Cin.' An exceptionally attractive and appealing advertising broadside. Small spot at the blank upper margin corner. Fine.

One spectator exclaims, "It is astonishing at what low prices he is now enabled to sell Goods." Another says, "Well, this arrival beats them all; I'll give him a call." The side of a railroad car with sign, "Liquors, Groceries, Farming Utensils, &c., &c. just arrived."

The Frazer & Denis firm specialized in "Designing and engraving on wood... Our establishment is the largest in the west, and our facilities such that we are enabled to execute work on the shortest notice, in the first style of art" [Cincinnati Business Mirror for 1851-2, page 70 (Cincinnati: 1851)].

OCLC 1190657716 [1- Clements] as of June 2022.

\$1,250.00



Item No. 20

Transatlantic Travel by Steam!

20. **Claxton, Christopher:** THE LOGS OF THE FIRST VOYAGE, MADE WITH THE UNCEASING AID OF STEAM, BETWEEN ENGLAND AND AMERICA, BY THE GREAT WESTERN OF BRISTOL, LIEUT. JAMES HOSKEN, R.N., COMMANDER: ALSO AN APPENDIX AND REMARKS. Bristol: Printed at the Mirror Office by John Taylor, [1838]. Original printed wrappers, stitched. Spine shorn, wrappers loosening. Except

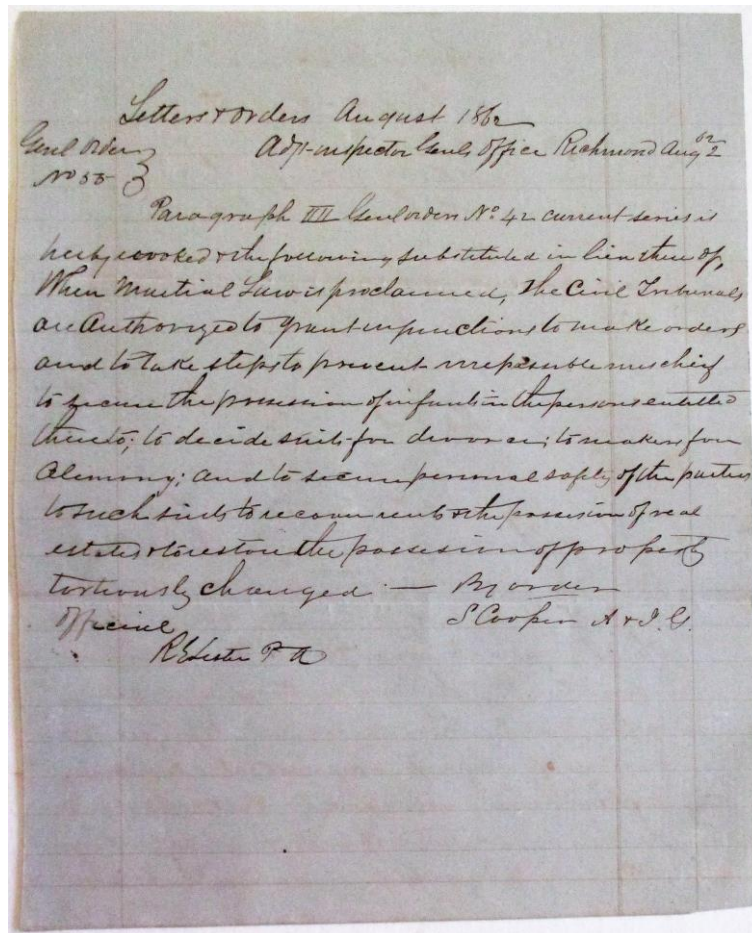
Harry of the West!

22. [Clay, Henry]: THE ASHLAND TEXT BOOK, BEING A COMPENDIUM OF MR. CLAY'S SPEECHES, ON VARIOUS PUBLIC MEASURES, ETC. ETC. FOURTH EDITION. Boston, New York, Philadelphia...: 1844. 72pp. Original salmon printed wrappers [several extremity chips], with portrait of Henry Clay at center and four small vignettes at the corners. Imprint beneath front wrap portrait: "Baltimore. N. Hickman. 1844. Horton. Balt." Stitched, "Withdrawn" rubberstamp. Except as noted, Very Good.

Various Whig songs, illustrations, and anecdotes are included, along with occasional biographical information about the celebrated Senator and 1844 Whig presidential candidate. A number of "editions" were printed in this 1844 election year.

AI 44-1449. Not in Miles or Miles Songs.

\$375.00



Item No. 23

General Cooper Establishes Rules for Confederate Martial Law

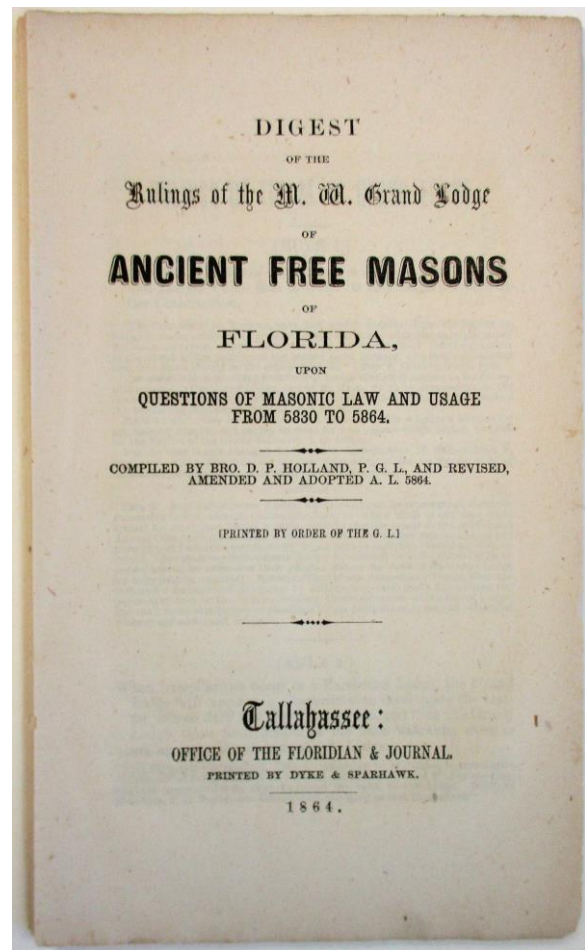
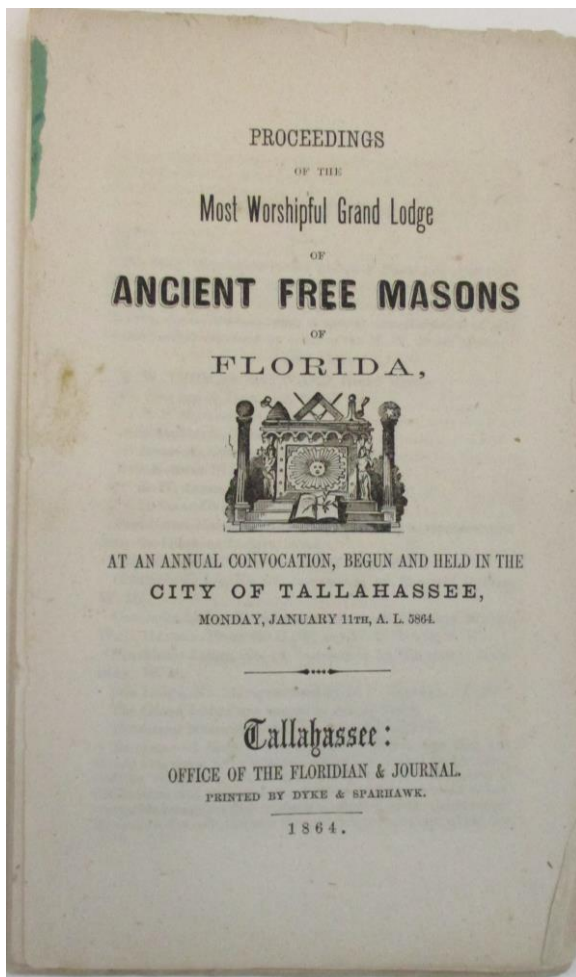
23. [Confederate] Cooper, Samuel: GENERAL SAMUEL COOPER'S GENERAL ORDERS, NO. 55, 2 AUGUST 1862 AT RICHMOND, CONCERNING MARTIAL LAW, CIVIL ORDER, AND SLAVES:

"... WHEN MARTIAL LAW IS PROCLAIMED, THE CIVIL TRIBUNALS ARE AUTHORIZED TO GRANT INJUNCTIONS, TO MAKE ORDERS, AND TO TAKE SUCH STEPS AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO PREVENT IRREPARABLE MISCHIEF; TO SECURE THE POSSESSION OF INFANTS IN THE PERSONS ENTITLED

THERETO; TO DECIDE SUITS FOR DIVORCE; TO MAKE ORDERS FOR ALIMONY, AND TO SECURE THE PERSONAL SAFETY OF THE PARTIES TO SUCH SUITS; TO RECOVER RENTS AND THE POSSESSION OF REAL ESTATE AND SLAVES, AND TO RESTORE THE POSSESSION OF PROPERTY TORTIOUSLY CHANGED."

Richmond: 1862. Single leaf, 6-1/4" x 7-3/4", entirely in ink manuscript and signed "S. Cooper" as Adjutant General. The verso is an incomplete portion of General Order No. 43, dated August 13, 1862, at Charleston. Very Good.

General Samuel Cooper, veteran of the Mexican-American War, was the highest ranking general officer in the Confederate States Army, serving as Adjutant General and Inspector General. \$450.00



Item No. 24

Florida Confederate Masons

24. [Confederate Imprint] Florida: PROCEEDINGS OF THE MOST WORSHIPFUL GRAND LODGE OF ANCIENT FREE MASONS OF FLORIDA, AT AN ANNUAL CONVOCATION, BEGUN AND HELD IN THE CITY OF TALLAHASSEE, MONDAY, JANUARY 11TH, A.L. 5864.

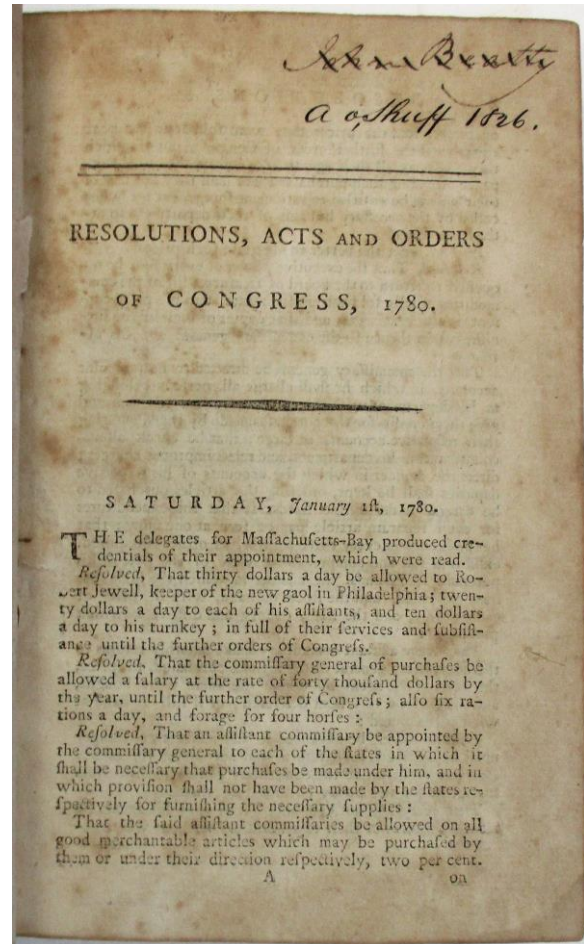
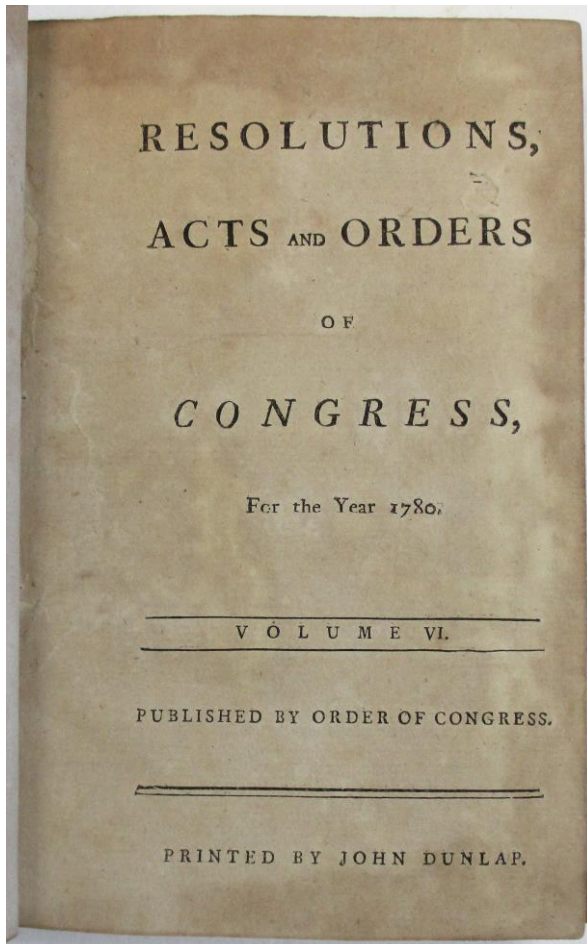
[with] DIGEST OF THE RULINGS OF THE M.W. GRAND LODGE OF ANCIENT FREE MASONS OF FLORIDA, UPON QUESTIONS OF MASONIC LAW AND USAGE FROM 5830 TO 5864. COMPILED BY BRO. D.P. HOLLAND, P.G.L., AND REVISED, AMENDED AND ADLOPTED A.L. 5864. Tallahassee: Office of the Floridian & Journal.

Printed by Dyke. 1864. 26, 18, 66, x pp, as issued. Loose leaves without wrappers, unbound. Clean text. Good+.

The two items have separate title pages, identical imprints, and separate pagination. Parrish & Willingham record the two items together, as well as a separate entry for the Digest.

Parrish & Willingham 8598, 8596.

\$150.00



Item No. 25

General Charles Lee is Dismissed After the Disastrous Battle of Monmouth

25. **Continental Congress: RESOLUTIONS, ACTS AND ORDERS OF CONGRESS, FOR THE YEAR 1780. VOLUME VI. PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF CONGRESS.**

[Philadelphia]: Printed by John Dunlap, [1786]. 257, [1 blank] pp. In later calf, with gilt-lettered morocco spine title. Light toning and foxing, small hole in blank portion of title leaf, short closed tear to blank portion of title leaf [expertly repaired], lacking the Index at the end, else Very Good.

"An abridgement of the Journals of Congress for 1780, printed under a resolution of Congress of September 13, 1786." Evans. The Journals were printed, by order of Congress, in thirteen volumes during the years 1777-1788. This is Volume VI, which records Congress's resolution "that General Charles Lee be informed, that Congress have no further occasion for his services in the army of the United States"; and considered a variety of other important

matters relating to the Revolution, including the trial of Andre, the Treaty with France [which is printed in full], privateers, prisoners of War, State quotas for troops and supplies, taxation, and much else.

Evans 20079. ESTC W29056.

\$1,250.00

230

Head Quarters 5th Brigade
Department of the Gulf
Camp Williams Augt. 29, 1862

Circular

In future no contrabands will be detailed for service in any Regiment or Corps except upon an order countersigned by the Gen. Com. Brigade.

Contrabands will be detailed for service during one day only, unless specified to the contrary in the order.

No detail will be allowed to leave the Negro Camp except in charge of a non Commissioned officer from the Regiments or Corps requiring their services, who will be responsible for their return in the evening - also for the return of any and all tools and implements.

Orders for Contrabands will specify the number and kind of tools and implements required with the detail, which the non-Commissioned officer in charge will receive of one of the Sergeants in charge of the Negro Camp, and return with the detail upon the expiration of the term of contract.

All Regiment or Corps having tools

Item No. 26

Contraband Regulations Early in the War

26. [Contrabands]: MANUSCRIPT CIRCULAR, "HEAD QUARTERS 5TH BRIGADE | DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF | CAMP WILLIAMS AUGT 29, 1862. | CIRCULAR | IN FUTURE NO CONTRABANDS WILL BE DETAILED FOR SERVICE IN ANY REGIMENT OR CORPS EXCEPT UPON AN ORDER COUNTERSIGNED BY THE GEN. COM. BRIGADE.

"CONTRABANDS WILL BE DETAILED FOR SERVICE DURING ONE DAY ONLY, UNLESS SPECIFIED TO THE CONTRARY IN THE ORDER.

"NO DETAIL WILL BE ALLOWED TO LEAVE THE NEGRO CAMP EXCEPT IN CHARGE OF A NON COMMISSIONED OFFICER FROM THE REGIMENTS OR CORPS REQUIRING THEIR SERVICES, WHO WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR

RETURN IN THE EVENING, ALSO FOR THE RETURN OF ANY AND ALL TOOLS AND IMPLEMENTS.

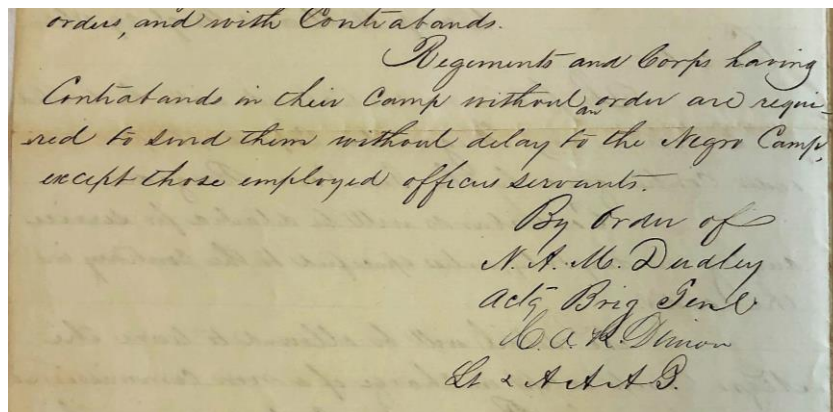
"ORDERS FOR CONTRABANDS WILL SPECIFY THE NUMBER AND KIND OF TOOLS AND IMPLEMENTS REQUIRED WITH THE DETAIL, WHICH THE NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER IN CHARGE WILL RECEIVE OF ONE OF THE SERGEANTS IN CHARGE OF THE NEGRO CAMP, AND RETURN WITH THE DETAIL UPON THE EXPIRATION OF THE TERM OF CONTRABAND.

"ALL REGIMENT OR CORPS HAVING TOOLS OR IMPLEMENTS USED BY CONTRABANDS ARE REQUIRED TO TURN THEM OVER WITHOUT DELAY TO ONE OF THE OFFICERS AT THE NEGRO CAMP, TO BE ISSUED IN FUTURE UPON ORDERS, AND WITH CONTRABANDS.

"REGIMENTS AND CORPS HAVING CONTRABANDS IN THEIR CAMP WITHOUT AN ORDER ARE REQUIRED TO SEND THEM WITHOUT DELAY TO THE NEGRO CAMP, EXCEPT THOSE EMPLOYED OFFICER SERVANTS.

"BY ORDER OF N.A.M. DUDLEY ACTG BRIG GENL | C.A.R. DIMON LT. & A.A.A.G." Camp Williams Near New Orleans: 1862. Folded folio leaf, written in elegant ink manuscript on recto and verso of first leaf, docketed on final blank ["Capt. Mannings | Mannings Battery," and "copied" written in a different hand]. Old folds, Near Fine.

\$2,500.00



Item No. 26

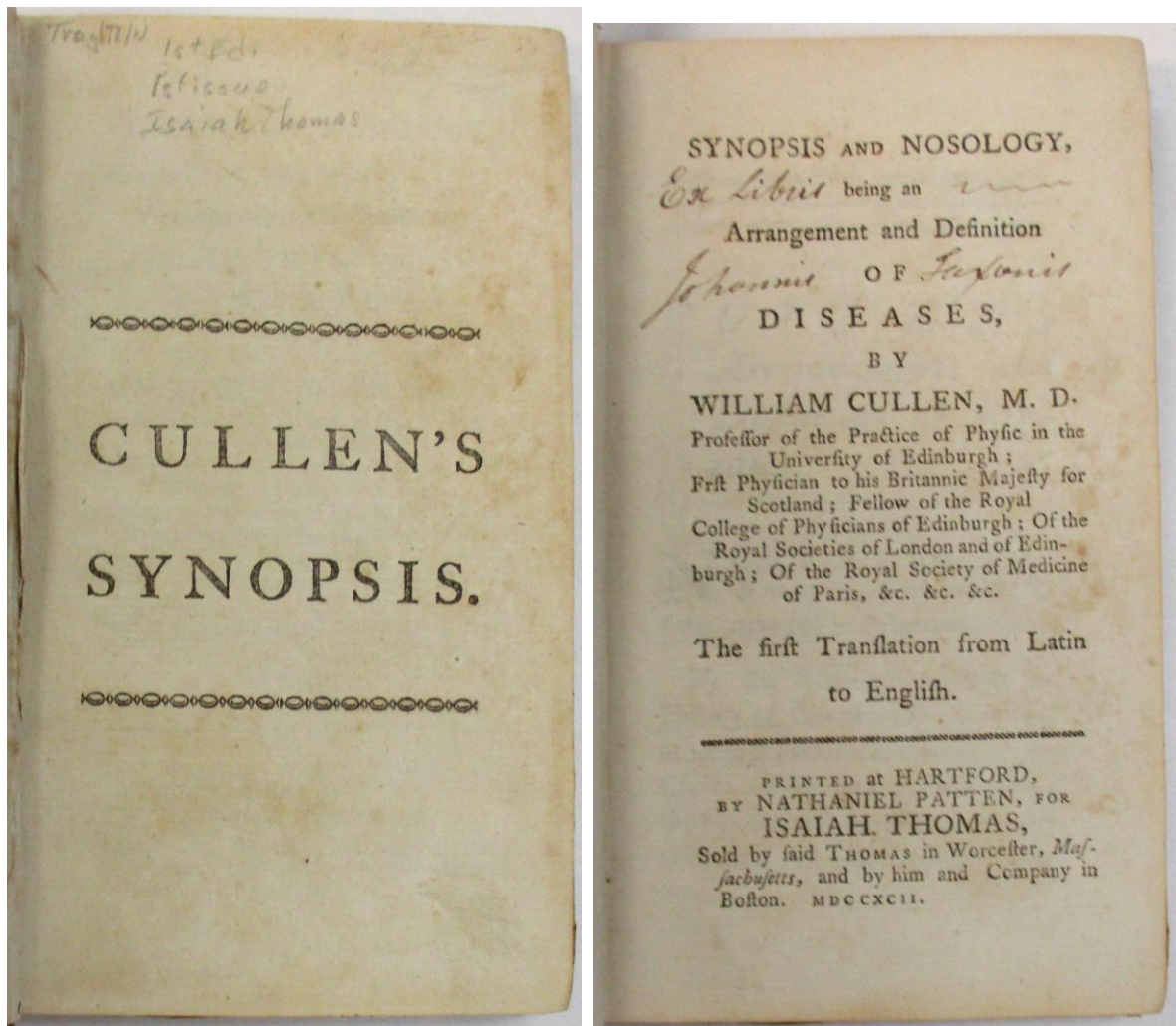
State 1 of the First Edition

27. **Cullen, William:** SYNOPSIS AND NOSOLOGY, BEING AN ARRANGEMENT AND DEFINITION OF DISEASES, BY WILLIAM CULLEN, M.D. PROFESSOR OF THE PRACTICE OF PHYSIC IN THE UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH...THE FIRST TRANSLATION FROM LATIN TO ENGLISH. Hartford: Nathaniel Patten, for Isaiah Thomas, Sold by said Thomas in Worcester, Massachusetts, and by him and Company in Boston., 1792. xxxix, [1 blank], 80 pp, as issued, with the half title. Pastedowns worn, free endpapers absent, small spine chip. A clean text with occasional mild foxing Very Good.

The first edition, followed by a 1793 Springfield edition. Our copy is State 1 of the first edition: "the imprint is 6 lines long, with last line beginning 'Boston'." [ESTC]. The book is the first translation of Cullen's Synopsis Nosologiae Methodicae, published in Edinburgh in 1769.

Evans 24237. Austin 581. Trumbull 526. ESTC W22405.

\$650.00



Item No. 27

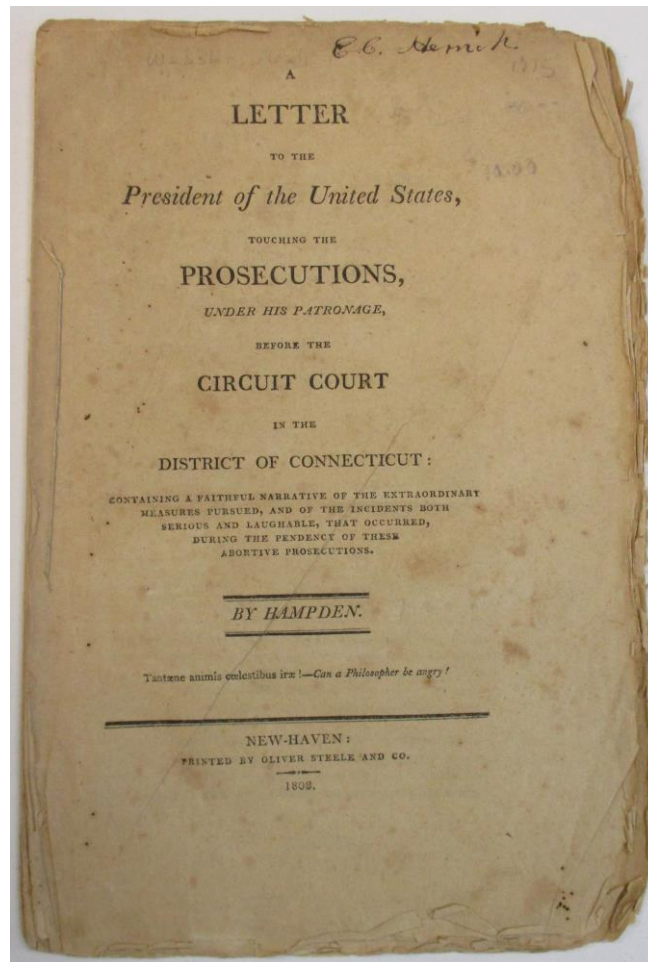
Jefferson Prosecutes Opponents for Seditious Libel!

28. **[Daggett, David? Noah Webster?]:** A LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, TOUCHING THE PROSECUTIONS, UNDER HIS PATRONAGE, BEFORE THE CIRCUIT COURT IN THE DISTRICT OF CONNECTICUT: CONTAINING A FAITHFUL NARRATIVE OF THE EXTRAORDINARY MEASURES PURSUED, AND OF THE INCIDENTS BOTH SERIOUS AND LAUGHABLE, THAT OCCURRED DURING THE PENDENCY OF THESE ABORTIVE PROSECUTIONS. BY HAMPDEN. New Haven: Oliver Steele, 1808. 28pp, stitched. Untrimmed, light toning and minor foxing. Else Very Good. Ownership signature of E.C. Herrick, probably Yale College's first full-time librarian [1843-1858].

Despite having opposed the Alien and Sedition Act, Jefferson as President encouraged prosecutions of his Federalist opponents for common law seditious libel. Among Jefferson's targets in Federalist-dominated Connecticut were the eminent legal scholar Tapping Reeve, Judge of the Connecticut Superior Court; the Hartford printing firm of Hudson & Goodwin; and Litchfield printer Thomas Collier. This pamphlet "describes the libel proceedings taken against eleven Connecticut magistrates, clergymen, and printers who were critical in speech or publication of the Jefferson administration" [McCoy].

The common law of seditious libel did not allow the truth of a defendant's allegations as a defense. But the Circuit Court in these Connecticut cases held that defendants would have an opportunity to prove their charges. This pamphlet caustically observes, "After it became known at Washington that the truth would be received in evidence on these prosecutions, Mr. Jefferson gave unequivocal assurances, that the several actions should never come to trial; and accordingly, so soon as decorum permitted, they, one after another, made an easy exit." The pamphlet tells the story of the prosecutions and the abuses of power committed by Jefferson and his Connecticut allies.

Gaines suggests that Daggett, who represented the defendants, or Noah Webster wrote this pamphlet; although, as to Webster, he concedes that Skeel makes no such attribution. FIRST EDITION. McCoy H62. Gaines 08-32. Cohen 3476. AI 15422 [2]. Not in Haynes, Harv. Law Cat., Marke, Marvin. \$850.00



Item No. 28

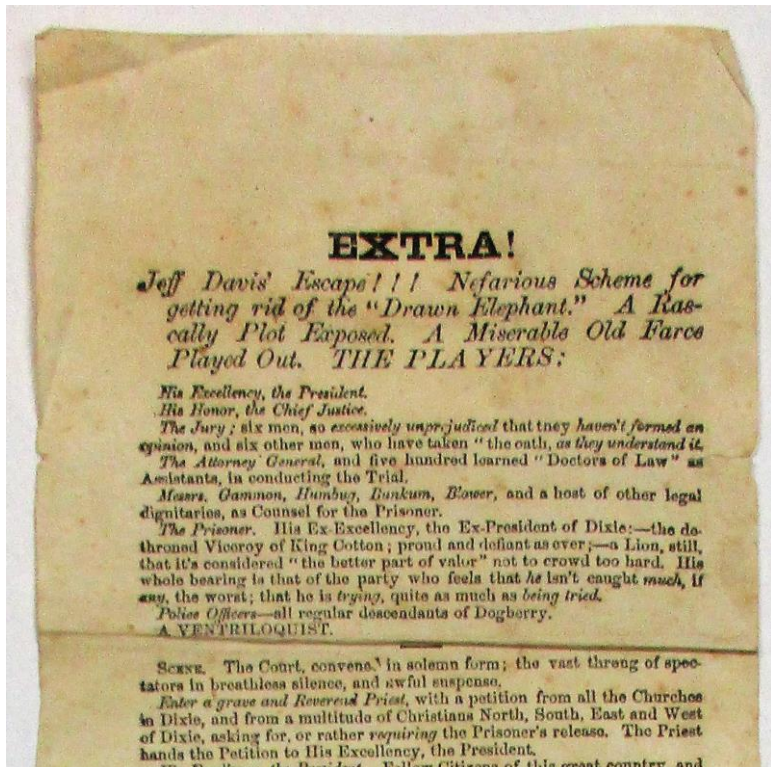
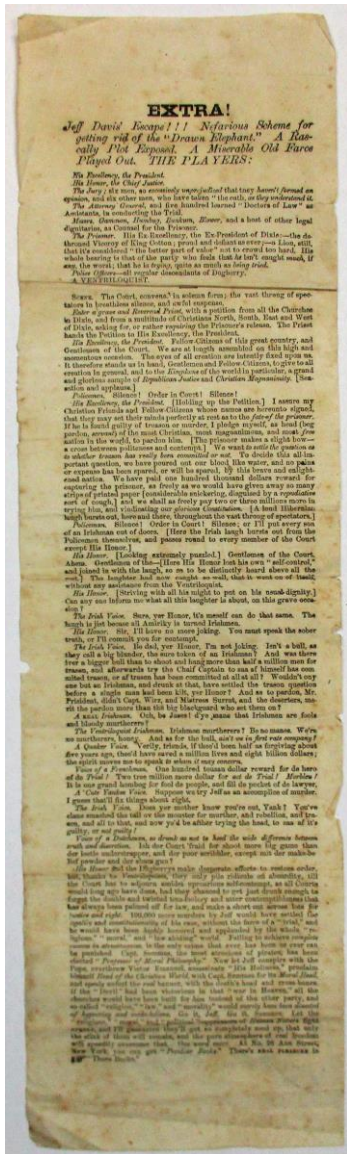
“Burlesque Trial of Jefferson Davis”

29. **[Davis, Jefferson]:** EXTRA! JEFF DAVIS' ESCAPE!!! NEFARIOUS SCHEME FOR GETTING RID OF THE "DRAWN ELEPHANT." A RASCALLY PLOT EXPOSED. A MISERABLE OLD FARCE PLAYED OUT. THE PLAYERS: ... [New York: Calvin Blanchard. 26 Ann Street. 1865?]. Broadside, 4-1/2" x 16". A couple of horizontal folds, light spotting, and a little shallow chipping at blank edges. Very Good.

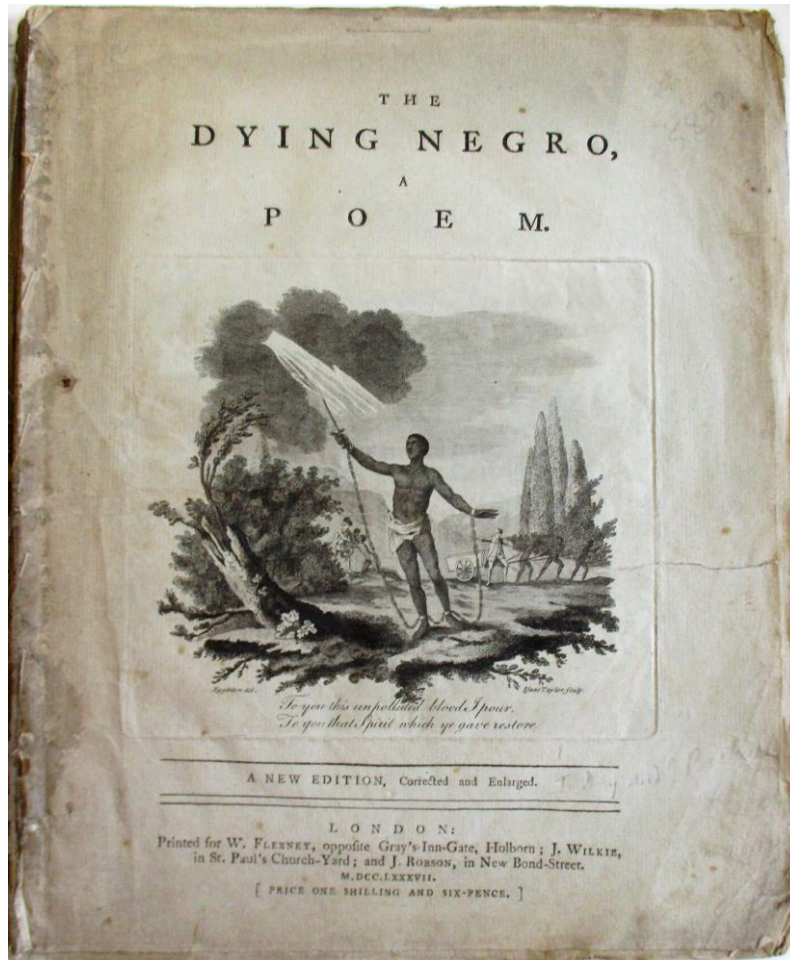
This rare, satiric broadside-- a bitter rejection of leniency for the Confederacy's president-- is a "burlesque trial of Jefferson Davis written in the form of a play" [NYHS entry]. It ends, "At No. 26 Ann Street, New York, you can get 'Peculiar Books.' There's real pleasure in 'those books'." That address was the site of Calvin Blanchard's printing shop. Hence we, as well as the New York Historical Society, infer that Blanchard is responsible for this imprint.

Davis, "the dethroned Viceroy of King Cotton," is brought to the Bar "proud and defiant as ever," armed with a "petition from all the Churches in Dixie, and from a multitude of Christians North, South, East and West of Dixie, asking for, or rather *requiring* the Prisoner's release." The President pledges to pardon Davis "if he is found guilty of treason or murder." A voice asks, "And as to pardon, Mr. President, didn't Capt. Wirz, and Mistress Surratt, and the deserters, merit the pardon more than the big blackguard who set them on?" With participation by "Irishmen," a drunk "Dutchman," and others, the Court adjourns "amidst uproarious self-contempt."

OCLC 60852689 [1- NYHS] as of July 2022. Bangs Auction, Feb. 6, 1877, Lot 411. Not at online sites of NYPL, AAS, Newberry, Library of Congress, Harvard, Yale, U TX, Brown, U IL. \$2,000.00



Item No. 29



Item No. 30

Noble African vs. Degenerate European

30. [Day, Thomas; and John Bicknell]: THE DYING NEGRO, A POEM. NEW EDITION, CORRECTED AND ENLARGED. London: Printed for W. Flexney ... 1787. Quarto. [2], x, 24 pp, in contemporary drab plain wrappers. Engraved title vignette of a slave in chains. Stitched. Title page dusted; with an expertly repaired margin tear [no text affected]. A few spots. Else Very Good.

A slave, who had planned to marry his former fellow servant (a white woman), was sold to the captain of a vessel bound for the West Indies. He escaped and, after having himself baptized to prepare for the marriage, was captured and returned to the ship. Rather than be parted from his love, he killed himself. These events are said to have occurred in 1773.

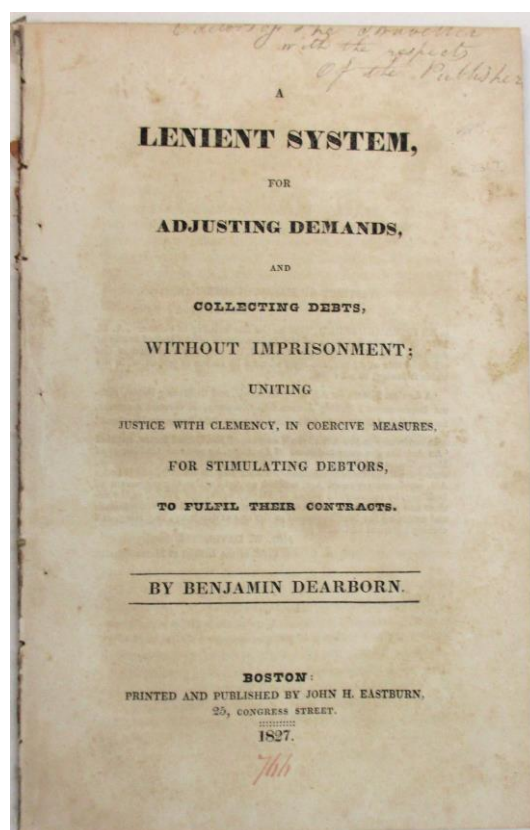
ESTC records the first printing, also by Flexney, in 1775; that printing calls itself the "third printing, corrected and enlarged." Ours, the scarcest of the recorded editions, has the same collation as the 1775 and is the poem's second printing. Evidently Bicknell started this work, and his friend Day helped to finish it. Lonsdale calls it "one of the first and most successful poems on what would become a familiar theme before the end of the century." Appropriately dedicated to Rousseau, it describes "innocent, noble, and manly Africans trapped and enslaved by arrogant avaricious, degenerate, if supposedly 'civilized' Europeans" [Wellek, *Essays in Memory of James Marshall Osborne* 297-300].

ESTC T2409 [10 locations, four in England, six in U.S.]. Work 309. Sabin 18987 and LCP 2983 (1793 ed. only). \$1,000.00

Abolish Imprisonment for Debt!

31. **Dearborn, Benjamin:** A LENIENT SYSTEM FOR ADJUSTING DEMANDS, AND COLLECTING DEBTS, WITHOUT IMPRISONMENT; UNITING JUSTICE WITH CLEMENCY, IN COERCIVE MEASURES. FOR STIMULATING DEBTORS, TO FULFIL THEIR CONTRACTS. Boston: Printed and Published by John H. Eastburn, 1827. 64pp. Disbound and lightly worn. Good+. Inscription [slightly trimmed] at upper margin: "Editors of The Traveller with the respects of the Publisher."

Dearborn urges abolition of imprisonment for debt, stronger protections for creditors against fraud and deception, and a rational procedure for preventing abuses by both. Dearborn was an inventor, a publisher, and possessor of an active, inquiring mind. Cohen 2851. AI 28673 [6]. OCLC 559739953 [2- British Lib.] as of July 2022. \$375.00



Item No. 31

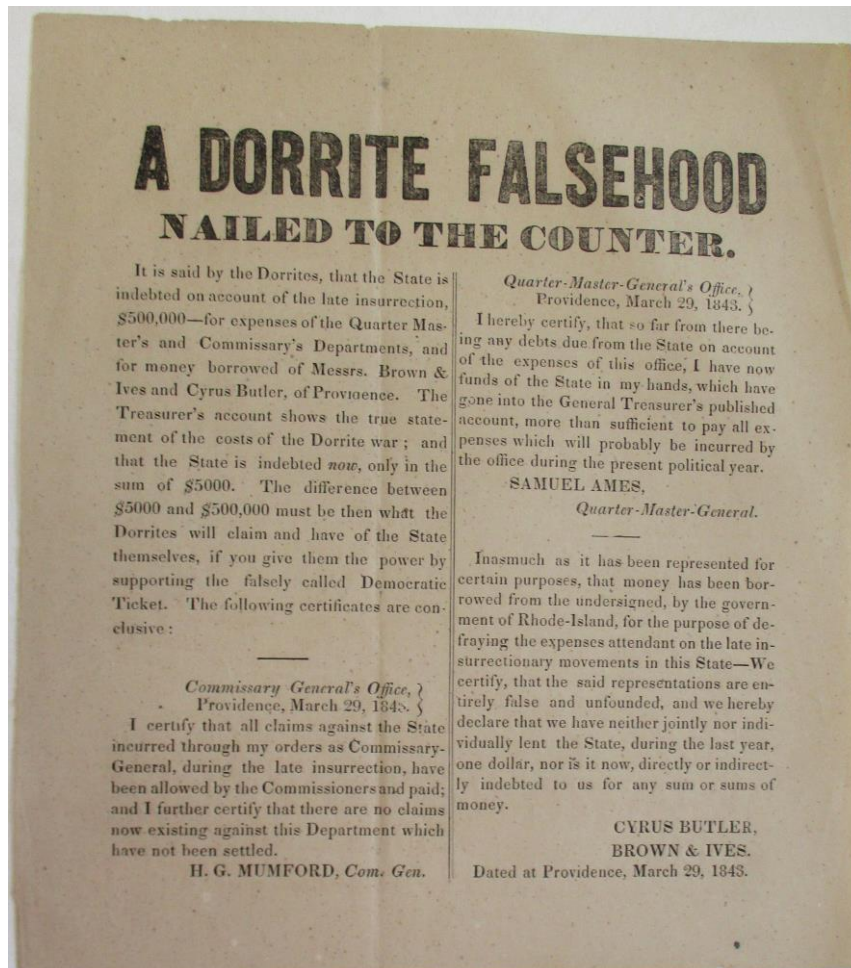
Those Lying Dorrites!

32. **[Dorr Rebellion]:** A DORRITE FALSEHOOD NAILED TO THE COUNTER. [Providence: 1843]. Broadside, 8-1/4" x 9-1/4." Two columns of text printed beneath boldly printed title. Mild uniform toning, Very Good plus. Signed in type at the end by Cyrus Butler of Brown & Ives. "Dated at Providence, March 29, 1843."

A contemptuous refutation of the claim of "the Dorrites, that the State is indebted on account of the late insurrection, \$500,000-- for expenses of the Quarter Master's and Commissary's Departments, and for money borrowed of Messrs. Brown & Ives and Cyrus Butler, of Providence."

In fact, however, "the true statement of the costs of the Dorrite war" is only "the sum of \$5000." The difference between \$5,000 and \$500,000 is "what the Dorrites will claim and have of the State themselves, if you give them the power by supporting the falsely called Democratic Ticket." Supporting data from the Commissary General and Quarter-Master General demolish the false claims.

DeSimone & Schofield 1. OCLC records six locations under three accession numbers as of July 2022. \$350.00



Item No. 32

33. **[Dorr Rebellion]: LIBERTY STOCK. ISSUED BY THE AUTHORITY AND UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF RHODE-ISLAND, PURSUANT TO RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED AT PROVIDENCE, SEPTEMBER 26, 1844. THIS SCRIP ENTITLES THE BEARER TO PAY TEN CENTS TO CANCEL A FINE IMPOSED BY THE SUPREME COURT OF SAID STATE OF MARTIN LUTHER ... WHO WAS SENTENCED TO PAY A FINE OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS ... FOR SERVING AS MODERATOR AT A TOWN MEETING UNDER THE PEOPLE'S CONSTITUTION APRIL 18, 1842; ALSO TO ENABLE SAID MARTIN LUTHER TO PROSECUTE HIS SUIT AT LAW, NOW PENDING BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, IN WHICH IS INVOLVED THE GREAT NATIONAL QUESTION WHETHER SAID CONSTITUTION ... WAS OR WAS NOT RIGHTFULLY ADOPTED. [SIGNED IN TYPE] WALTER R. DANFORTH, CHAIRMAN**

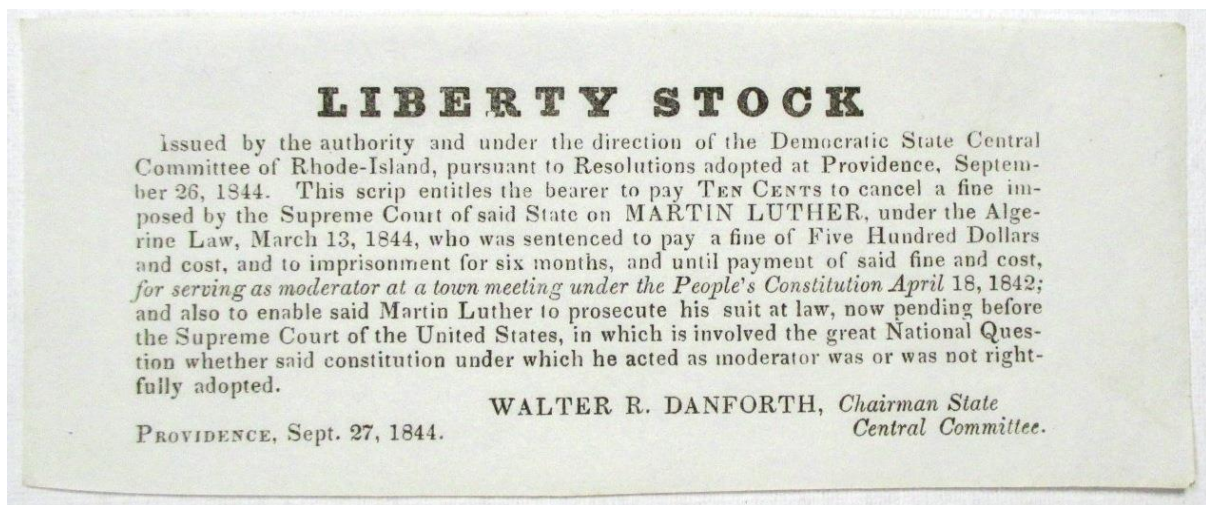
... PROVIDENCE, SEPT. 27, 1844. [Providence? 1844]. Small oblong printed certificate, 2.5" x 5.75". Printed on light stock. Clean. Fine.

An ephemeral document from the Dorr Rebellion, which began as a peaceful attempt to replace the archaic, undemocratic Rhode Island Charter with a written constitution broadening the suffrage. In 1842 frustrated Dorrites took up arms and were met by force.

For participating in the uprising, Martin Luther was arrested in 1842 by Luther Borden, a militiaman. Claiming that Borden acted without authority, Luther took the case to the U.S. Supreme Court. He argued that the Dorr Constitution displaced the Charter because the Charter flunked the U.S. Constitution's Article Four, Section Four, which guarantees to every State "a Republican Form of Government." But in *Luther v. Borden*, 48 U.S. 1 [1849], Chief Justice Taney ducked the issue by calling it a 'political question,' and thus out of bounds for the Court to decide.

OCLC 25263651 [2- Williams, Brown], 80632117 [1- Clements] as of June 2022.

\$450.00



Item No. 33

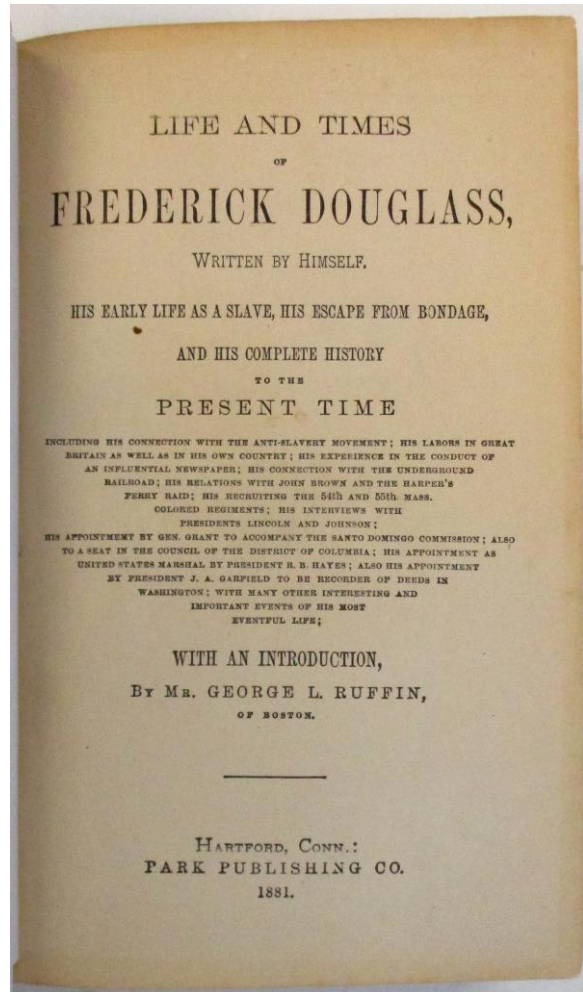
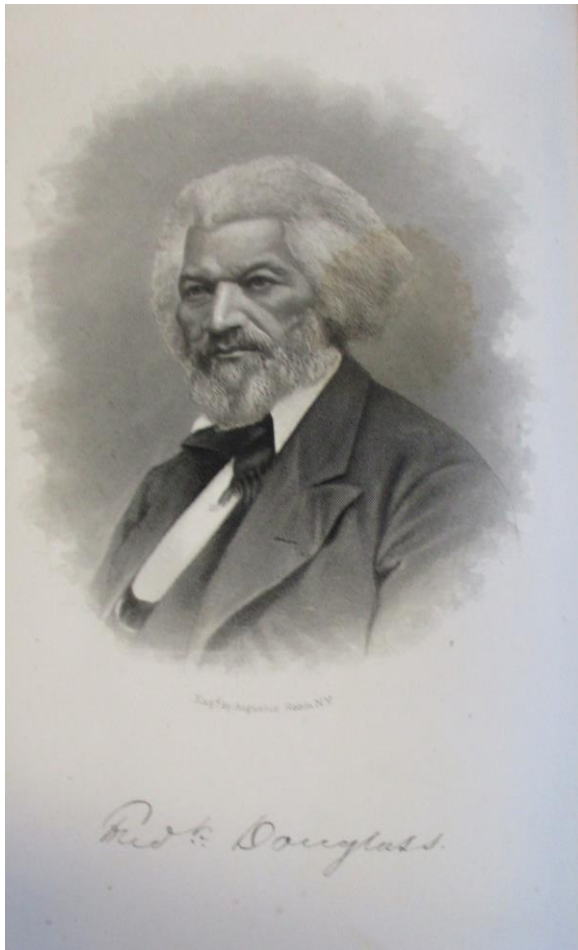
First Edition of His Final Autobiography

34. **Douglass, Frederick:** LIFE AND TIMES OF FREDERICK DOUGLASS, WRITTEN BY HIMSELF. HIS EARLY LIFE AS A SLAVE, HIS ESCAPE FROM BONDAGE, AND HIS COMPLETE HISTORY TO THE PRESENT TIME INCLUDING HIS CONNECTION WITH THE ANTI-SLAVERY MOVEMENT... Hartford, Conn.: Park Publishing Co., 1881. Original publisher's cloth [spine ends rubbed], expertly recased, spine title stamped in gilt. Engraved frontis portrait with original tissue guard. [2], xii, xv-xxiii, [1 blank], 13-516 pp, plus seventeen unpaginated full-page plates. Very Good.

"Enlarged from the author's *My Bondage and My Freedom*" [Blockson]. George L. Ruffin's Introduction is a laudatory biography of Douglas and a sketch of his remarkable life and career. This is the first edition of Douglass's third and final autobiography, frequently reprinted. Wikipedia observes, "It is the only one of Douglass's autobiographies to discuss his life during and after the Civil War, including his encounters with American presidents such as Lincoln and Garfield, his account of the ill-fated 'Freedman's Bank,' and his service as the United States Marshall of the District of Columbia."

Blockson 9651. Work 311, LCP 3230 and 3231 [other editions].

\$1,750.00



Item No. 34

With Attractive Engravings

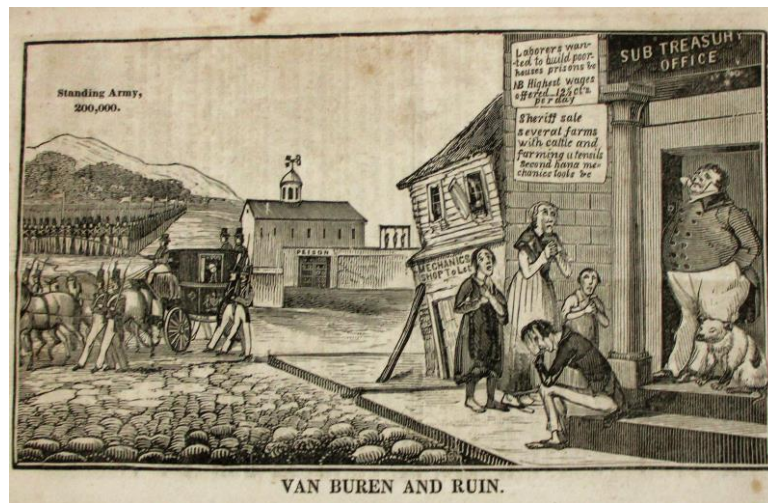
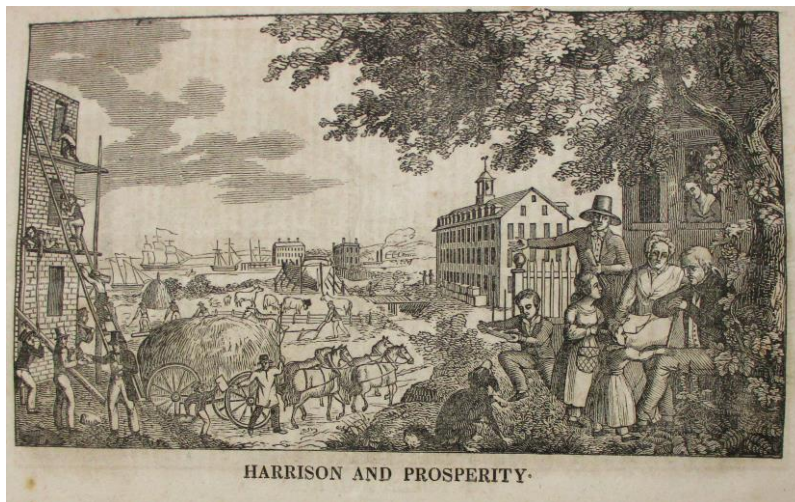
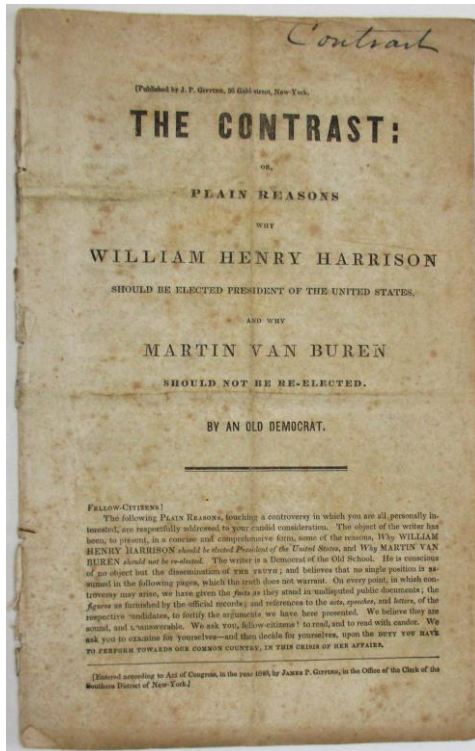
35. [Election of 1840]: THE CONTRAST: OR, PLAIN REASONS WHY WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON SHOULD BE ELECTED PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, AND WHY MARTIN VAN BUREN SHOULD NOT BE RE-ELECTED. BY AN OLD DEMOCRAT. New York: James P. Giffing, 1840. 16pp, caption title [as issued]. Stitched. Lightly toned. Couple of fox spots on last leaf. Two full-page engraved illustrations. Very Good.

The pamphlet's illustrations: 'Harrison and Prosperity,' depicting a happy and industrious populace; and 'Van Buren and Ruin,' portraying a deeply depressed community, with a fat and happy manager of the Sub Treasury Office, and an elaborately uniformed Standing Army in the background. Harrison's sturdy character, patriotism, military service, and opposition to Standing Armies in time of peace eminently qualify him for the Presidency. Miles attributes authorship to Jacob Bailey Moore, the New Hampshire journalist.

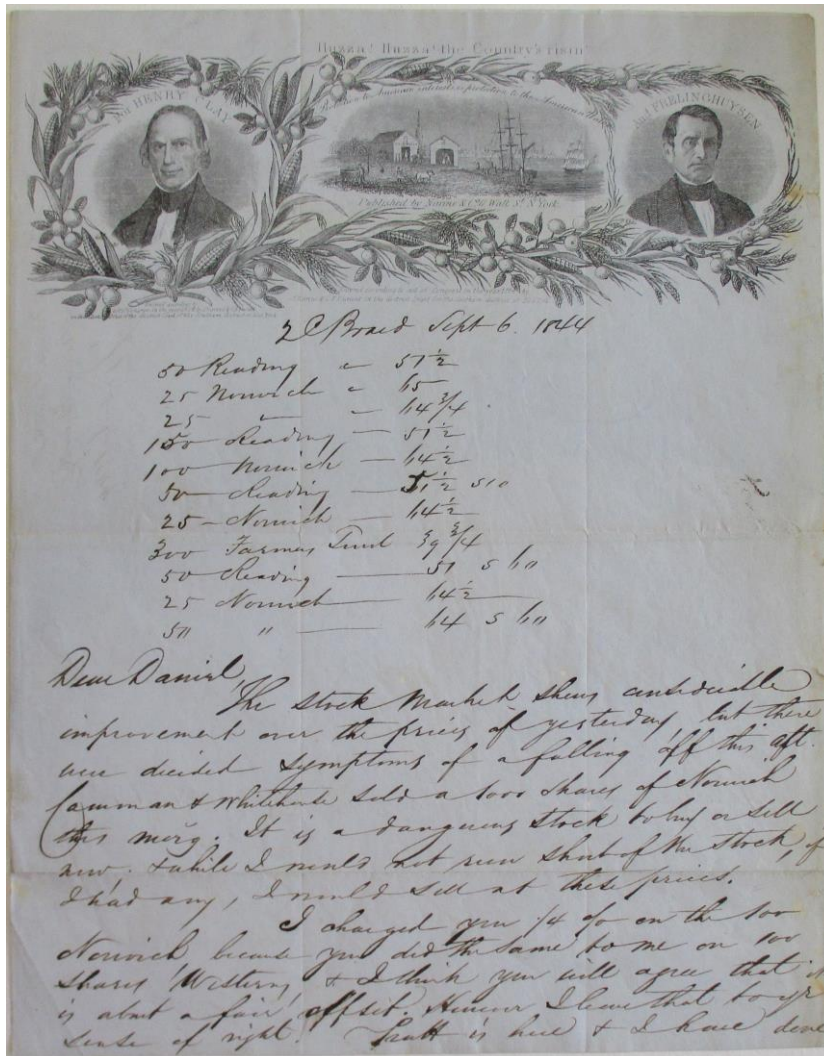
The Democrat Van Buren, author of disastrous banking and economic policies, is a Loco-Foco at heart and anti-democratic. "We have had EXPERIMENTS enough; and the next change ought to be a CHANGE OF RULERS."

Miles 138. Sabin 16181.

\$375.00



Item No. 35



Item No. 36

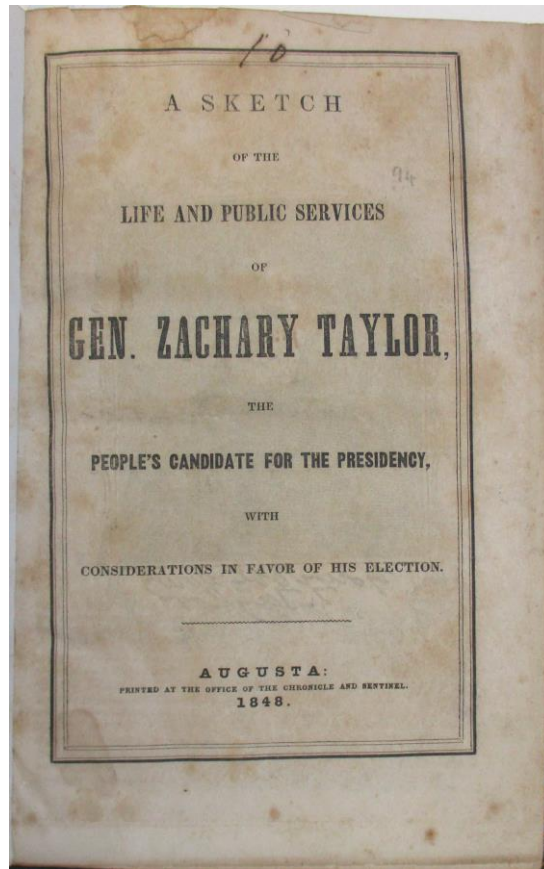
Clay & Frelinghuysen

36. [Election of 1844]: RARE HENRY CLAY ILLUSTRATED CAMPAIGN LETTERHEAD: "HUZZA! HUZZA! THE COUNTRY'S RISIN' FOR HENRY CLAY AND FRELINGHUYSEN. PROTECTION TO AMERICAN INTERESTS IS PROTECTION TO THE AMERICAN UNION." New York: Narine & Co., 11 Wall St. N. York, 1844. 8" x 11". [2], [1 blank], [1-address] pp. Illustrated bifolium letter sheet, printed on blue paper. Engraved portrait images of Henry Clay and Theodore Frelinghuysen at top corners; between the portraits is a cameo scene of ships at dock with buildings in the background. All images surrounded by decorative leaf border. Copyright printed twice beneath the images, "Entered according to act of Congress in the year 1844 by J. Narine & C.F. Durand in the Clerks Office of the district Court of the Southern district of New York." The letter is written in ink on the first page and nine lines of the third. The third and fourth pages are torn, costing most of the postal address. Engraving is Very Good. Otherwise, except as noted, Good+.

A very scarce 1844 illustrated presidential campaign letter sheet.

The Letter, in legible ink manuscript, is between brothers George Hamilton Brodhead [1815-1903] and Daniel Dodge Brodhead [1802-1885], both stockbrokers. George was elected president of the New York Stock Exchange in 1874, having served as secretary from

1850-1866, and vice-president from 1866-1874. He retired early. Daniel was also a Navy Agent at Charlestown Navy Yard, Boston. The men were the sons of Rev. John Brodhead [1770-1838], New Hampshire representative and clergyman, credited as the founder of Methodism in New England and Canada. \$375.00



Item No. 37

A Zachary Taylor Sammelband

37. **[Election of 1848]:** A SKETCH OF THE LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES OF GEN. ZACHARY TAYLOR, THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE FOR THE PRESIDENCY, WITH CONSIDERATIONS IN FAVOR OF HIS ELECTION. Augusta [GA]: Printed at the Office of the Chronicle and Sentinel, 1848. 32pp. Light toning and foxing. Frontis portrait of Taylor, with facsimile inscription, "Your obt Servt Z. Taylor." Good+ or better, in later quarter morocco and modern marbled paper over boards.

No consulted source records this Georgia printing among the several issues of this item, with several variations in title. The Chronicle & Sentinel published at Augusta during the years 1837-1876. This Whig campaign document presents Taylor, a Louisiana planter, as the hero of the Mexican War. He surely had no other qualifications for the Presidency, having never even voted. But it was enough for the Whigs to capture the Presidency for the second and last time.

Not in Wise & Cronin [Taylor], Miles, De Renne, Sabin, Eberstadt, Decker.

[bound with] Clayton, John: SPEECH OF JOHN M. CLAYTON, OR DELAWARE, IN DEFENCE OF ZACHARY TAYLOR. [Washington: 1848]. 16pp. Caption title as issued. A few fox marks, Very Good.

[bound with] [Botts, John Minor]: TO THE WHOLE WHIG PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES. [Washington: Gideon. 1848]. 16pp. Caption title as issued. Light wear and fox, Good+.

The Virginia Whig argues that Henry Clay, not the Mexican War hero Zachary Taylor, should be the Whigs' presidential nominee in 1848. Botts argues that Clay is the embodiment of Whig principles; Taylor stands for nothing discernible.

Sabin 6832n. Not in Haynes, Tutorow, Haferkorn.

[bound with] [Botts, John Minor]: TO THE WHIGS OF VIRGINIA. [Washington: Gideon. 1848]. 15, [1 blank] pp. Caption title as issued. Foxed, Good+.

Botts supports Henry Clay, the Party's candidate in 1844. Botts analyzes the vote in the 1844 election, "when the largest Whig vote ever cast in the State was given for Mr. Clay." Taylor has made it clear that, if nominated, he will not be bound by Whig doctrines.

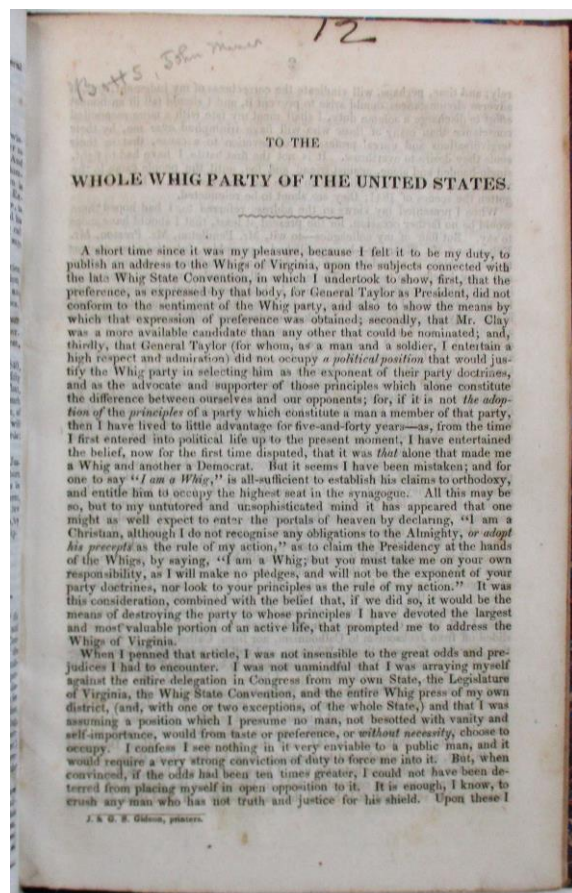
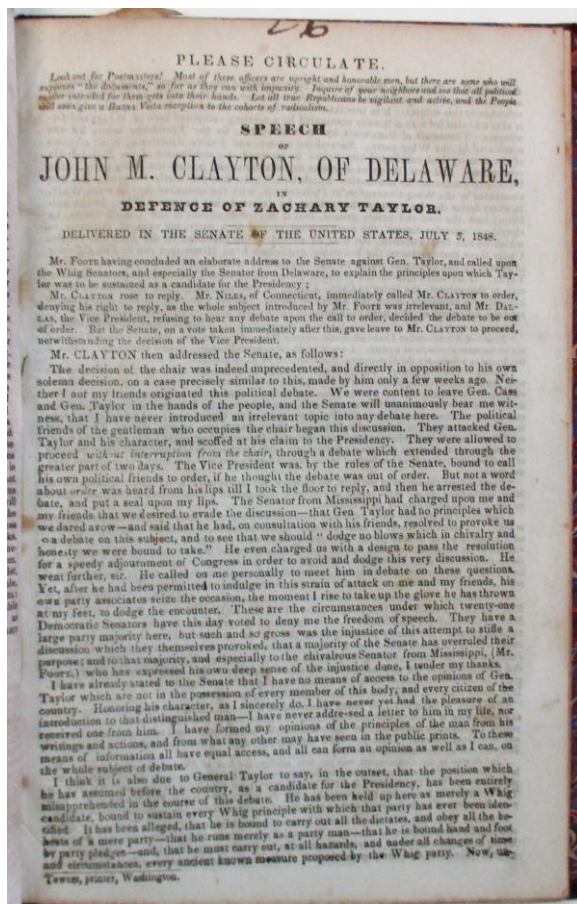
Sabin 6832n.

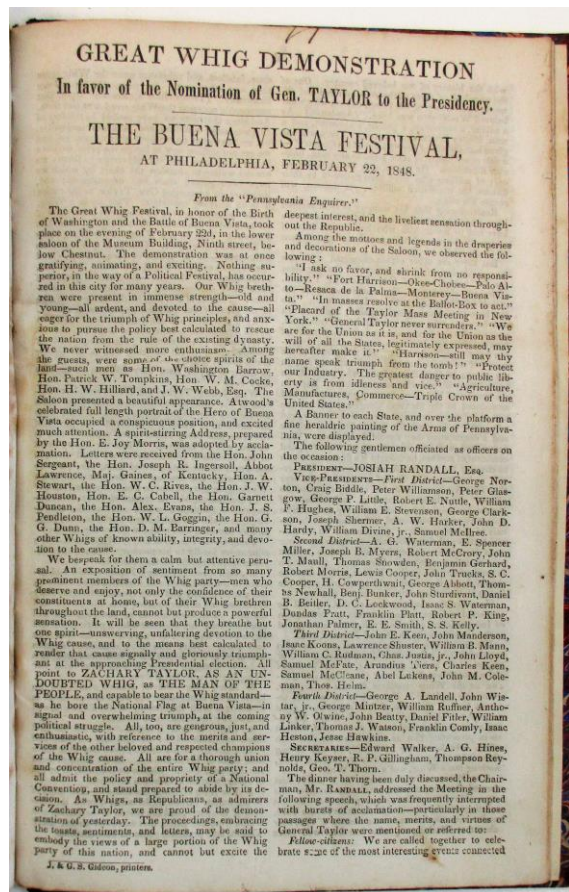
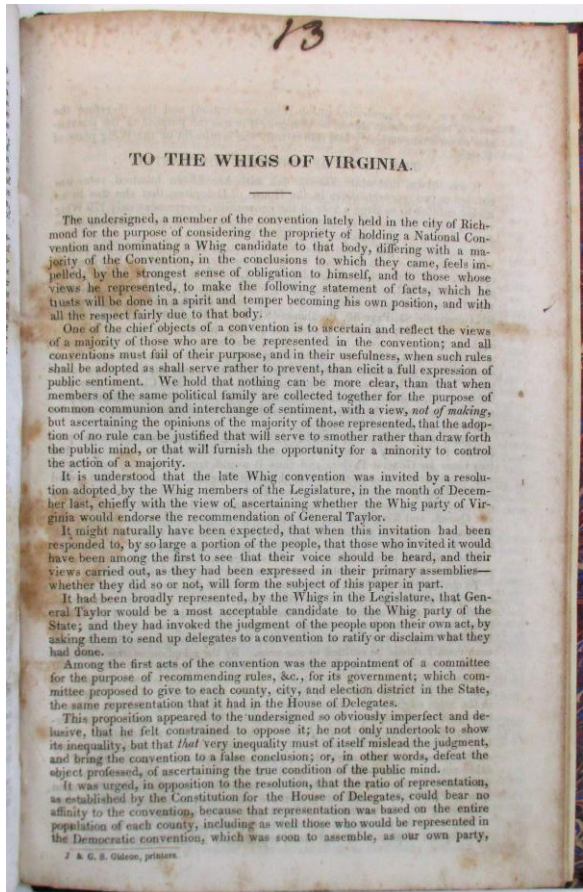
[bound with] GREAT WHIG DEMONSTRATION IN FAVOR OF THE NOMINATION OF GEN. TAYLOR TO THE PRESIDENCY. THE BUENA VISTA FESTIVAL, AT PHILADELPHIA, FEBRUARY 22, 1848. [Washington: Gideon. 1848]. Caption title [as issued], 32pp. Printed in double columns. Very Good.

"Nothing superior, in the way of a Political Festival, has occurred in this city for many years... All point to ZACHARY TAYLOR, AS AN UNDOUBTED WHIG, as THE MAN OF THE PEOPLE, and capable to bear the Whig standard- as he bore the National Flag at Buena Vista." A lineup of distinguished Whigs gets on the Taylor bandwagon, all showcased in this rare campaign pamphlet.

Not in Eberstadt, Decker, Sabin, Miles. OCLC 32271765 [1- DLC] as of June 2022.

\$1,500.00





Item No. 37

Democrats' "Open Condemnation of the War"

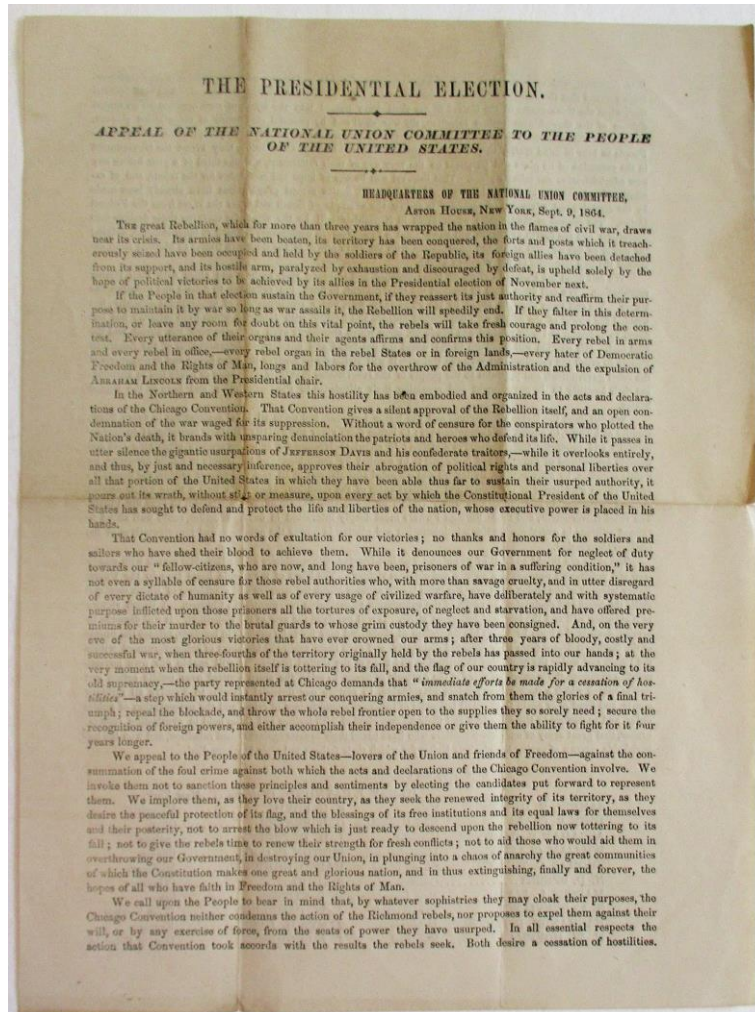
38. [Election of 1864]: THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION. APPEAL OF THE NATIONAL UNION COMMITTEE TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES. HEADQUARTERS OF THE NATIONAL UNION COMMITTEE, ASTOR HOUSE, NEW YORK, SEPT. 9, 1864. New York: 1864. Broadsheet, signed at the end in type by Henry Raymond [as Chairman] and twenty other men from the Loyal States; dated September 9, 1864. Old folds [portions of folds tanned, a couple of tiny pinholes]. Else Very Good.

"Every rebel in arms and every rebel in office, - every rebel organ in the rebel States or in foreign lands, - every hater of Democratic Freedom and the Rights of Man, longs and labors for the overthrow of the Administration and the expulsion of ABRAHAM LINCOLN from the Presidential chair."

This rare broadsheet is a no-holds-barred attack on the Democratic Party as a bunch of traitors, and a defense of "the lion-hearted citizen-soldiers of the Republic" and their Commander-in-Chief, Abraham Lincoln. It attacks the Democrats' 1864 Chicago Convention, which "gives a silent approval of the Rebellion itself, and an open condemnation of the war waged for its suppression. Without a word of censure for the conspirators who plotted the Nation's death, it brands with unsparing denunciation the patriots and heroes who defend its life."

Not in Sabin, Bartlett, Monaghan. OCLC records twelve locations under several accession numbers as of June 2022.

\$850.00



Item No. 38

Rare Dakota Territorial Broadside, Autographed by Governor Faulk

39. **Faulk, Andrew J.:** TERRITORY OF DAKOTA. BY THE GOVERNOR. A PROCLAMATION. ABUNDANT EVIDENCE EXISTS OF THE MERCY AND GOODNESS WHICH GOD HAS MANIFESTED TOWARD THE PEOPLE OF DAKOTA DURING THE YEAR THAT IS PAST. WE HAVE NOT ONLY BEEN SPARED FROM THE RAVAGES OF WAR, PESTILENCE AND FAMINE, BUT THE HEART OF THE HUSBANDMAN HAS BEEN GLADDENED, AND HIS LABOR RICHLY REWARDED; POPULATION HAS STEADILY INCREASED; CHURCHES AND SCHOOLS HAVE MULTIPLIED; THE MORAL SENTIMENTS OF THE PEOPLE HAVE BEEN ELEVATED; AND THE GREAT PRINCIPLES OF LIBERTY, UPON WHICH OUR GOVERNMENT IS FOUNDED, ARE YET DEEPLY CHERISHED ... [Yankton, Dakota Territory: 1868]. Folio leaf, folded to [4] pp. Printed Proclamation on first page, other leaves blank. One clean closed tear along fold, archivally repaired, no loss. Signed in type by Governor Faulk and S.L. Spink, Secretary. Very Good. **Signed at top margin in ink, "With the Compliments of A.J. Faulk."**

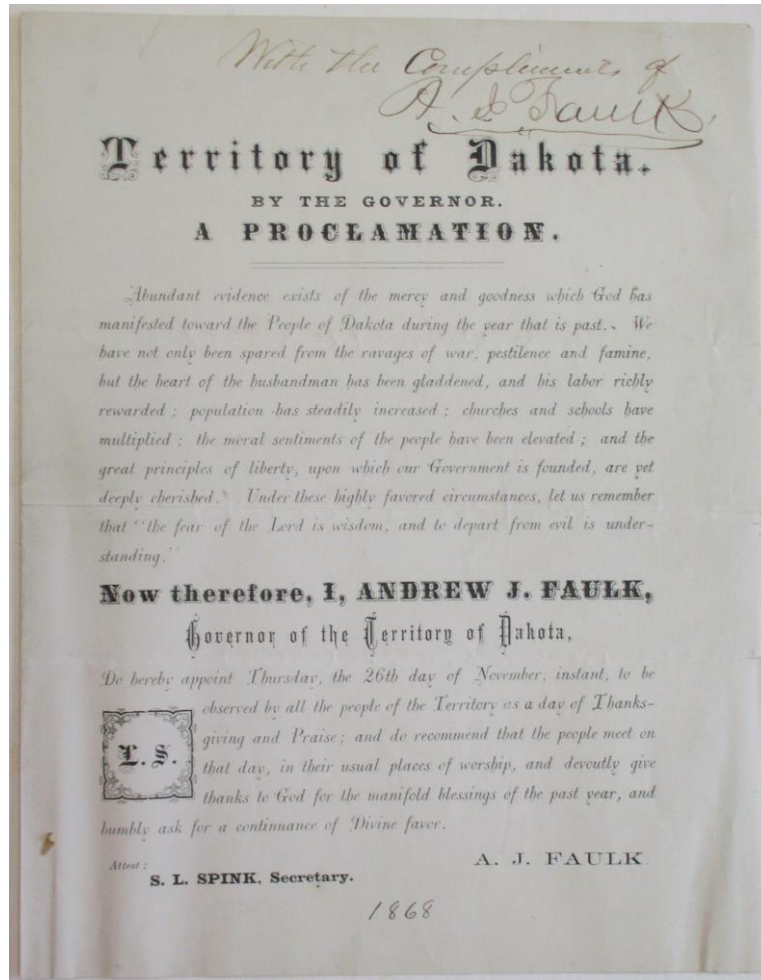
Territorial Governor Faulk designates "Thursday, the 26th day of November, instant, to be observed by all the people of the Territory as a day of Thanksgiving and Praise; and do recommend that the people meet on that day, in their usual places of worship, and devoutly

give thanks to God for the manifold blessings of the past year, and humbly ask for a continuance of Divine favor.”

"1868" is written in pencil at the blank foot of the broadside. "The proclamation is not dated, but during Governor Faulk's term of office, 1868 was the only year in which November 26th was a Thursday" [Allen].

Allen 59. Graff 981. Streeter Sale 2048. OCLC 367526583 [1- BYU], 41472018 [1- Newberry] as of July 2022.

\$875.00



Item No. 39

Mining in the Colorado Gold Rush

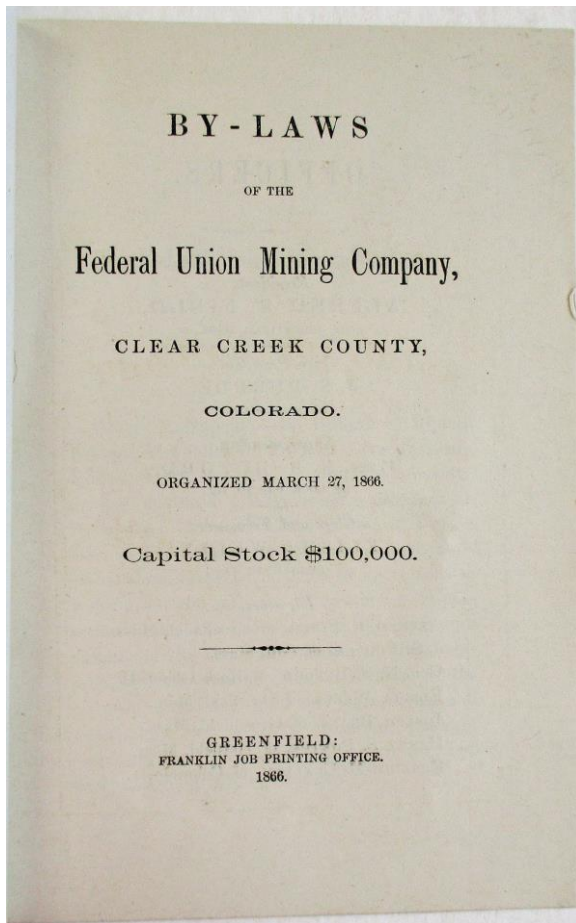
40. **Federal Union Mining Company:** BY-LAWS OF THE FEDERAL UNION MINING COMPANY, CLEAR CREEK COUNTY, COLORADO. ORGANIZED MARCH 27, 1866. CAPITAL STOCK \$100,000. Greenfield [MA]: Franklin Job Printing Office, 1866. 12mo. 11, [1 blank] pp. Stitched in original printed deep blue wrappers, with wrapper title, 'The Federal Union Gold Mining Company,' lettered in gilt. Near Fine.

The President of this Massachusetts corporation, Alfred R. Field, was from Greenfield. Other officers were from Massachusetts and Rock Island, Illinois. One Director was from Colorado. The property was located "on both sides of South Clear Creek, at Colona Bar, in the Territory of Colorado." The corporation was organized "for the purpose of mining gold

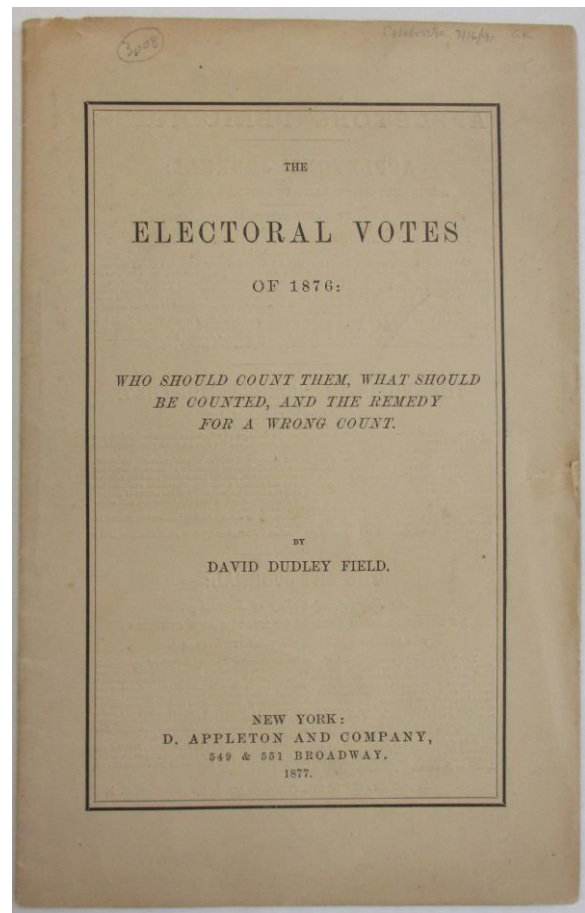
and other ores" during the enthusiasms of the Colorado Gold Rush. The bylaws prescribe a form stock certificate.

140 Eberstadt 191.

\$250.00



Item No. 40



Item No. 41

The Complicated 1876 Presidential Election

41. **Field, David Dudley:** THE ELECTORAL VOTES OF 1876: WHO SHOULD COUNT THEM, WHAT SHOULD BE COUNTED, AND THE REMEDY FOR A WRONG COUNT. New York: D. Appleton and Company, 1877. Original printed wrappers, stitched. 22, [1], [1 blank] pp. Fine.

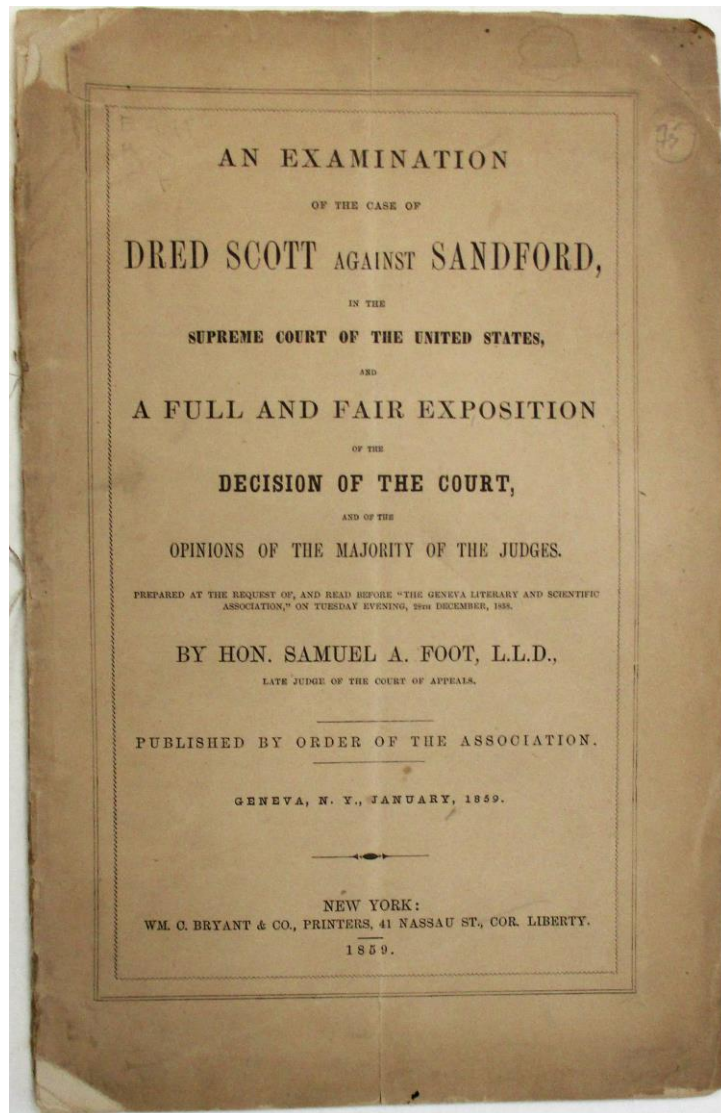
Field was one of the 19th century's great lawyers and the principal advocate in New York for codification of the common law, a project to which he devoted the bulk of his career. Here he analyzes the constitutional resolution of the 1876 presidential election. OCLC records many facsimiles and a few originals as of June 2022. \$150.00

"No Judicial Authority"

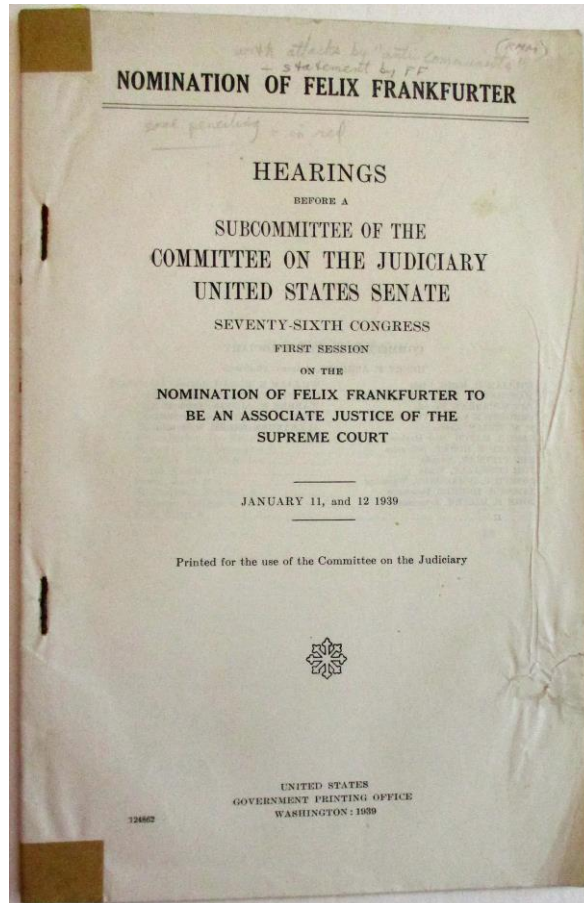
42. **Foot, Samuel A.:** AN EXAMINATION OF THE CASE OF DRED SCOTT AGAINST SANDFORD, IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, AND A FULL AND FAIR EXPOSITION OF THE DECISION OF THE COURT, AND OF THE OPINIONS OF THE MAJORITY OF THE JUDGES. PREPARED AT THE REQUEST OF,

AND READ BEFORE "THE GENEVA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC ASSOCIATION," ON TUESDAY EVENING, 28TH DECEMBER, 1858. BY...LATE JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS. PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE ASSOCIATION. GENEVA, N.Y., JANUARY, 1859. New York: Wm. C. Bryant & Co., Printers, 1859. Original printed wrappers with wrapper title [as issued]. Stitched. 19, [1 blank] pp. Light wear. Wraps with some extremity chipping. Good+.

Foot "was a distinguished attorney and former judge of the New York Court of Appeals, the State's highest court. Foot offers a critique of Taney's opinion that was prepared for informed laymen rather than attorneys. He argues that Taney's opinions on the territories and the rights of blacks were obiter dicta and 'have no judicial authority.' This pamphlet is a useful example of how Northerners viewed the decision, and how they feared that the Supreme Court would 'give us a new constitutional and legal system on the subject of slavery and our territories.' The publisher of this pamphlet, William Cullen Bryant, was one of the leading literary figures of the mid-nineteenth century and an active abolitionist" [Finkelman]. FIRST EDITION. Work 345. Finkelman 53-54. LCP Supp. 822. I Harv. Law Cat. 708. Dumond 52. Cohen 11881. Not in LCP, Blockson, Weinstein. \$650.00



Item No. 42



Item No. 43

Another Jew on the Court is a Big Mistake

43. **[Frankfurter, Felix]:** NOMINATION OF FELIX FRANKFURTER. HEARINGS BEFORE A SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY UNITED STATES SENATE SEVENTY-SIXTH CONGRESS FIRST SESSION ON THE NOMINATION OF FELIX FRANKFURTER TO BE AN ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT. JANUARY 11, AND 12 1939. PRINTED FOR THE USE OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1939. 128pp, with original staples. Reinforcements at head and foot of spine. Tape repair to blank outer margin of title leaf verso. Some red pencil marginalia. Except as noted, Very Good.

The Hearing elicited numerous expressions of anti-Semitism. "In many quarters the Jew has been fostering movements that are subversive to our Government. In the larger cities it has grown to an alarming degree. To place, at this time, upon the highest court another one of that race is not only a political mistake but a social one. This appointment would do more than any occurrence for years to intensify this spreading anti-Jewish feeling."

Frankfurter's role in the Sacco-Vanzetti case, and his support for various economic reforms, also stimulated opposition to his nomination. \$500.00

"The Construction of Roads Dates from this Report"

44. **[Gallatin, Albert]:** REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY, ON THE SUBJECT OF PUBLIC ROADS AND CANALS; MADE IN PURSUANCE OF A

RESOLUTION OF SENATE, OF MARCH 2, 1807. APRIL 12, 1808. PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE SENATE. Washington: R.C. Weightman, 1808. 123, [1 blank] pp. Disbound, lightly foxed. Good+.

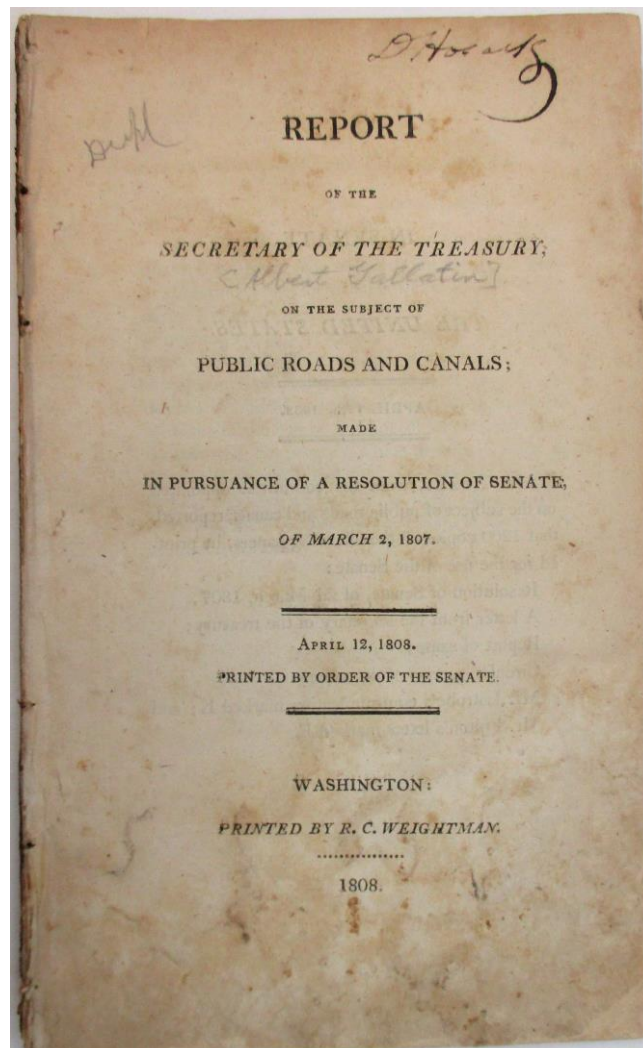
A polymath, visionary, and dedicated public servant, Gallatin applied his talents to a variety of American problems in the late 18th and early 19th centuries.

"The construction of roads dates from [this] report ... This report presented a national plan of roads and canals as part of an internal improvement movement in which the federal government was to play a leading role. Despite Gallatin and early advocates of internal improvements, the federal government was not to be a partner in road building until the twentieth century. Thus, his report remains only an island in a flood tide of internal improvements that surfaced in the nineteenth century under the aegis of state and local governments joining with private enterprise, to build turnpike roads, canals, and railroads" [Review of Seely, Building the American Highway System, in 10 The Public Historian 103-105 [#3, Summer 1988].

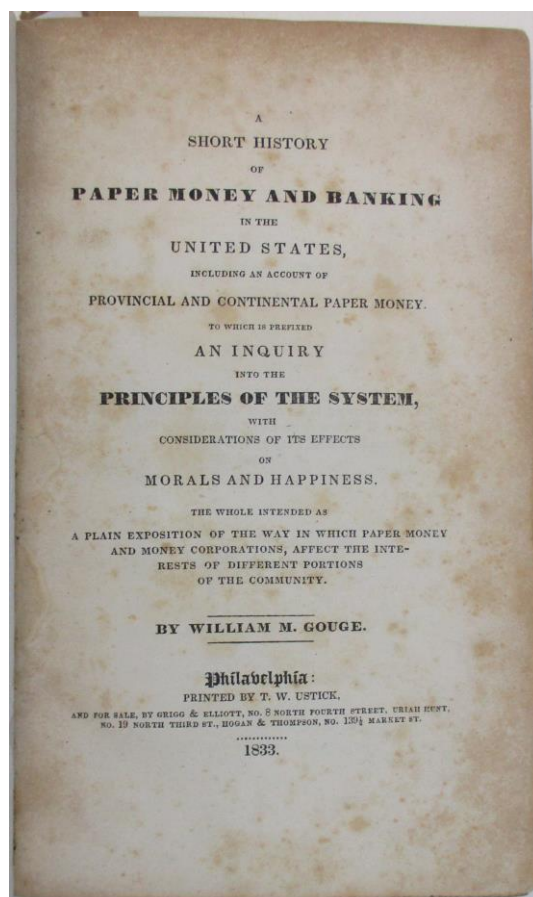
"Contains communications on the subject of canals by B.H. Latrobe and Robert Fulton" [Rink].

FIRST EDITION. Howes G27. AI 16589 [7]. Rink 4009. Not in Eberstadt, Decker.

\$750.00



Item No. 44



Item No. 45

“One of the Original Sources of American Banking History”

45. **Gouge, William M.:** A SHORT HISTORY OF PAPER MONEY AND BANKING IN THE UNITED STATES, INCLUDING AN ACCOUNT OF PROVINCIAL AND CONTINENTAL PAPER MONEY. TO WHICH IS PREFIXED AN INQUIRY INTO THE PRINCIPLES OF THE SYSTEM, WITH CONSIDERATIONS OF ITS EFFECTS ON MORALS AND HAPPINESS. THE WHOLE INTENDED AS A PLAIN EXPOSITION OF THE WAY IN WHICH PAPER MONEY AND MONEY CORPORATIONS, AFFECT THE INTERESTS OF DIFFERENT PORTIONS OF THE COMMUNITY. Philadelphia: 1833. xii, 140, 240 pp, as issued. Scattered foxing with occasional marginalia from a knowledgeable reader. Modern quarter brown morocco and marbled paper over boards. Six spine panels, gilt spine rules, gilt-lettered red morocco spine label.

"The first part of this work, 140 pages, is a general essay on banking; the remainder, 240 pages, is one of the original sources of American banking history for the colonial and revolutionary periods" [Larned].

The work treats banking during the colonial and early federal periods, the Panic of 1819, and in each of America's regions. A critic of banks, paper money, and corporations, Gouge found congenial surroundings as a Clerk in the Jackson-Van Buren Treasury Department. "Banking, he affirmed, simply takes loanable money out of the hands of the owners and places it under control of irresponsible corporations" [DAB, which calls this book valuable "because of the detailed description it gives of the organization of state banks and the abuses associated with their management."]

A second edition, far more common, was published in 1835.
FIRST EDITION. Larned 2859. AI 19075 [6]. Sabin 28074.

\$500.00

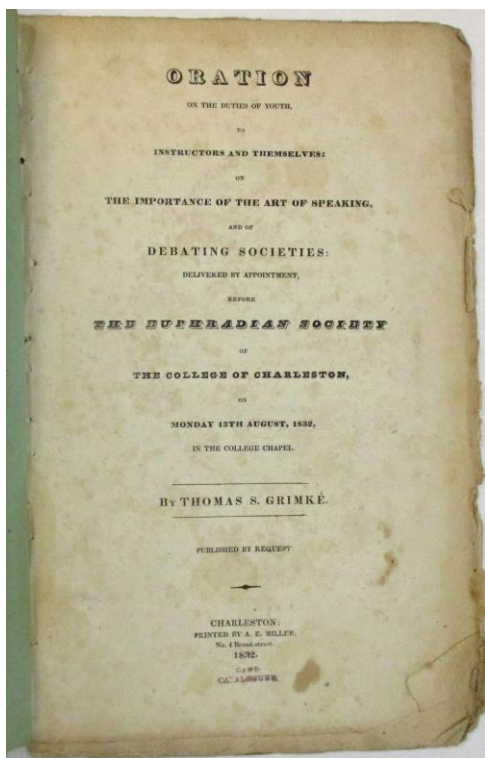
The Great Grimkes!

46. **Grimke, Thomas S.:** ORATION ON THE DUTIES OF YOUTH, TO INSTRUCTORS AND THEMSELVES: ON THE IMPORTANCE OF THE ART OF SPEAKING, AND OF DEBATING SOCIETIES: DELIVERED BY APPOINTMENT, BEFORE THE EUPHRADIAN SOCIETY OF THE COLLEGE OF CHARLESTON, ON MONDAY 13TH AUGUST, 1832, IN THE COLLEGE CHAPEL. Charleston: Printed by A.E. Miller, 1832. 28pp. Stitched in original printed green wrappers, untrimmed. Rear plain wrapper has a tear, and the wrapper spine is worn away. Light foxing. Very Good. **Presentation copy to "The Honble Edward Everett Boston From T.S.G."**

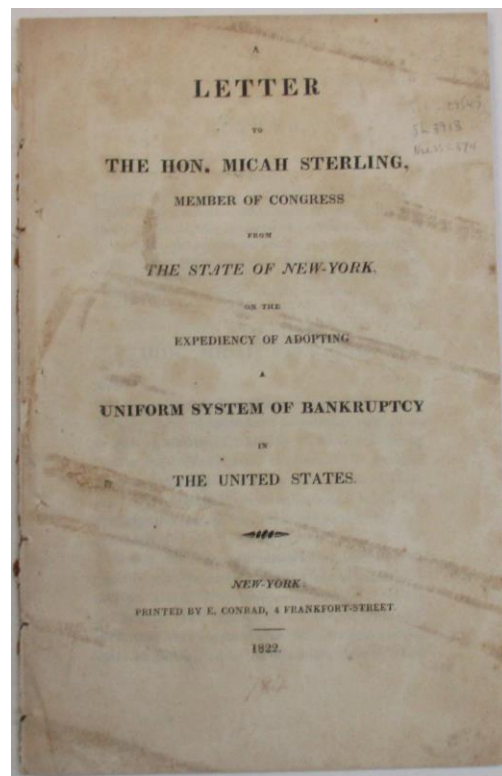
Teachers, standing in loco parentis, discharge "a holy duty" in instructing the young. With learned footnotes, gathered in an Appendix, Grimke explains how teachers ought to fulfill their responsibilities. Like many members of his distinguished family, Grimke was active in the reform movements of the day.

AI 12749 [5]. II Turnbull 269.

\$250.00



Item No. 46



Item No. 47

In a "Commercial Community, Bankruptcy is the Inevitable Result"

47. [Haines, Charles G.]: A LETTER TO THE HON. MICAH STERLING, MEMBER OF CONGRESS FROM THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, ON THE EXPEDIENCY OF ADOPTING A UNIFORM SYSTEM OF BANKRUPTCY IN THE UNITED STATES. New York: Printed by E. Conrad, 4 Frankfort-Street, 1822. 52pp. Disbound with light scattered foxing. Title page with some spotting. Good+.

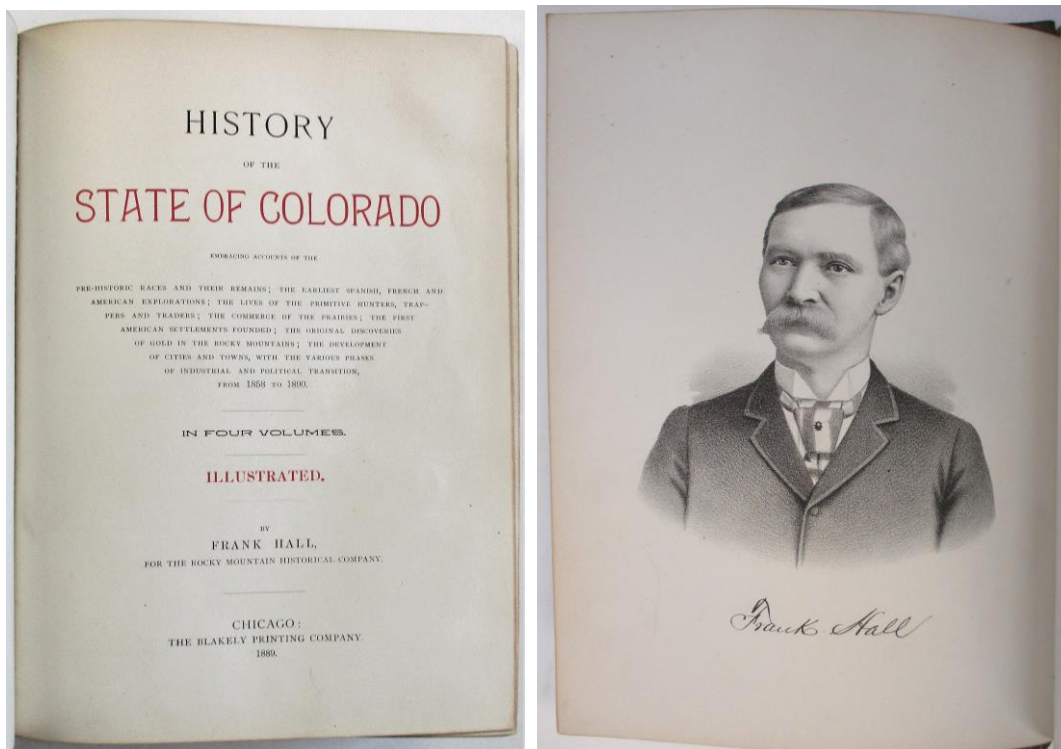
Charles Glidden Haines (1793 - 1825), attorney and author, became Governor Clinton's private secretary. Admitted to the New York bar in 1821, he wrote political pamphlets, newspaper articles, and published the United States Law Journal during 1822-1823. Haines was co-counsel with Henry Clay at the Supreme Court in *Ogden v. Saunders*, a case involving the constitutionality of New York bankruptcy laws. Governor Clinton appointed him adjutant general in 1825, but Haines died in New York City before taking office.

Congress had passed its first and only Bankruptcy Act in 1800, but repealed it in 1803. The 1800 law had authorized creditors to place the debtor in bankruptcy and seize his assets. Unlike later bankruptcy laws, it had not allowed debtors to choose bankruptcy. Congress's power was based on the Constitution's grant of authority to establish "uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies."

Sterling [1784-1844], Haines's correspondent, was a New York Federalist lawyer serving his only term in Congress. Haines urges him to support a federal bankruptcy law. Provisions for bankruptcy are "the inevitable result of things in a commercial community ... No man will say, that in a commercial nation, where credit is given, there will not be misfortunes, calamities, and losses of various kinds, by which contracts will be violated, and the debtor and creditor left to a legal recourse to settle their concerns. Hence there must be laws to specify what shall be the power of the creditor, and what shall be the protection of the debtor."

Cohen 2489. Sabin 29549.

\$375.00



Item No. 48

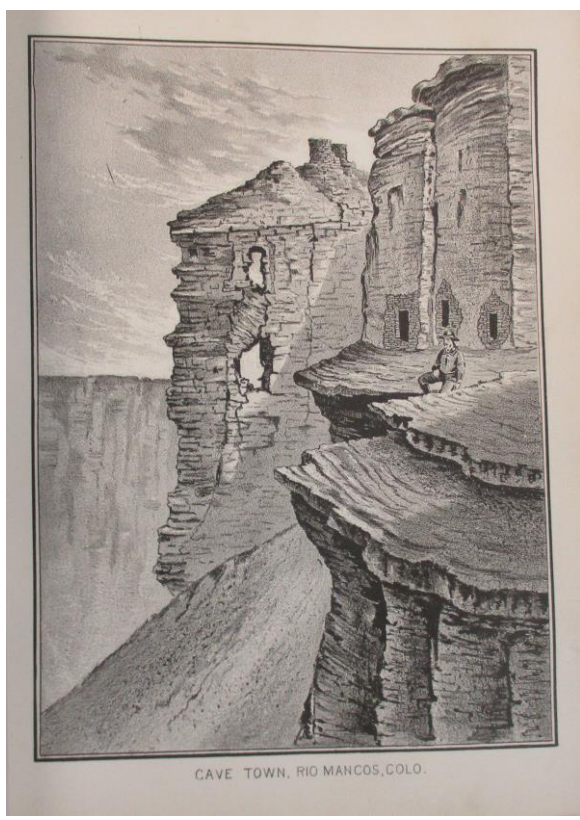
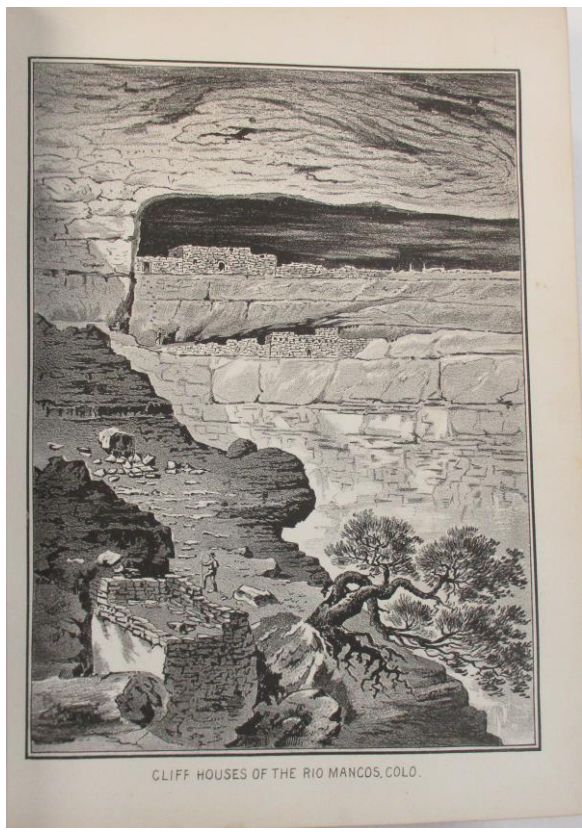
“The Most Accurate Guide Which Could be Furnished”

48. **Hall, Frank:** HISTORY OF THE STATE OF COLORADO. EMBRACING ACCOUNTS OF THE PRE-HISTORIC RACES AND THEIR REMAINS; THE EARLIEST SPANISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN EXPLORATIONS; THE LIVES OF THE PRIMITIVE HUNTERS, TRAPPERS AND TRADERS; THE COMMERCE OF THE

PRAIRIES; THE FIRST AMERICAN SETTLEMENTS FOUNDED; THE ORIGINAL DISCOVERIES OF GOLD IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS; THE DEVELOPMENT OF CITIES AND TOWNS, WITH THE VARIOUS PHASES OF INDUSTRIAL AND POLITICAL TRANSITION, FROM 1858 TO 1890. IN FOUR VOLUMES. ILLUSTRATED. BY FRANK HALL, FOR THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN HISTORICAL COMPANY. Chicago: The Blakely Printing Company, 1889-1895. 4to. Four volumes [complete]: xvi, [2], 17-564; xiv, [2], 17-574; ix, [3], 11-518; iv, xiv, [1], 13-[634] pp. Each volume with frontispiece, List of Illustrations, Index, and numerous attractive lithographs and photographic reproductions. Contemporary blind-stamped brown morocco, gilt spine decorations. Volume 1 a lighter shade of brown than the others. Very Good.

Hall undertook this massive work, he explains, to provide “the historian of the future” with “the most accurate guide which could be furnished during the lifetime of those who planted the seeds of civilization here.”

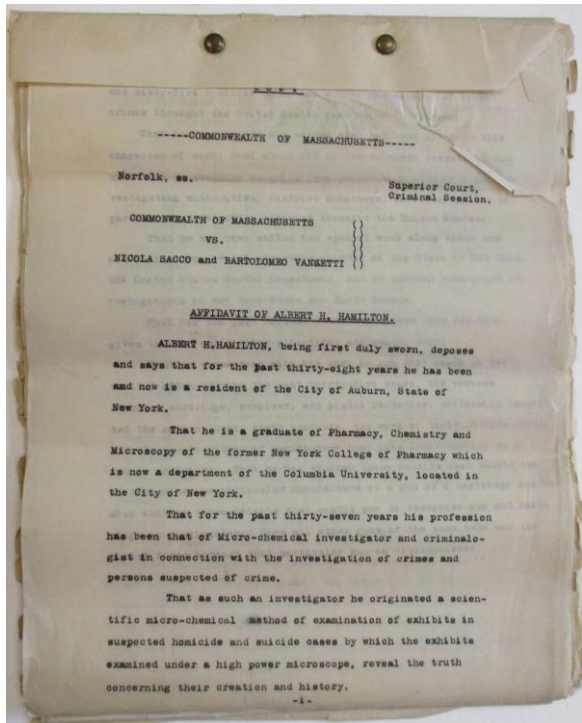
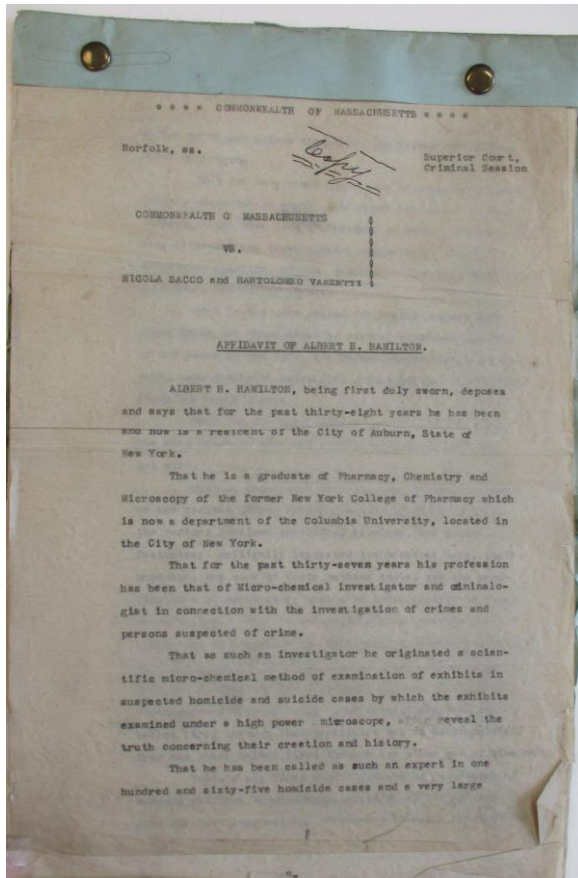
FIRST EDITION. Adams Six Guns 898. \$650.00



Item No. 48

Sacco & Vanzetti Did NOT Fire “The Mortal Bullet”

49. **Hamilton, Albert H.:** AFFIDAVIT OF ALBERT H. HAMILTON, IN THE CASE OF COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS VS. NICOLA SACCO AND BARTOLOMEO VANZETTI. Norfolk, MA: Superior Court, Criminal Session, 1923. Typed court carbon copy, signed and sworn at the end in ink by Hamilton before a Justice of the Peace on October 15, 1923. 48pp, each page typed on recto only. Caption title, as issued. Light dusting and light folds, bound and docketed in blue legal backing with original paper clips. Very Good. With: a second affidavit, same text, unsigned.



Item No. 49

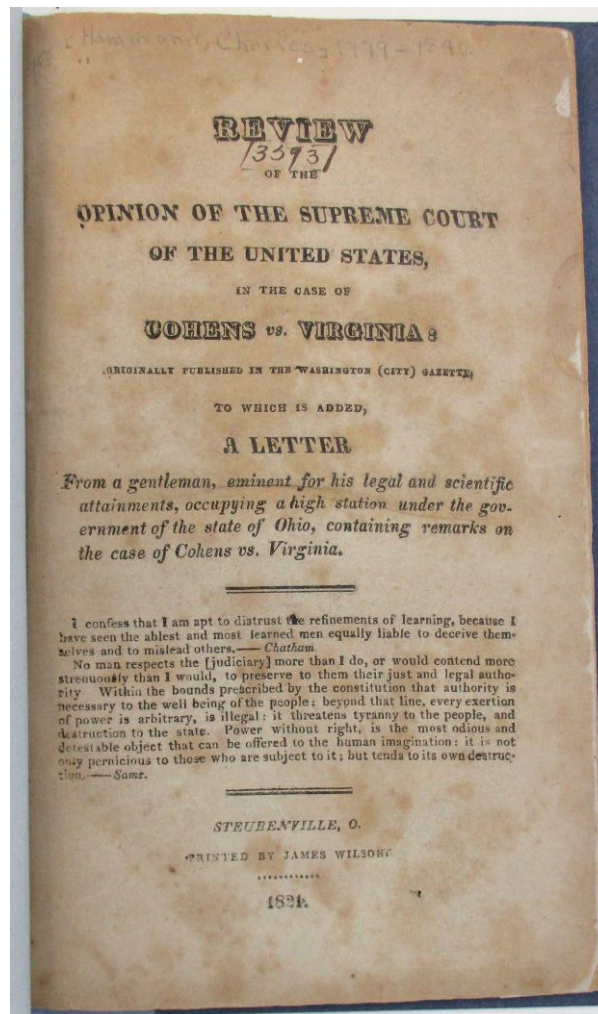
In one of the most controversial cases of the 20th century, alleged anarchists Sacco and Vanzetti were convicted and sentenced to death in July 1921 for the murder of a guard and paymaster in Braintree, Massachusetts. Charges of political bias, anti-Italian and anti-immigrant sentiment rendered the trial a cause celebre. Felix Frankfurter, other prominent civil libertarians and citizens vigorously protested for years, until the defendants were finally executed in 1927. Albert Hamilton was one such citizen. We offer a carbon copy, executed in ink before a Justice of the Peace in 1923, of his court affidavit.

Hamilton was a renowned "Micro-chemical investigator and criminologist in connection with the investigation of crimes and persons suspected of crimes ... He has been called as such an expert in one hundred and sixty five homicide cases and a very large number of lesser crimes throughout the United States from Maine to Canada." Specializing in gunshot cases, he is an expert in "the peculiarities of manufacture that give individuality to a gun or cartridge."

In a letter to the presiding judge during the Sacco-Vanzetti trial, Hamilton volunteered his services to determine whether "the fatal bullet [had] passed through the disputed gun of the defendant Sacco." Though Hamilton received no response, others -- including defense counsel-- sought his opinion after the trial. Having been engaged by the defense, Hamilton conducted a thorough examination, described in minute detail in this affidavit, in the presence of counsel for the State and defense.

From pages 10 to the end, Hamilton describes the extraordinarily elaborate procedures and tests undertaken to form his "unqualified opinion that the mortal bullet was manufactured at a time different from the manufacture of the six Winchester cartridges found in Sacco's pocket, and that, in due and regular course of manufacture the mortal bullet would not,

having been manufactured at a different time, be placed in the same carton as that which contained the six Sacco Winchester cartridges." \$1,250.00



Item No. 50

Thorough Review of a Landmark Supreme Court Opinion

50. [Hammond, Charles; Brown, E.A.]: REVIEW OF THE OPINION OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, IN THE CASE OF COHENS VS. VIRGINIA: ORIGINALLY PUBLISHED IN THE WASHINGTON (CITY) GAZETTE. TO WHICH IS ADDED, A LETTER FROM A GENTLEMAN, EMINENT FOR HIS LEGAL AND SCIENTIFIC ATTAINMENTS, OCCUPYING A HIGH STATION UNDER THE GOVERNMENT OF THE STATE OF OHIO, CONTAINING REMARKS ON THE CASE OF COHENS VS. VIRGINIA. Steubenville, O.: Printed by James Wilson, 1821. 78pp. Bound in modern cloth. Light to moderate foxing. Two repaired chips slightly affect about three letters; outer margin of title leaf archivally reinforced on its blank verso. Good+.

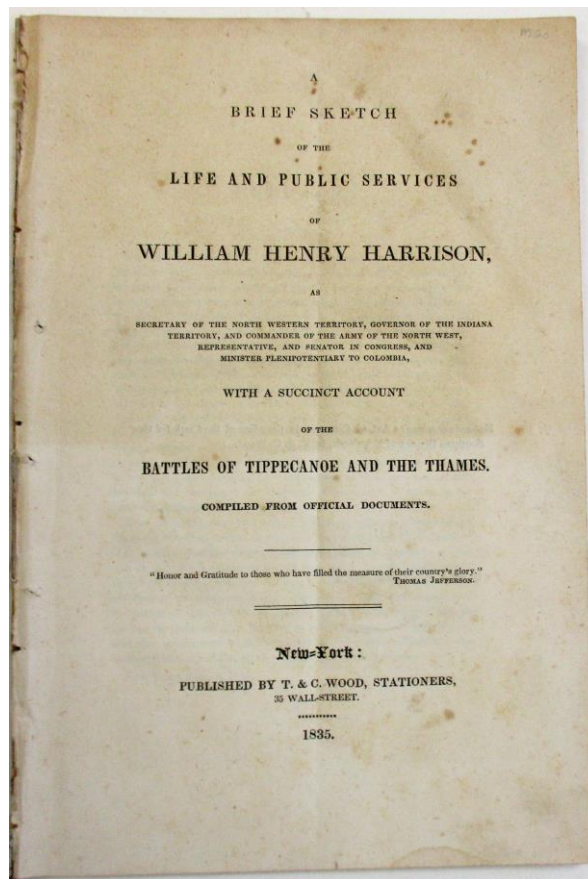
The Review consists of eleven essays, each signed, "HAMPDEN," ending on page 61. The additional Letter comprises the rest of the pamphlet. "Cohens v. Virginia is a landmark case in American constitutional history by virtue of Chief Justice Marshall's decision reasserting the primacy of the federal judiciary over the states in interpreting federal questions. The decision appears at 6 Wheaton (19 U.S.) Reports 264 [1821], The case arose on an appeal to the United States Supreme Court by Philip and Mendez Cohen from their

conviction by A Virginia court for selling tickets to a Washington, D.C., lottery in Virginia" [Cohen].

"The celebrated case in which the Supreme Court upheld its jurisdiction to review the judgement of a state court, the strongest bulwark of Federal power against the attacks of States' Rights" [Eberstadt]. Having established unanimously the supremacy of the federal judiciary, the Court held that the Virginia law was a purely local matter and upheld the Cohens' conviction.

This is an early imprint from the press of Steubenville's only printer, James Wilson. Charles Hammond [1779-1840], an Ohio lawyer, editor, and politician, wrote the Review. "Between 1813 and 1822, he was elected first to the Ohio Senate and then to the Ohio House of Representatives. His greatest interest was in judicial matters and from 1823 to 1838, Hammond served as the reporter of the Ohio Supreme Court. During his tenure as court reporter, he published the first nine volumes of Reports of Cases in the Supreme Court of Ohio" [Ohio History Central on line]. Ethan Allen Brown [1776-1852] was an Ohio State Supreme Court Justice, Governor, and influential supporter of Andrew Jackson.

Cohen 11127. 168 Eberstadt 031. Thomson 498. Morgan 1303. Sabin 30089. \$1,500.00



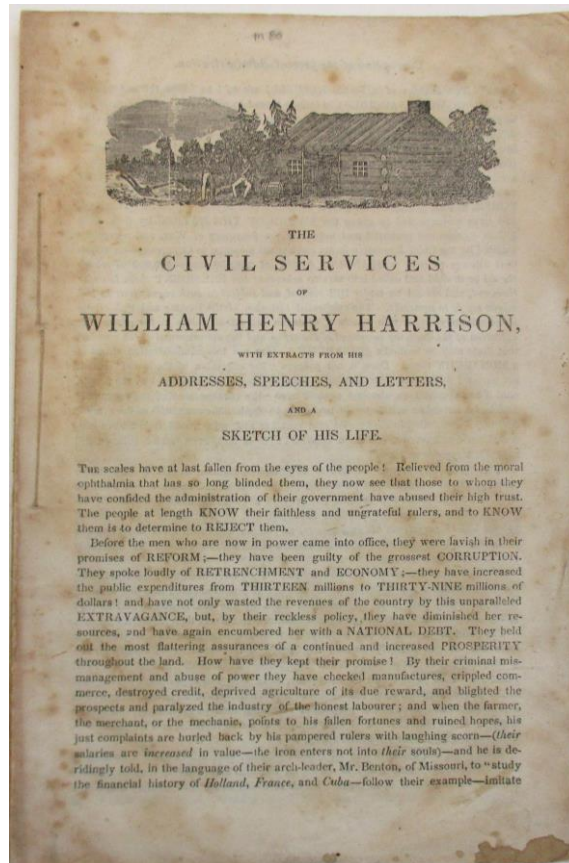
Item No. 51

The Many Campaign Pamphlets of William Henry Harrison

51. [Harrison, William Henry]: A BRIEF SKETCH OF THE LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES OF WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, AS SECRETARY OF THE NORTH WESTERN TERRITORY, GOVERNOR OF THE INDIANA TERRITORY, AND COMMANDER OF THE ARMY OF THE NORTH WEST, REPRESENTATIVE, AND SENATOR IN CONGRESS, AND MINISTER PLENIPOTENTIARY TO COLUMBIA,

WITH A SUCCINCT ACCOUNT OF THE BATTLES OF TIPPECANOE AND THE THAMES. COMPILED FROM OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS. New York: Published by T. & C. Wood, Stationers, 1835. 31, [1] pp. Disbound without wrappers, scattered light foxing. Good+.

"Based in part on the sketch of Harrison which appeared in the Port Folio, 1814" [Miles]. A campaign biography for Harrison's first run against Van Buren and the Jacksonians, dedicated "to the officers and soldiers of the last war..." Miles 60. Sabin 30574. \$275.00



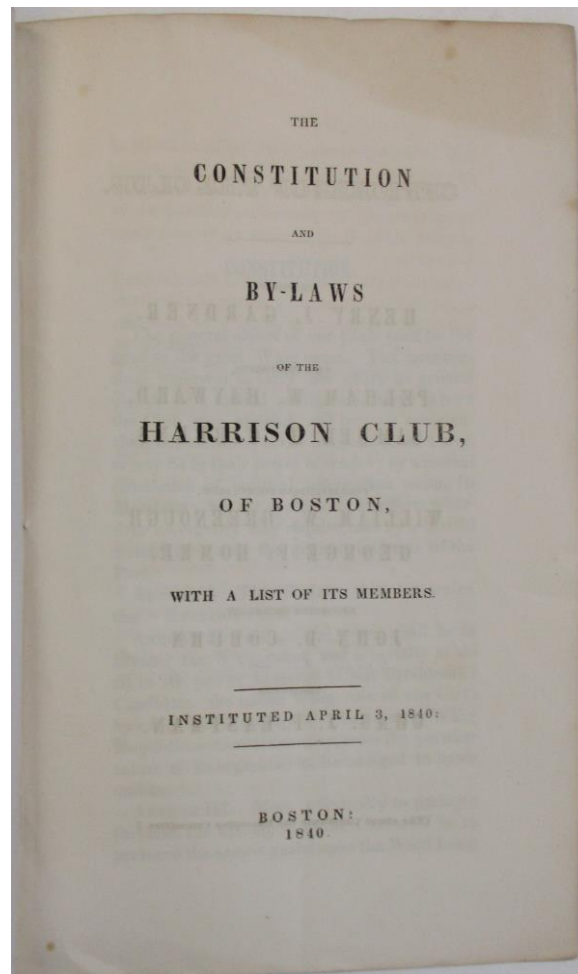
Item No. 52

52. [Harrison, William Henry]: THE CIVIL SERVICES OF WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, WITH EXTRACTS FROM HIS ADDRESSES, SPEECHES, AND LETTERS. AND A SKETCH OF HIS LIFE. [Philadelphia: C. Sherman & Co. 1840?]. 48pp. Stitched with caption title as issued. First and last leaf moderately foxed, else a clean text. Bottom margin of final leaf clipped, without affecting text. Log cabin engraving at head of title. Good+.

This is one of the scarcest campaign pamphlets supporting the presidential candidacy of Harrison. Democrats' corrupt and extravagant policies, their "unparalleled EXTRAVAGANCE," have created America's "NATIONAL DEBT ... checked manufactures, crippled commerce, destroyed credit, deprived agriculture of its due reward, and blighted the prospects and paralyzed the industry of the honest labourer."

Harrison's wise moderation and sturdy character will set things right. The pamphlet prints his biography from childhood, and lauds his career of service.

Miles 80. Cronin & Wise [Harrison] 46. Not in Sabin. Not located on OCLC as of July 2022.
\$450.00



Item No. 53

53. **[Harrison, William Henry]:** THE CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS OF THE HARRISON CLUB, OF BOSTON, WITH A LIST OF ITS MEMBERS. INSTITUTED APRIL 3, 1840. Boston: 1840. Original printed wrappers [portion of upper front wrapper clipped away]. Stitched. 8, [2 blanks] pp. Minor wear, Very Good.

Devoted to the election of William Henry Harrison. "The general object of our Club shall be the good of the great Whig cause." Constitution, by-laws, and members-- including executive committee-- are included.

AI 40-2980 [5].

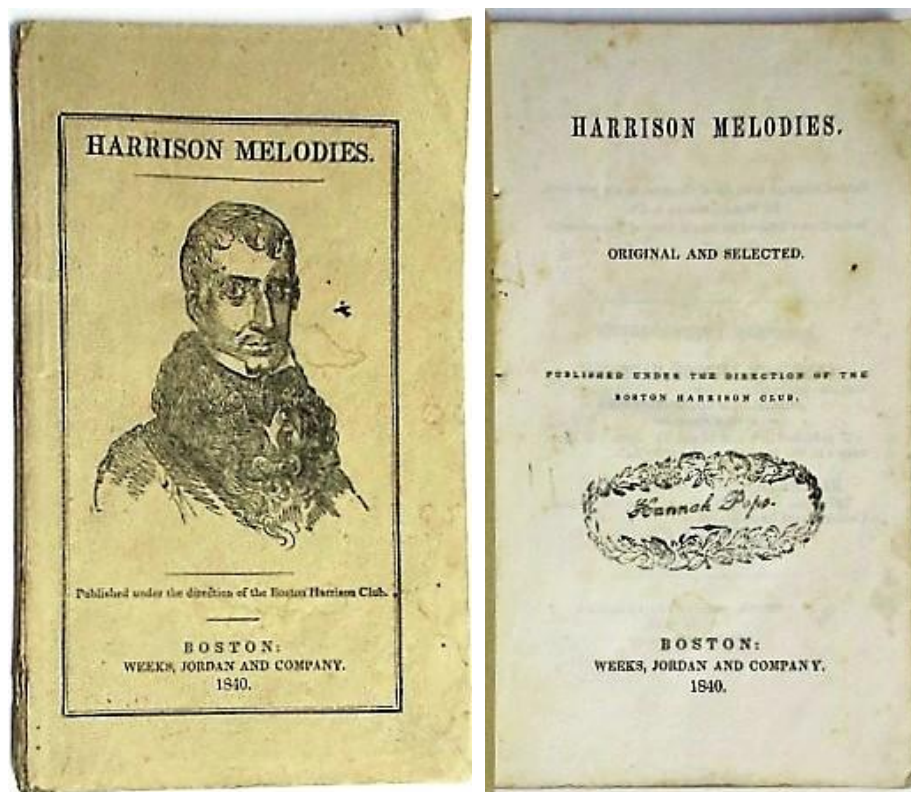
\$150.00

54. **[Harrison, William Henry]:** HARRISON MELODIES. ORIGINAL AND SELECTED. PUBLISHED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE BOSTON HARRISON CLUB. Boston: Weeks, Jordan and Company, 1840. Original printed brown wrappers, with portrait of Harrison. Stitched, 72pp. Light foxing, private owner's rubberstamp, Very Good.

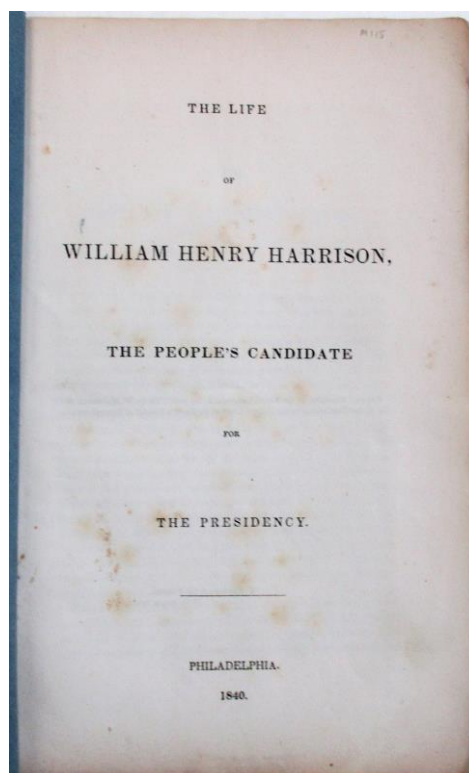
Enthusiastic Boston Whigs dedicate these campaign songs to Harrison, "the gallant soldier, the enlightened statesman, the consistent republican, and the honest man." Most of the songs "were written expressly for this work," many of them [denoted by an asterisk] by

members of the Boston Harrison Club. They include songs like, 'Brave Harrison,' 'All for Harrison,' 'The Hero Who Conquered,' etc.

AI 40-2981 [5]. Cronin & Wise 32. Not in Eberstadt, Decker, Miles Songs. \$450.00



Item No. 54



Item No. 55

55. **Harrison, William Henry:** THE LIFE OF WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE FOR THE PRESIDENCY. Philadelphia: [C. Sherman & Co.], 1840. 60pp. Stitched in original printed blue wrappers. Spine wrapper worn away, else Very Good.

The Democrats' "mismanagement and flaitious misrule" have plunged America into unprecedented "distress and difficulties."

"But the people of this country will no longer consent to be held in such bondage. Born freemen, they are wearied of being ruled with a rod of iron."

Miles 115.

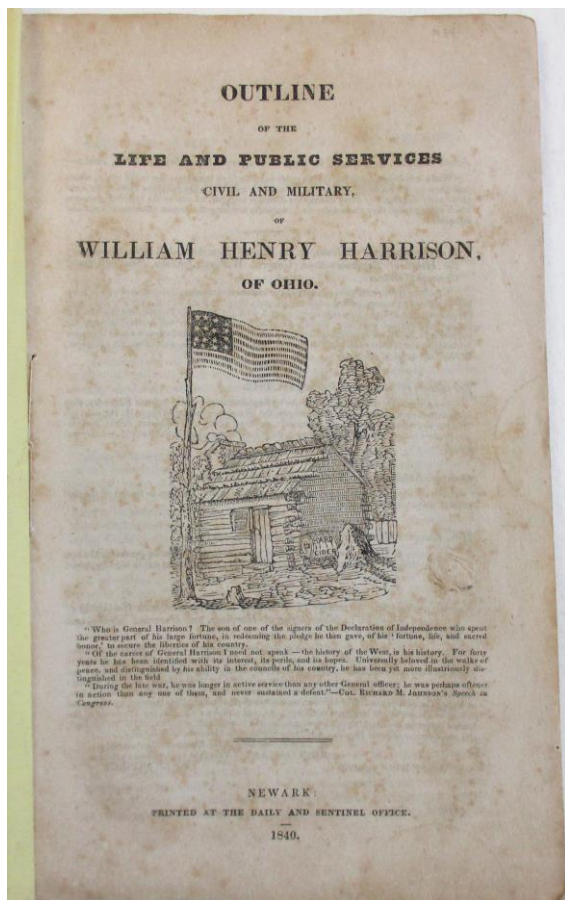
\$275.00

56. [**Harrison, William Henry**]: OUTLINE OF THE LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES CIVIL AND MILITARY, OF WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, OF OHIO. Newark: Printed at the Daily and Sentinel Office, 1840. Contemporary plain yellow wrappers, stitched, 32pp. With title page engraving of Harrison's iconic log cabin and the American flag. Light to moderate foxing. Good+.

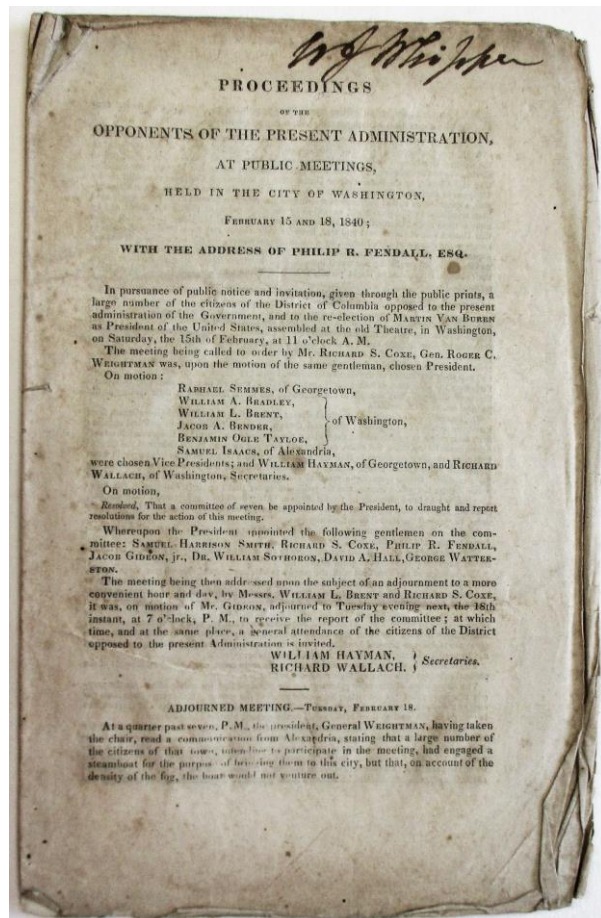
This is an unusual printing of Cushing's standard biography. It is the only recorded Newark imprint, and the only one we have encountered with the title page engraving. It ends with some "Tippecanoe Songs."

Miles 84. Not in Felcone or American Imprints.

\$175.00



Item No. 56



Item No. 57

57. [Harrison, William Henry]: PROCEEDINGS OF THE OPPONENTS OF THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION, AT PUBLIC MEETINGS, HELD IN THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, FEBRUARY 15 AND 18, 1840; WITH THE ADDRESS OF PHILIP R. FENDALL, ESQ. [Washington: 1840]. 35, [1 blank] pp. Stitched with caption title, as issued. Untrimmed. Lightly toned and spotted. Good+.

Fendall, a lawyer and Whig, became U.S. Attorney for the District of Columbia by appointment of President Tyler after the death of Whig President Harrison. Fendall was well-connected politically, related to Virginia Congressman Richard Bland Lee, and would be appointed to various offices by Presidents Madison and Monroe. He also was a lifelong friend of Henry Clay. His speech skewers the failed banking policies of Van Buren and the Democrats, and extols the character of Harrison.

Sabin 101950. AI 40-5567.

\$125.00

**YOUNG MEN'S
MEETING.**

A meeting of the **YOUNG MEN OF GERMAN-
TOWN**, will be held

THIS EVENING,

April 13th, at the house of **Jacob S. Wunder**, at **7½ o'clock**, to take into consideration the expediency of making preparations for participating in the *Solemnities of Thursday next*, relative to the death of our **CHIEF MAGISTRATE**.

Alfred W. Green,	Harvey M. Phillips,
William R. Coulston,	Charles J. Wister, jr.,
David Bender,	George Shingle,
Alfred Slocum,	John Schaeffer, jr.,
Jabez Gates,	Charles Reger,
Samuel R. Bockius,	Edward G. Ashmead,
James R. Ford,	William Kay,
John J. Crout,	Anthony Johnson,
Albert Collom,	Peter B. Fraley,
Charles Stadelman,	Henry Johnson,
Henry S. Ash,	Casper Guyer,
J. Richard Groff,	John Stöver,

April 10, 1841.

PRINTED AT THE OFFICE OF THE GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH, BY P. R. FREAS & CO.

Item No. 58

58. [Harrison, William Henry] : YOUNG MEN'S MEETING. A MEETING OF THE YOUNG MEN OF GERMANTOWN, WILL BE HELD THIS EVENING, APRIL 13TH, AT THE HOUSE OF JACOB S. WUNDER, AT 7 1/2 O'CLOCK, TO TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION THE EXPEDIENCY OF MAKING PREPARATIONS FOR

PARTICIPATING IN THE SOLEMNITIES OF THURSDAY NEXT, RELATIVE TO THE DEATH OF OUR CHIEF MAGISTRATE. . . APRIL 10, 1841. [Germantown, PA]: Printed at the Office of the Germantown Telegraph, by P.R. Freas & Co. 1841. 12 x 12, broadside. Printed using several different typesettings. Damped. Some chipping of blank edges, a few fold splits [repaired on verso with archival tape]. Signed in type with the names of 24 local young men. Good+ copy of a rare and evidently unrecorded survival.

The young men of Germantown planned to participate in the upcoming funeral solemnities honoring recently deceased President Harrison. This document is signed in type by 24 young men of Germantown. Their names and future occupations are:

Alfred W. Green, born c. 1823, Philadelphia physician, during the Civil War was appointed by the governor as Surgeon of the 36th Regiment (7th Res.), a position he held until January 18, 1863, at which time he resigned and was appointed Assistant Surgeon-General stationed at Washington;

William R. Coulston, born c. 1824, machinist in Manayunk Upper Ward, Philadelphia County;

Alfred Slocum, born c.1823. Philadelphia physician;

Henry S. Ash, born c. 1825, Philadelphia druggist;

John Stoever, born 1824, paymaster at Illinois during the Civil War;

J. Richard Groff, probably the Philadelphia Jeweler born c.1817;

Samuel R. Bockius, born c.1826, tailor, apparel and accessories stores;

John J. Crout, born c.1822, coal dealer;

Albert Collom, born c.1820, machinist;

George Shingle, born c.1820, stone mason;

James Ford, born c. 1822, construction;

Peter B. Fraley, born c.1820, machinist, saw and tool maker, eventually bought out dozens of manufacturers and retired after achieving his wealth, later was an alderman in West Philadelphia;

Charles J. Wister, born c. 1824, farmer;

Charles Stadelman, born c.1825, moulder;

Casper Guyer, born. c.1823, shoemaker;

Jabez Gates, born c.1826, retail grocer.

Other names: David Bender, Harvey M. Phillips, John Schaeffer, Jr., Charles Reger, Edward G. Ashmead, William Kay, Anthony Johnson, and John Stoever. The owner of the meeting place, Jacob S. Wunder [1788-1858], was an early Germantown settler whose popular hotel was used as headquarters for prominent government officials.

Not located on OCLC, or the online sites of AAS and the Library of Congress as of July 2022. \$750.00

A Barrier to the Extension of Slavery

59. **[Hathaway, James]:** FREE DEMOCRAT-EXTRA. PENSION AGENCY. BOUNTY LANDS FOR SOLDIERS OF THE LATE WAR WITH GREAT BRITAIN, AND THEIR WIDOWS AND CHILDREN. Chardon, Geauga County, Ohio: [1850?]. Broadside, 8" x 14". Bold caption title, printed in two columns beneath title. Light foxing, Very Good.

A rare Ohio broadside with an important antislavery subtext. It was printed by the Free Democrat, a Chardon newspaper. It is signed in type at the end by James Hathaway of Chardon, a little town about fifteen miles east of Cleveland. Hathaway specializes in securing

bounty lands for qualified veterans and their families. His work has, "for nearly ten years past, been crowned with great success" in Ohio and "any State west of Ohio."

Chardon's references include prominent anti-slavery men: Governor Seabury Ford, an anti-slavery Whig who served from 1849-1850; Joshua Giddings, the abolitionist Ohio Congressman; and Joel F. Asper, Chardon attorney and editor of the Free Democrat, an organ of the Free Soil Party; and others listed in the broadside. Asper and Giddings were delegates to the Buffalo Free Soil Convention in 1848. Hathaway's efforts to settle western lands by Free Soil families would have helped to establish a barrier to the extension of slavery. Not located in Sabin, Thomson, or OCLC or the AAS online site as of July 2022. \$950.00

FREE DEMOCRAT—EXTRA.

PENSION AGENCY.

BOUNTY LANDS FOR SOLDIERS OF THE LATE WAR WITH GREAT BRITAIN, AND THEIR WIDOWS AND CHILDREN.

BY THE LATE ACT OF CONGRESS, PASSED SEPTEMBER 21ST, 1832, much of the surviving, or the widow, or minor children of deceased, commissioned, and non-commissioned officers, musicians or privates, who served in the Regulars, Volunteers, Rangers, or Militia, who performed military service in any region, country or dominion in the service of the United States, in the late War with Great Britain, or in the Indian Wars since 1775, and each of the commissioned officers who was engaged in the military service of the United States in the late war with Mexico, are entitled to bounty lands, to wit:—Those who engaged to serve twelve months, or during the war, and actually served nine months, 100 acres; those who engaged to serve six months, and actually served four months, 50 acres; and those who engaged to serve any or an indefinite period, and actually served one month, fifty acres; Provided that whenever any officer or soldier was honorably discharged, it conveys more of disability, in the service, before the expiration of his period of service, he is entitled to the amount to which he would have been entitled, if he had served the full period for which he had engaged to serve. Those entitled to lands under former legislation, who were dishonorably discharged, and discharges not annulled by the late act. The subscriber has well known the act, and all the law, and regulations relating thereto, and he is prepared to assist in the acquisition of the lands, and will prepare their land warrants for a fee of \$10 in such cases, and will also be able to execute the proper papers, and pay the duties on the same, and will also be able to execute the claims of the Justice and Clerk, &c., which will be but a small amount, and to furnish the necessary evidence, giving a statement of the service, and the officers they served under, and when and where they entered the service. There will be some hundreds of thousands of applicants under the late act, and the subscribers will do well to make their application without delay, in order to get their applications before the department as soon as possible, as the applications will be acted upon in order as received. Applicants will write what evidence they have of their service, and who has paid them, and whether they have a written discharge, or not, &c. I am prepared with suitable help, in order to discharge the business without any unreasonable delay. The fee required is small, but I will be a larger fee was required, as no one can afford to do it for \$10 when they only have a few applicants.

Revolutionary pensions have been granted to officers and soldiers of the Continental line, who served for nine months—Full pay pensions allowed for life, if they served to the end of the war, commencing 31 March 1826; in case of death after that date, without payment, to the widow or children they may claim the pension up to the death of the officer or soldier. Pensions under the act of June 7th, 1832, to officers and soldiers of the Continental line, who served in the Indian Wars, Volunteers, and Militia, and those in the Naval service who served six months, conditional pensions; if twelve months, half pay for life. In case of death after March 4, 1831, without pay, the widow or children are entitled to the pension up to the death of the officer or soldier; half pay granted from the end of the war of the Revolution; for life to the officers of the Virginia line, and those of the North Carolina line, who served to the end of the war with Great Britain, if they were slain by the enemy, or died while in the service of the United States, they have been entitled to half pay or half of bounty lands. Invalid pensions are granted to officers, soldiers and seamen of the Continental line and Navy, who served in the Indian Wars, Volunteers, Rangers, and Militia. Widows and orphans are entitled to ten years half pay in the following cases, to wit:—of those killed in the massacre on the Wabash in 1811, of one year's more, act of Oct. 1815, of military widows, act of April 18, 1816, and Jan. 18, 1817, of military widows of officers and soldiers who served in the war of the Revolution six months or over, act of March 7, 1821, of soldiers entitled to pensions for life provided married to the officer or soldier before the last period of his service. Widows of officers or soldiers who served as aforesaid, and married after the last service of their husbands, and before 1794, are entitled to one-third of the act of Congress passed July 7, 1833, March 31, 1835, and June 17, 1844. The act of February 24, 1843, provides for widows of Revolutionary soldiers who were married prior to 1800.

The subscriber has, for nearly ten years past, been engaged in the pension agency, and has labored here with great success. In the investigation of claims, he has done more for ten years past, than any one else within his knowledge in the State of Ohio, or any State west of Ohio. He has an agent at Washington, to obtain from there what necessary, and he has made it a point to personally visit the office of public records in the State where Revolutionary records are to be found, when necessary, and personally examine said records; by this means he has established a number of persons when the keeper of said records had reported high and void ones in said records could be found, and records. He has established a large number of claims that had long been tried and given up as unobtainable. He has all the pension laws down to the last session of Congress, both old and new; also all the pension forms and regulations of the pension office, to be observed by claimants; also has in his possession direct and records, kept in the army of the Revolution, as well as other agencies relating to the war of the Revolution, which he has access to a great amount of Revolutionary rolls, which is good proof, now in the hands of divers private persons in the different States, and so where else to be found; all of which enable him to prosecute an inquiry with a great degree of certainty. He intends to continue to visit the different public offices where Revolutionary records are to be found, and also the city of Washington, when necessary, for the establishment of claims entrusted to his care. With the facilities of proof which he reaches, and his familiarity with the pension law and the proper manner of making papers and taking proof in cases with a great degree of certainty. He investigates all claims on his own risk and expense, and assumes no expense for his fee or reward, but if successful, he will be paid in all cases as agreed upon. Any person believing that they have an honest claim on the United States, whether total or partial, will do well to send a true statement of it to the undersigned, by mail, which shall be duly answered, and information given in regard to the validity of it without charge. He must, in all cases, be satisfied that there is honestly and justly a pension due, before he will engage in it.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF PENSIONERS

Hon. Secretary Ford, Governor of the State of Ohio,	"
" Peter Hiebeck, Supreme Judge, Burton,	"
" P. Hiss, Circuit Judge, Elyria,	"
" Ben. Shaffer, Plainville,	"
" Wm. L. Perkins, Plainville,	"
" Daniel Kerr,	"
" E. T. Walker, Aspy,	"
" S. B. Axell,	"
" Phelps, Hobbie & Thacker, Aspy, Chardon,	"
" Brown & Condit,	"
Hon. B. F. Avery,	"
" J. R. Giddings, M. C., Jefferson,	"
" John Chowell, M. C., Warren,	"
George Taylor, Cash's Western Reserve Bank, Warren, O.	"
Blacklock, Watson & Wells, Aspy, Chardon,	"
Williamson & R. Hill,	"
George Myers, Press, City Black,	"
Hamilton & Hamilton, Aspy, Byron, Williams Co., Ohio,	"
J. F. Asper, Editor Free Democrat, Chardon, Ohio,	"

Letters of inquiry, or applications to him, post paid, will meet with prompt attention. Address—

JAMES HATHAWAY, Chardon, George Co., Ohio.

N. B. Please pass this sheet to a sympathetic person.

Item No. 59

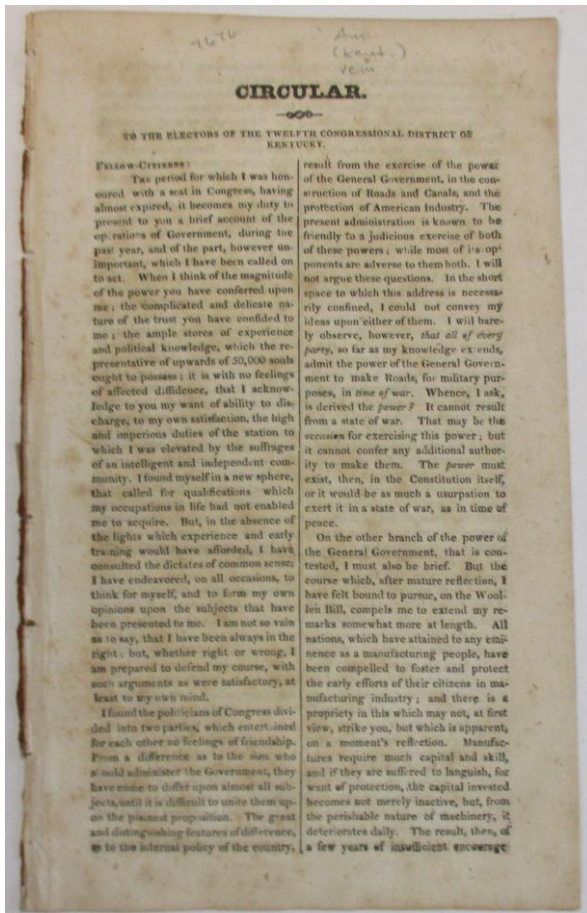
The Loneliness of a One-Term Congressman

60. [Henry, John F.]: CIRCULAR. TO THE ELECTORS OF THE TWELFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY. [Washington: 1827]. 8pp. Disbound, lightly foxed, printed in two columns per page. Caption title, as issued. Signed and dated Feb. 28, 1827, in type at the end. Good+.

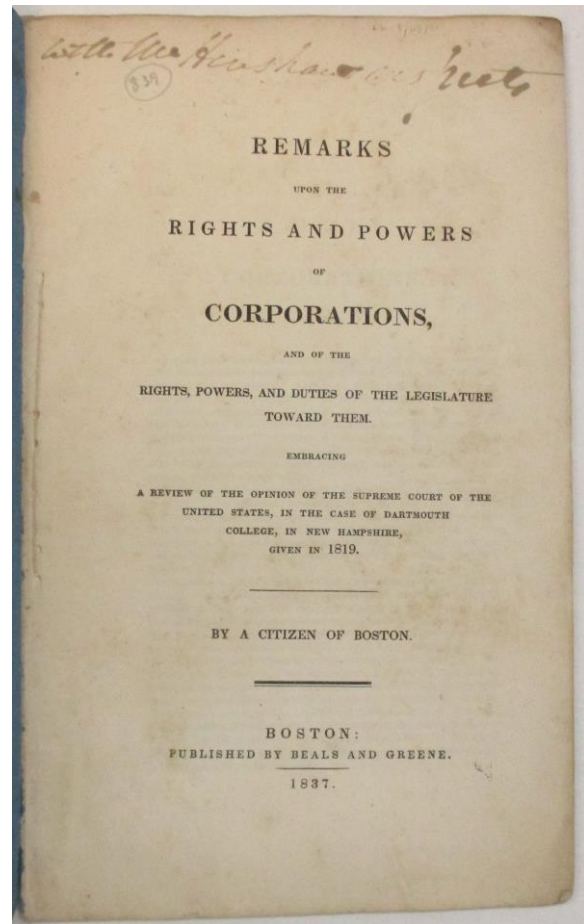
John Flournoy Henry [1793-1873], a physician and medical school professor, served a single term in Congress as a supporter of President John Quincy Adams. He lost his bid for reelection, despite this scarce Circular to his constituents. The Circular informs them that, upon his arrival at Washington, "I found the politicians of Congress divided into two parties, which entertained for each other no feelings of friendship." He explains his support for the Adams-Whig program of protective tariffs and internal improvements.

AI 29197 [1- MiD-B]. OCLC 7918896 [1- U IN] as of July 2022. Not in Coleman.

\$250.00



Item No. 60



Item No. 61

Severe Critique of the Dartmouth College Case

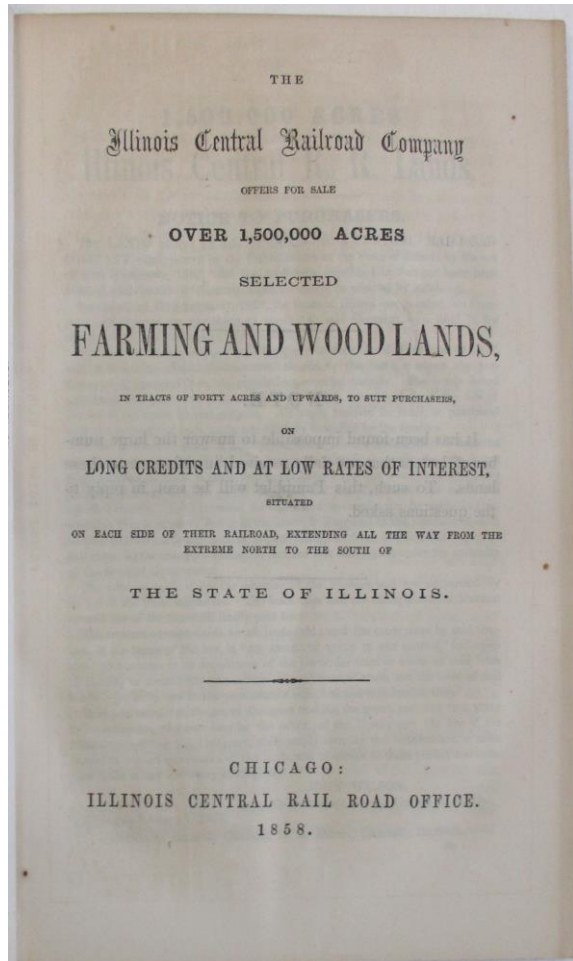
61. [Henshaw, David]: REMARKS UPON THE RIGHTS AND POWERS OF CORPORATIONS, AND OF THE RIGHTS, POWERS, AND DUTIES OF THE LEGISLATURE TOWARD THEM. EMBRACING A REVIEW OF THE OPINION OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, IN THE CASE OF DARTMOUTH COLLEGE, IN NEW HAMPSHIRE, GIVEN IN 1819. BY A CITIZEN OF BOSTON. Boston: Beals and Greene, 1837. 31, [1 blank] pp, stitched in original printed blue wrappers [lightly worn]. Very Good. Inscription on title page, "With Mr. Henshaw's respects."

This well-known Jacksonian analyzes the powers of corporations in ancient times, under British rule, and as the result of the Supreme Court's decision in the Dartmouth College Case, which held that the New Hampshire Legislature's purported revocation of Dartmouth's Charter violated the constitutional prohibition against the impairment of contracts.

Unlike many Jacksonians, Henshaw did not oppose corporations: they do not necessarily result in monopolies or special privileges. However, by placing them "beyond legislative control," the Dartmouth College Case encourages corporations "to become monopolies and perpetuities" and hence "alarming excrescences upon the body politic."

FIRST EDITION. Cohen 11617. AI 44746 [5]. Not in Marvin, Harv. Law Cat., Marke.

\$350.00



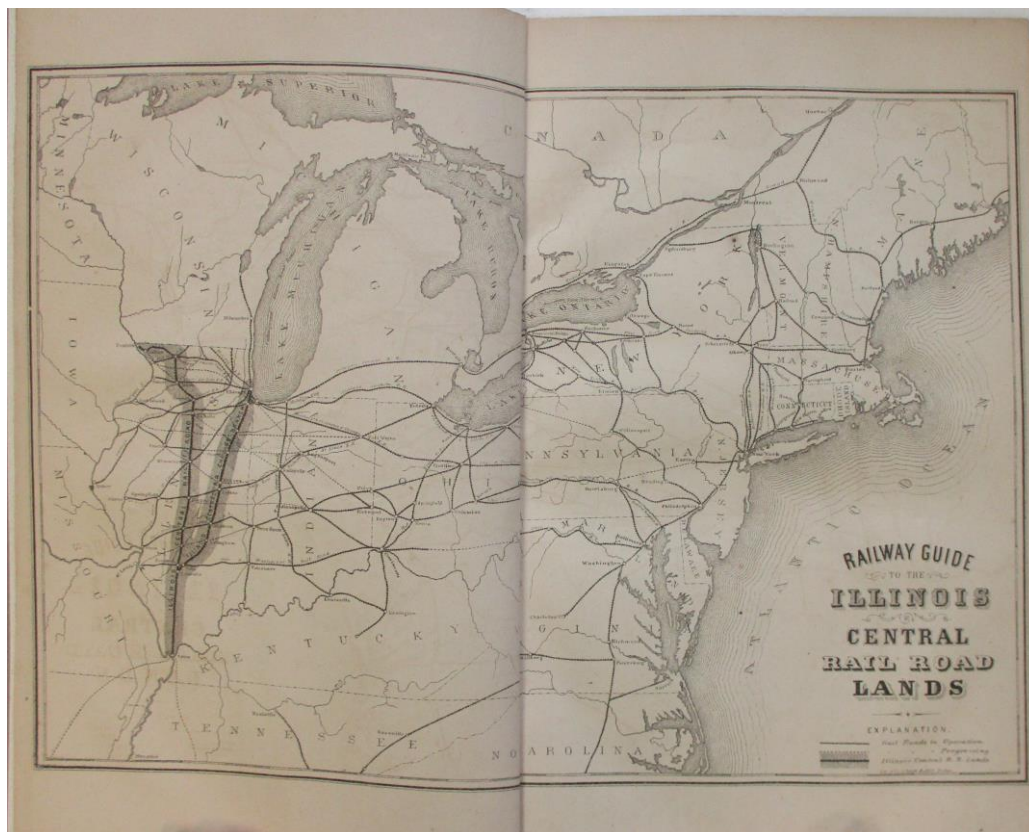
Item No. 62

“A Guidebook to Illinois”

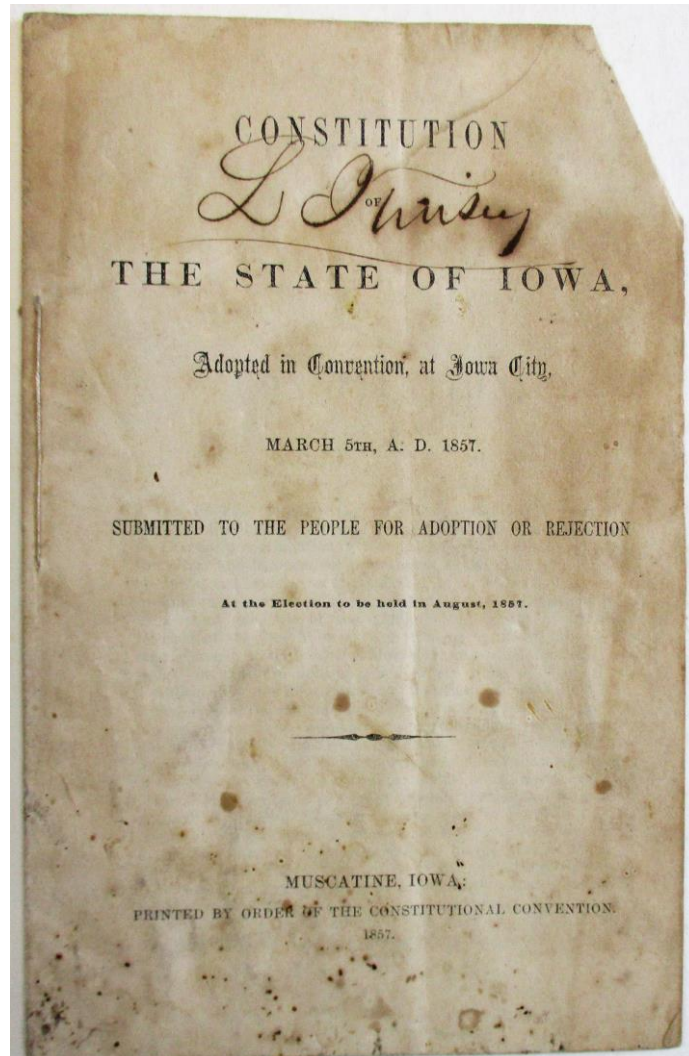
62. **Illinois Central Railroad:** THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OFFERS FOR SALE OVER 1,500,000 ACRES SELECTED FARMING AND WOOD LANDS, IN TRACTS OF FORTY ACRES AND UPWARDS, TO SUIT PURCHASERS, ON LONG CREDITS AND AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST, SITUATED ON EACH SIDE OF THEIR RAILROAD, EXTENDING ALL THE WAY FROM THE EXTREME NORTH TO THE SOUTH OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS. Chicago: Illinois Central Rail Road Office, 1858. 80pp, stitched into modern plain wrappers. Frontis maps and plate: Outline Map of Illinois; double-page map, entitled Railway Guide to the Illinois Central Railroad Lands; engraving entitled, 'Prairie Scene in Illinois.' Very Good.

"The work is, in effect, a guidebook to Illinois" [Eberstadt]. Chicago imprints had previously issued in 1855 and 1857, the 1855 offering 2,000,000 acres.

This one, as Byrd notes, contains some material not printed in those editions. The "pamphlets deal with such topics as the value of Illinois lands for farming purposes; advantages of settling in Illinois; cost of moving to Chicago; prices of products; fuel and fencing. They contain statistics of towns on the line of the road and letters from Illinois farmers giving their experiences and opinions" [Buck].
Ante-Fire Imprints 331. Byrd 2932. Buck 559. \$500.00



Item No. 62



Item No. 63

Iowa's Polity Consists of White Male Citizens

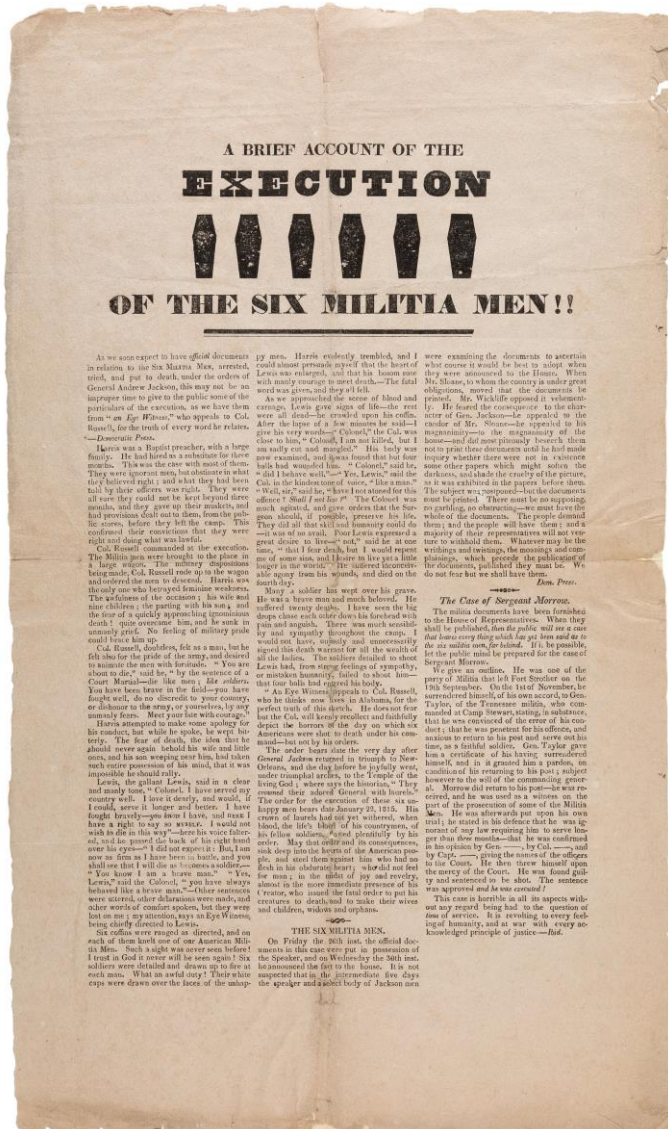
63. [Iowa]: CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF IOWA, ADOPTED IN CONVENTION, AT IOWA CITY. MARCH 5TH, A.D. 1857. SUBMITTED TO THE PEOPLE FOR ADOPTION OR REJECTION AT THE ELECTION TO BE HELD IN AUGUST, 1857. Muscatine, Iowa: Printed by Order of the Constitutional Convention, 1857. 26pp, stitched. Upper blank forecorner clipped on all pages, not affecting any text. Persistent light dampstain at upper quadrant, light scattered foxing. Good+.

Section 23 of Article I, the Bill of Rights, prohibited slavery or involuntary servitude, "unless for the punishment of a crime." Foreigners "shall enjoy the same rights" as native-born citizens to possess and sell property [Article 22]. No analogue to the Federal Constitution's Second Amendment, guaranteeing the right to bear and carry arms, was included. The suffrage was limited to adult white male citizens who satisfied a brief residency requirement.

The referendum approved the Constitution which, with numerous amendments, is today's Constitution of Iowa. "The main drawback of the first Iowa constitution was that it did not allow banks that could print and issue money (these were called 'banks of issue') ... They had no official currency. At one time, over 300 kinds of money circulated in Iowa.

When the new Constitution of 1857 was adopted, a new bank with many branches was begun. This was called the State Bank because the state made the rules." [online, from Iowa's department of cultural affairs.]

Not in Cohen. OCLC records nine locations under several accession numbers as of July 2022. \$600.00



could brace him up. Col. Russell, doubtless, felt as a man, but he felt also for the pride of the army, and desired to animate the men with fortitude. "You are about to die," said he, "by the sentence of a Court Martial—die like men; like soldiers. You have been brave in the field—you have fought well, do no discredit to your country, or dishonor to the army, or yourselves, by any unmanly fears. Meet your fate with courage." Harris attempted to make some apology for his conduct, but while he spoke, he wept bitterly. The fear of death, the idea that he should never again behold his wife and little ones, and his son weeping near him, had taken such entire possession of his mind, that it was impossible he should rally. Lewis, the gallant Lewis, said in a clear and manly tone, "Colonel, I have served my country well. I love it dearly, and would, if I could, serve it longer and better. I have fought bravely—you know I have, and HERE I have a right to say so MYSELF. I would not wish to die in this way"—here his voice faltered, and he passed the back of his right hand over his eyes—"I did not expect it: But, I am now as firm as I have been in battle, and you shall see that I will die as becomes a soldier.—" "You know I am a brave man." "Yes, Lewis," said the Colonel, "you have always behaved like a brave man."—Other sentences were uttered, other declarations were made, and other words of comfort spoken, but they were lost on me; my attention, says an Eye Witness, being chiefly directed to Lewis. Six coffins were ranged as directed, and on each of them knelt one of our American Militia Men. Such a sight was never seen before! I trust in God it never will be seen again! Six soldiers were detailed and drawn up to fire at each man. What an awful duty! Their white caps were drawn over the faces of the unhap-

Item No. 64

First State of this Dramatic Condemnation of Andrew Jackson

64. [Jackson, Andrew]: A BRIEF ACCOUNT OF THE EXECUTION OF THE SIX MILITIA MEN!! [Philadelphia: John Binns, 1828]. Folio Broadside, 11" x 19." Printed in three columns, each separated by a rule. Macabre relief cuts of six black coffins within the title. Repaired horizontal and vertical closed tears on blank verso; several small holes have slight effect on several letters. Light toning. Good+ copy of a rare, dramatic broadside.

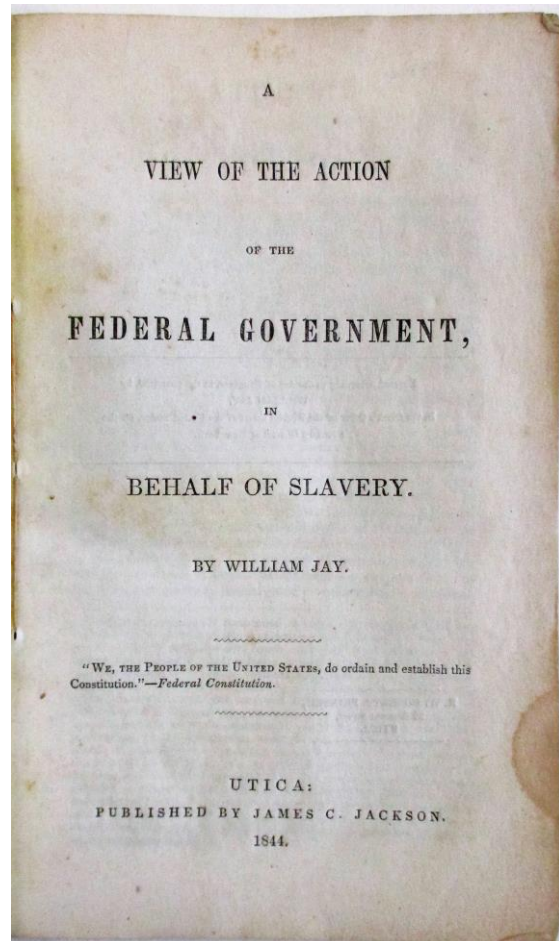
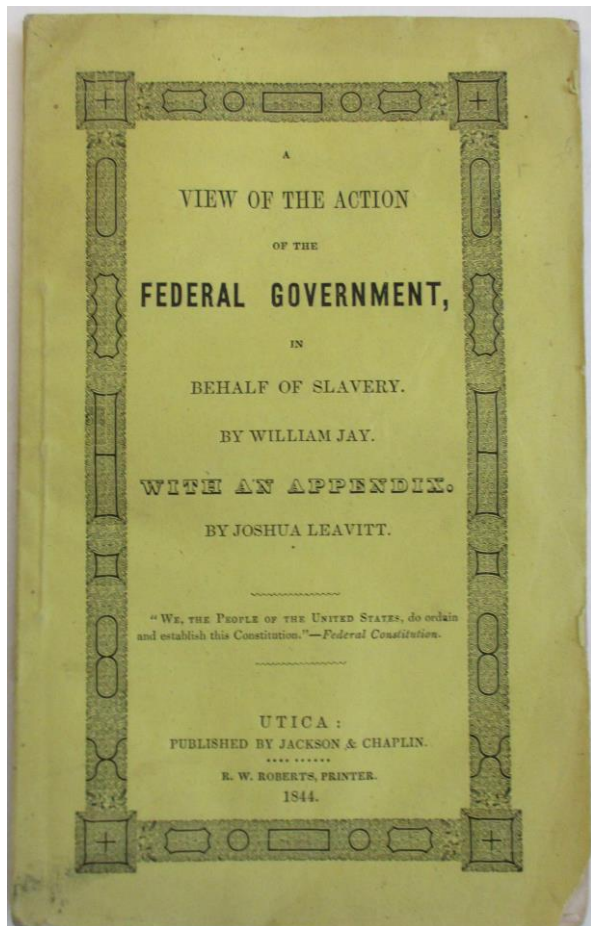
"As we soon expect to have official documents in relation to the SIX MILITIA MEN, arrested, tried, and put to death, under the orders of General Andrew Jackson, this may not be

an improper time to give to the public some of the particulars of the execution..." The source of those "particulars" is the account in John Binns's 'Democratic Press.'

The primary weapon of the anti-Jackson forces was his alleged impetuous, unrestrained, martial personality, utterly unsuitable for the presidency of a democratic republic whose success required respect for constitutional checks and balances. Jackson's indefensible shooting of the six militia men after the Battle of New Orleans is described in elaborate detail. The events described occurred during the Seminole Campaign of 1815. Jackson ordered the execution of six soldiers for mutiny. The alleged mutiny consisted of a dispute over whether the soldiers were volunteers for three or six months.

American Imprints 32473 records a later issue of this broadside, the text expanded to four columns with the addition of text dated 30 January 1828. The only other three-column institutional copy that we have located is at the Boston Athenaeum.

OCLC 145506365 [1- Boston Athenaeum] as of July 2022. Four-column printing for AI 32473. OCLC 191251345 [3 locations for the four-column variant: AAS, Boston College, Middlebury]. Three-column printing not at AAS's online site. \$5,000.00



Item No. 65

With the Story of the Amistad

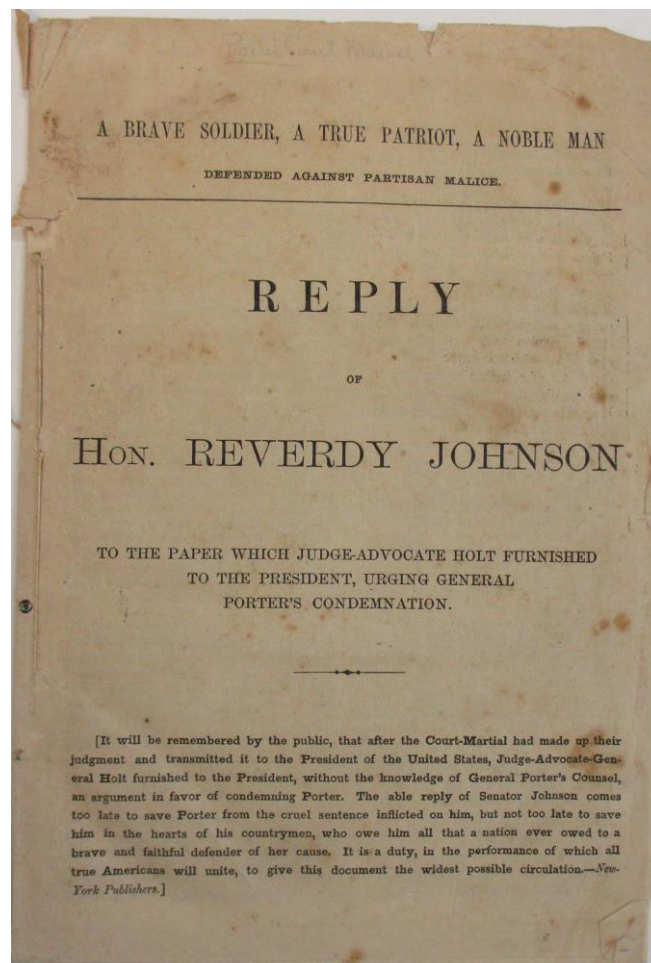
65. **Jay, William:** A VIEW OF THE ACTION OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, IN BEHALF OF SLAVERY. Utica: Published by Jackson & Chaplin. [R.W. Roberts, Printer], 1844. 112pp. Stitched in original printed bright yellow wrappers. Old rubberstamp on blank verso of front wrapper. Light scattered spotting, Very Good.

This, along with an 1844 variant also published by Jackson, is the only edition with the Appendix, titled, "The Amistad Case." The Appendix sets forth, in chronological detail and with dramatic flair, the riveting facts of the Amistad Case and the Creole Case.

In the preceding text Jay, noted attorney, abolitionist, and son of the first Chief Justice, treats the recovery of fugitive slaves, the slave trade, oppression of free Negroes, slavery's suppression of free speech, Texas, and Haiti. He "castigated the federal government's complicity in the crime of slavery...by contrasting actual federal involvement in slavery with the constitutionally required minimal involvement. He also contrasted the gratuitous complicity with slavery with a vision of what the national government might permissibly do against slavery. Most of Jay's positions on congressional or executive power were well within the mainstream of legal thought of the day" [Cover, Justice Accused 155]. This is a first-class work.

Sabin 35866. AI 44-3420 [5]. Dumond 69. LCP 5270.

\$450.00



Item No. 66

**The Defender of Fitz John Porter, the Dred Scott Slaveowners,
And the Ku Klux Klan**

66. **Johnson, Reverdy:** A BRAVE SOLDIER, A TRUE PATRIOT, A NOBLE MAN DEFENDED AGAINST PARTISAN MALICE. REPLY OF HON. REVERDY JOHNSON TO THE PAPER WHICH JUDGE-ADVOCATE HOLT FURNISHED TO THE PRESIDENT, URGING GENERAL PORTER'S CONDEMNATION. [New York? 1863?].

56pp, stitched. Light uniform toning. One inner margin chip, touching but not affecting a letter. Good+.

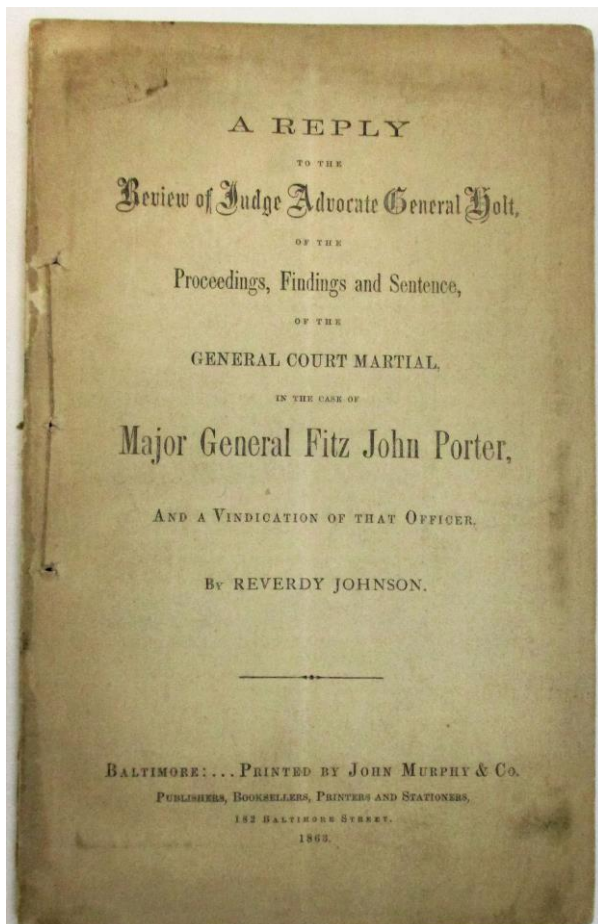
The great Maryland lawyer, Unionist Democrat who had been counsel for the slaveholders in Dred Scott and would later represent the Ku Klux Klan, lent his considerable talents to the defense of Fitz John Porter, who had been court martialed after Second Manassas Johnson analyzes the evidence against Porter, rebuts it, and assails the unfair process by which Porter was convicted.

Bartlett 2471. Sabin 36262.

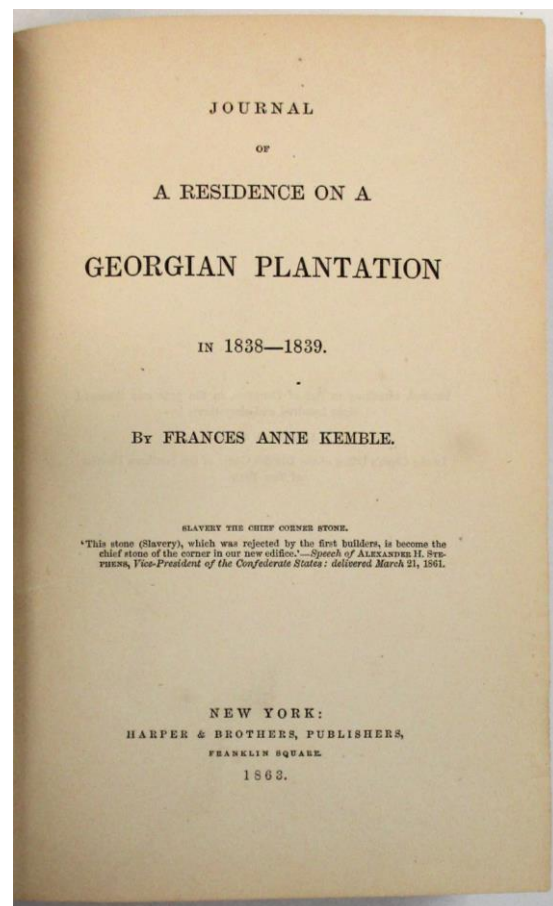
\$125.00

67. **Johnson, Reverdy:** A REPLY TO THE REVIEW OF JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL HOLT, OF THE PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS AND SENTENCE, OF THE GENERAL COURT MARTIAL, IN THE CASE OF MAJOR GENERAL FITZ JOHN PORTER, AND A VINDICATION OF THAT OFFICER. Baltimore: Printed by John Murphy & Co., 1863. 88pp, stitched, title leaf and some other leaves toned. Else Very Good. 43 Decker 103. Sabin 36267.

\$125.00



Item No. 67



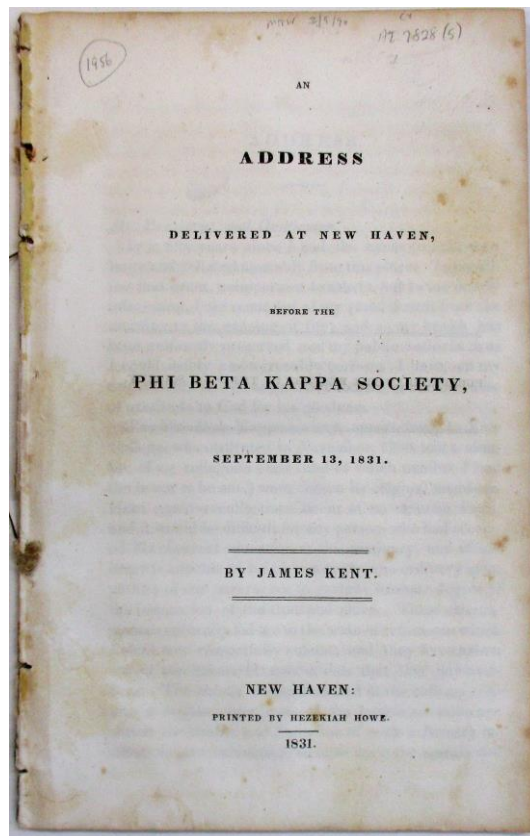
Item No. 68

An Uncomplimentary Account of Her Husband's Slave Plantation

68. **Kemble, Frances Anne:** JOURNAL OF A RESIDENCE ON A GEORGIAN PLANTATION IN 1838-1839. New York: Harper & Brothers, Publishers, 1863. 337, [1 blank], 7, [3], [1 blank] pp, as issued. The word 'about' is repeated on page 314, line 6. Bound in original publisher's cloth, with light wear at foot of spine. Text clean and bright, with

advertisements following page 337. About Fine. Bookplate of Benjamin H. Lane on front pastedown.

Why the famous British actress, who abhorred slavery, married the plantation master Pierce Butler is unclear. But marry him she did in 1834, providing her with a first-hand look at Slavery during a brief sojourn at his Georgia plantation. Her account of the inhumane treatment of slaves, and the lascivious habits of Butler's overseer, was widely read. FIRST AMERICAN EDITION, FIRST ISSUE. Howes K70. LCP 5515. \$500.00



Item No. 69

Address by New York's Chancellor

69. **Kent, James:** AN ADDRESS DELIVERED AT NEW HAVEN, BEFORE THE PHI BETA KAPPA SOCIETY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1831. New Haven: Printed by Hezekiah Howe, 1831. 48pp. Disbound, a bit of foxing. Good+.

Chancellor Kent treats the constitutional and legal history of Connecticut, and the history of Yale College and its Phi Beta Kappa Society. AI 7828 [5]. Not in Cohen.

\$250.00

Iconic Currier & Ives Emancipation Broadside

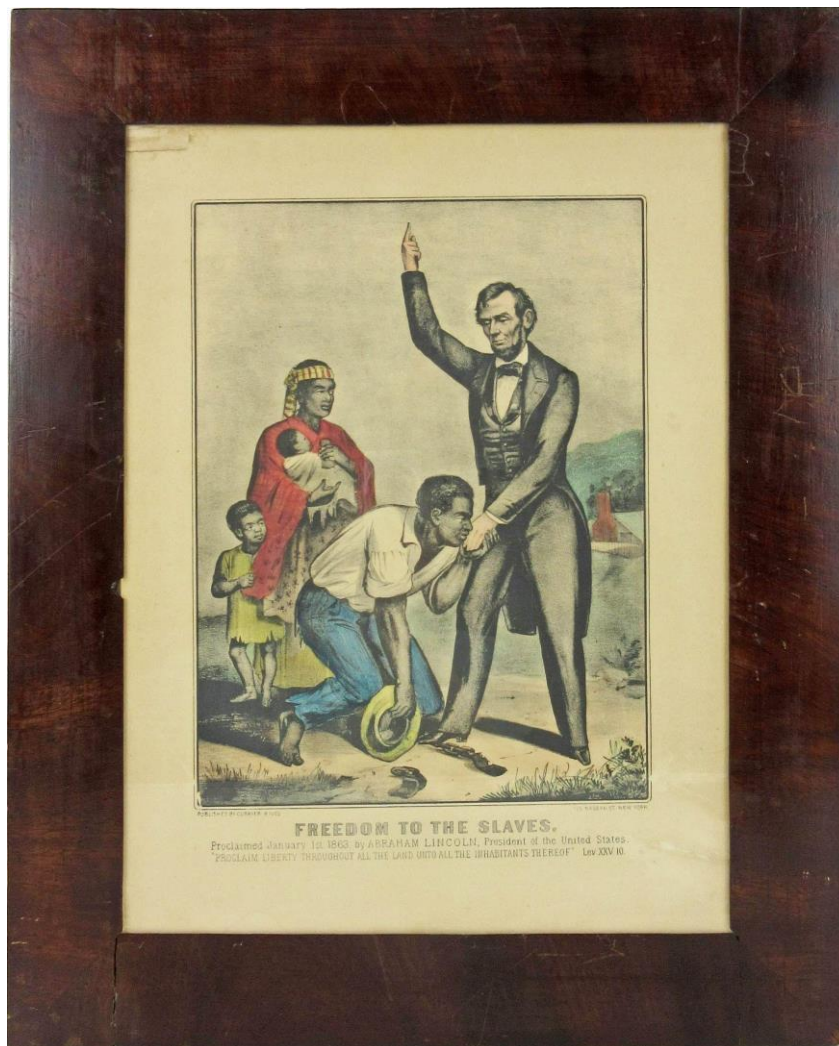
70. **[Lincoln, Abraham]:** FREEDOM TO THE SLAVES. PROCLAIMED JANUARY 1ST. 1863, BY ABRAHAM LINCOLN, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES. "PROCLAIM LIBERTY THROUGHOUT ALL THE LAND UNTO ALL THE INHABITANTS THEREOF." LEV. XXV. 10. New York: Currier & Ives. [1865]. Color

print, 11-3/4" x 15-1/2" [by sight]. A black man, newly freed from slavery, kneels at Lincoln's feet, his shackles broken. He kisses Lincoln's hand. His wife and babies stand behind him. Lincoln's raised right arm points heavenward. Light uniform toning, but brightly colored. Two blank margin tears at lower right corner, one blank margin tear at upper left corner. Framed in wood [a few small dings] to overall size 16" x 20." Very Good.

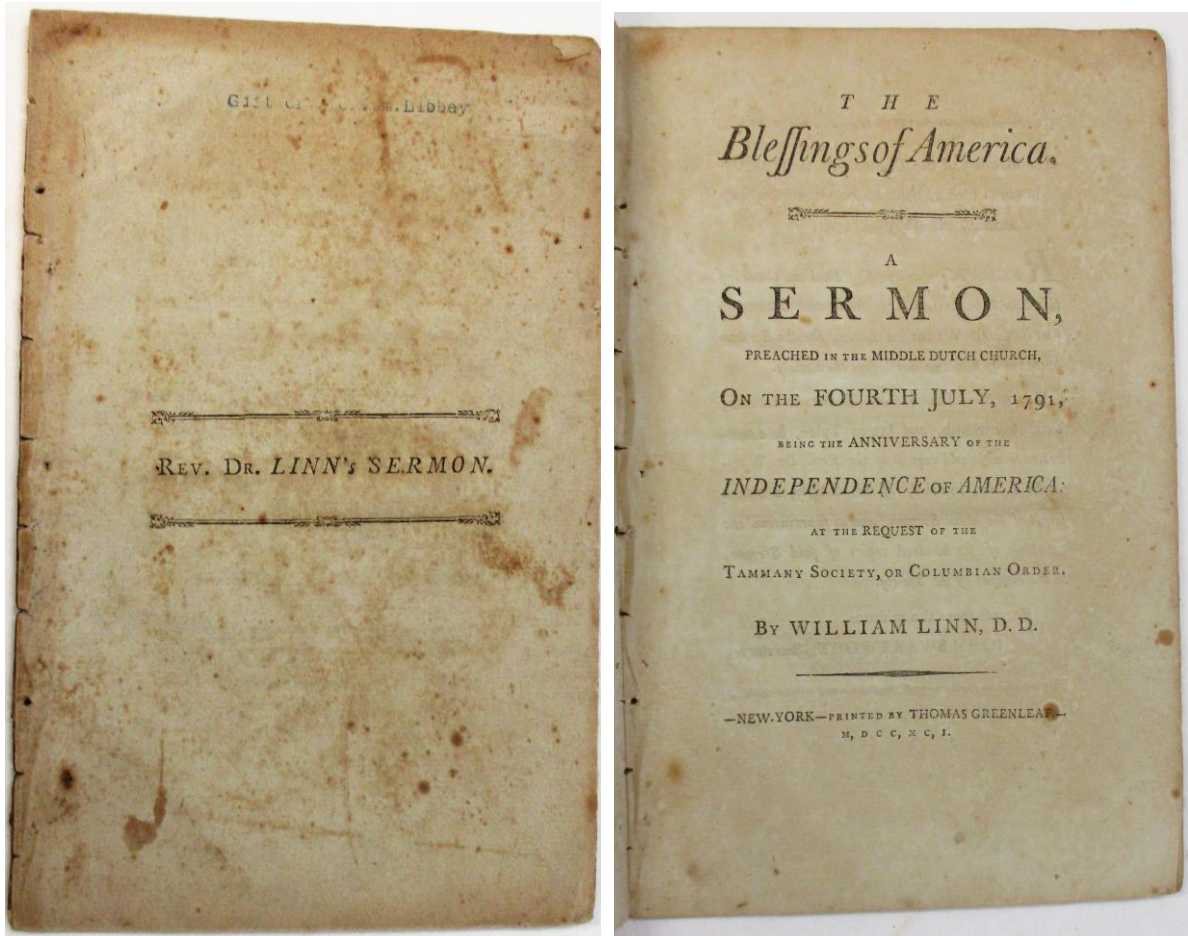
"This commemorative print was issued soon after the assassination of President Lincoln to comfort his supporters. The semi-allegorized representation portrayed the former president as the emancipator of enslaved African Americans, guided by divine principles" [Description online at The Met].

Entering Richmond in 1865, Lincoln was met by many former slaves who kneeled before him. Lincoln told them to stand and thank God, not Lincoln, for their freedom. A decade later the Colored People's Educational Monument Association, headed by the African-American abolitionist Henry Highland Garnet, created a memorial to Lincoln. The result was a sculpture, erected in 1876 in Lincoln Park near Capitol Hill, depicting a supplicant slave and a towering Lincoln. Known as the Emancipation Memorial, or the Freedmen's Memorial, it generated some contemporary criticism for its depiction of the inferior position of the black man.

Gale 2311. Not in Reilly or Weitenkampf. OCLC 1292616124 [1- OH Hist. Connection], 870219805 [1- IN Hist. Soc.] as of July 2022. \$3,500.00



Item No. 70



Item No. 71

“We Stand Single Among All the Nations of the Earth”

71. **Linn, William:** THE BLESSINGS OF AMERICA. A SERMON, PREACHED IN THE MIDDLE DUTCH CHURCH, ON THE FOURTH JULY, 1791, BEING THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE INDEPENDENCE OF AMERICA: AT THE REQUEST OF THE TAMMANY SOCIETY, OR COLUMBIAN ORDER. New York: Thomas Greenleaf, 1791. 39pp, disbound, with the half title. Scattered foxing, light rubberstamp at top of half title. Good+.

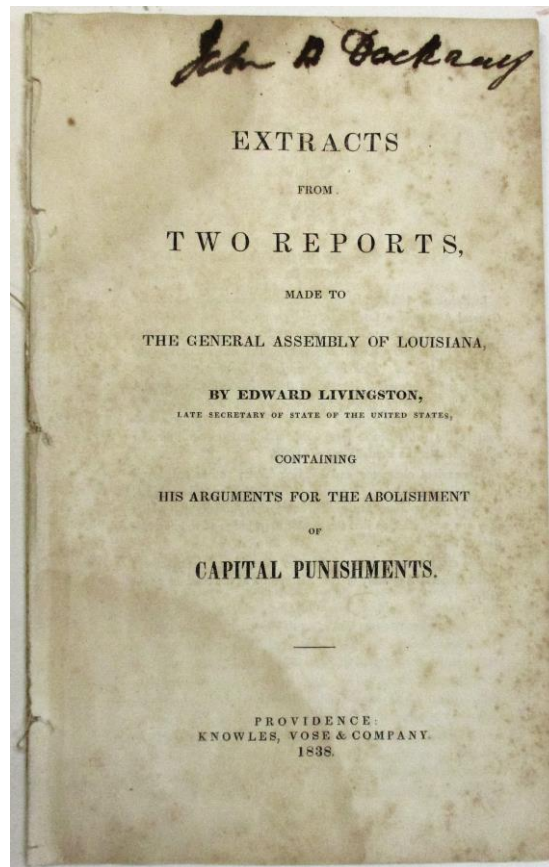
Pages 37-39 are An Ode Composed for the Occasion, by Dr. William Pitt Smith. Linn was the first chaplain of the House of Representatives in 1789. One of 600 copies printed and one of the best July 4 orations, this is a significant contemporary account-- soon after the Constitution's adoption-- of the virtues of America. It presents themes which would resonate through American history: the natural bounty of the land; the blessings of geography. "Separated, by Providence, from the continual jealousies, and bloody dissensions of the old world," America is free "to enjoy in peace, the blessings which Heaven hath bestowed, and to extend them to all within our reach." This is a far greater destiny than to "seek to build our advancement on the degradation of others." Moreover, the "constitution of our civil government" is much to be praised.

Linn is profoundly grateful for "the peaceable and unanimous manner in which a change, in our national government, has been effected." He is especially pleased that we enjoy complete religious freedom. Hence, "we stand single among all the nations of the

earth." The "natural equality of men" is respected here. Gratitude is particularly appropriate when we recall the tyranny of British rule.

FIRST EDITION. Evans 23504. ESTC W29985.

\$450.00



Item No. 72

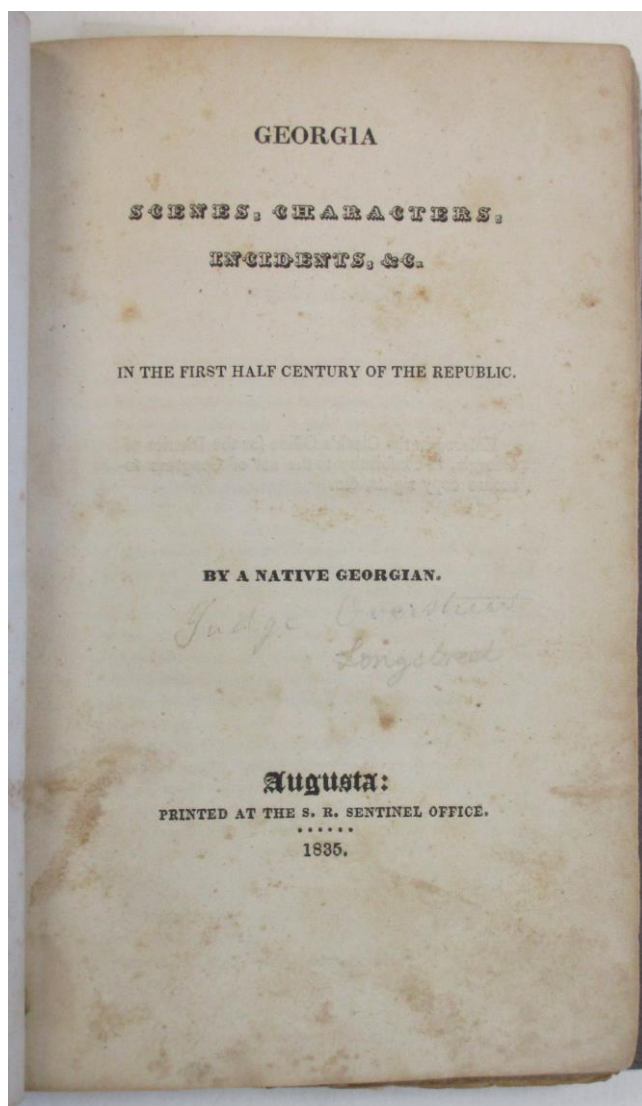
**“Fear of Death Will Rarely Deter from the Commission
Of Great Crimes”**

72. **Livingston, Edward:** EXTRACTS FROM TWO REPORTS, MADE TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF LOUISIANA, BY EDWARD LIVINGSTON, LATE SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE UNITED STATES. CONTAINING HIS ARGUMENTS FOR THE ABOLISHMENT OF CAPITAL PUNISHMENTS. Providence: Knowles, Vose & Company, 1838. 24pp. Disbound without wraps, some spotting, Good+. Contemporary owner's signature at upper margin of title leaf.

Renowned for his groundbreaking work in establishing penal codes, Livingston explains why capital punishment should be banished. "The exalted standing and character of the author," according to the introductory Note, require "the attention of the members of the General Assembly of this State, and to the citizens generally." Livingston rebuts the argument of deterrence: "The fear of death will rarely deter from the commission of great crimes." Even those who commit horrible crimes may be capable of rehabilitation-- indeed, some such crimes "are, sometimes, produced by a single error." Livingston reminds his readers-- if more persuasion is needed-- of the Holy command, "Thou Shall not Kill."

Cohen 3820. AI 51308 [4].

\$500.00



Item No. 73

“Landmark of American Literature”

73. **[Longstreet, Augustus Baldwin]:** GEORGIA SCENES, CHARACTERS, INCIDENTS, &C. IN THE FIRST HALF CENTURY OF THE REPUBLIC. BY A NATIVE GEORGIAN. Augusta: Printed at the S.R. Sentinel Office. iv, [5]-233, [1 blank] pp. Lightly to moderately foxed, lower corner of first front free endpaper renewed. Else Very Good. Bound in modern quarter brown morocco and grey paper over boards. With the ownership signature, "C. Oscanyan," the Armenian-American writer [see Wikipedia].

These "humorous and realistic sketches of life in the 'Old Southwest' were a landmark in American literature, and among the earliest works of the tradition that led to Clemens" [Streeter].

"VERY SCARCE. It is a vivid and homely picture of middle-class Georgia life, in the dialect of the locality and period. The three sports episodes---The Turf, The Fox Hunt, and The Shooting Match---are justly famous. The sketches of small-town life, such as The Wax Works, and The Ball, are quaintly humorous" [Bennett].

FIRST EDITION. Streeter Sale 1168. Howes L448 'b,' BAL 12946. Sabin 41936. Bennett 76. 1 De Renne 445. 123 Eberstadt 121. \$7,000.00



Item No. 74

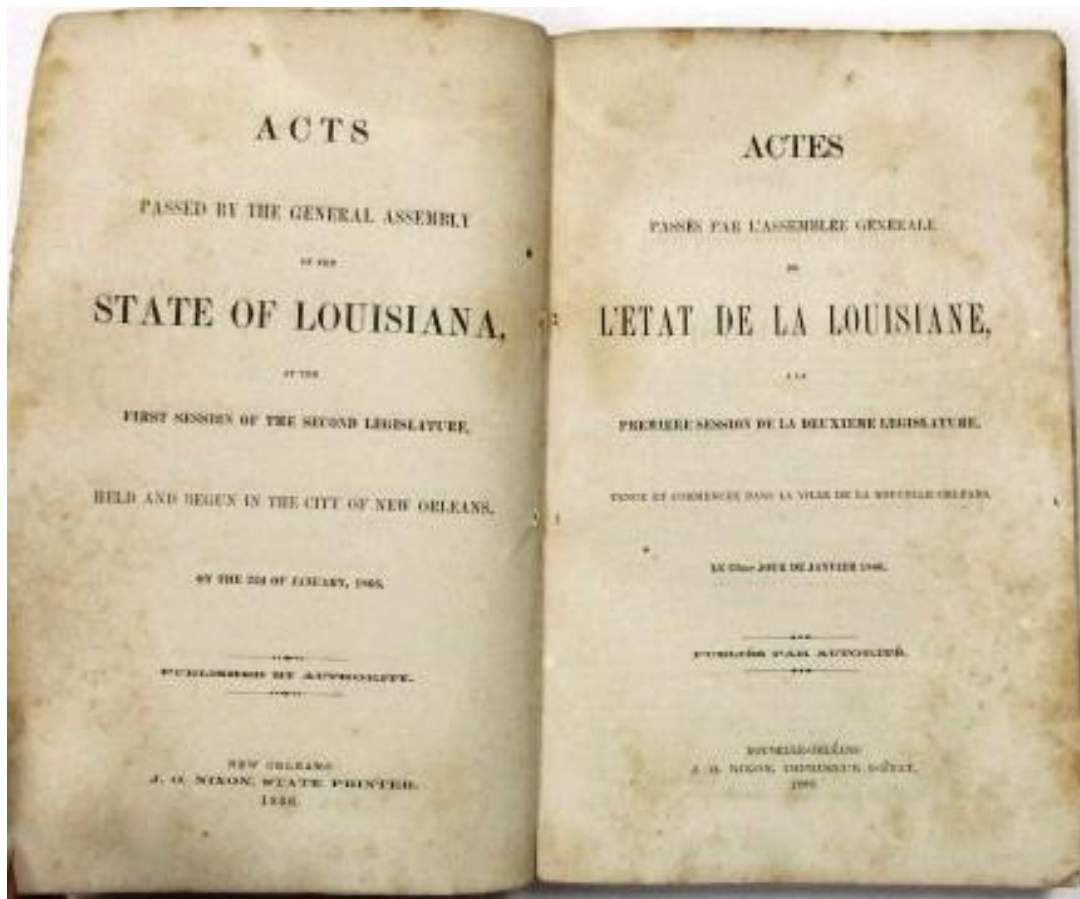
The Dangerous Doctrine of "Probabilism"

74. **Lope, D. Juan:** IDEA SUCINTA DEL PROBABILISMO, QUE CONTIENE LA HISTORIA ABREVIADA DE SU ORIGEN, PROGRESOS, Y DECADENCIA: EL EXAMEN CRITICO DE LAS RAZONES, QUE LO ESTABLECEN, Y UN RESUMEN DE LOS ARGUMENTOS, QUE LO IMPUGNAN. POR D. JUAN LOPE DEL RODO. QUIEN LA DEDICA ¡L EXCELENTISIMO SE—OR DON MANUEL DE AMAT Y JUNIENT, CABALLERO DEL ORDEN DE S. JUAN, GENTILHOMBRE DE CAMARA CON ENTRADA, TENIENTE GENERAL DE LOS REALES EXERCITOS, VIRREY, GOBERNADOR, Y CAPITAN GENERAL, DE LOS REYNOS DEL PERU & C. &C. | POR MANO DEL SE—OR DOCT. DON JOSEPH PERFECTO DE SALAS, FISCAL DE LA REAL AUDIENCIA DE CHILE, Y ASESOR GENERAL DE ESTOS REYNOS DEL PERU. Lima [Peru]: Imprenta Real Calle de Palacio, 1772. 6" x 8". [74], 127, [1] pp. Bound in contemporary vellum [dustsoiled and spotted, two chips, large piece of back cover torn off], endpapers pasted to insides of covers. Title page printed in red and black inks. Occasional light foxing, else quite clean. Wormed, affecting letters or portions thereof in early and late leaves. Lower outer corners dogeared and worn. Good+.

This is the first edition of a book on the controversy over the Doctrine of Probabilism. "In Latin America, the Jesuits introduced and were mainly responsible for propagating the probabilism across the region..." Forment, *Democracy in Latin America*, page 64 [2003]. The doctrine met fierce opposition; it was outlawed in Peru in 1767. The Jesuits' advocacy of it led to their expulsion from Latin America in 1767, a few years before the publication of this book.

Sabin 72495. Palau 139857. Medina, Lima 1347.

\$1,250.00



Item No. 75

Early Louisiana Reconstruction

75. **Louisiana:** ACTS PASSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA AT THE FIRST SESSION OF THE SECOND LEGISLATURE, BEGUN AND HELD IN THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, ON THE 22D OF JANUARY, 1866. New Orleans: J.O. Nixon, State Printer, 1866. 331pp. Stitched in original printed wrappers. Some loosening and wrapper wear, last page with a hole costing several letters of the Index. Good+.

Louisiana's early Reconstruction legislature deals with post-War issues. \$125.00

Rare Memorial to the Maine Volunteers

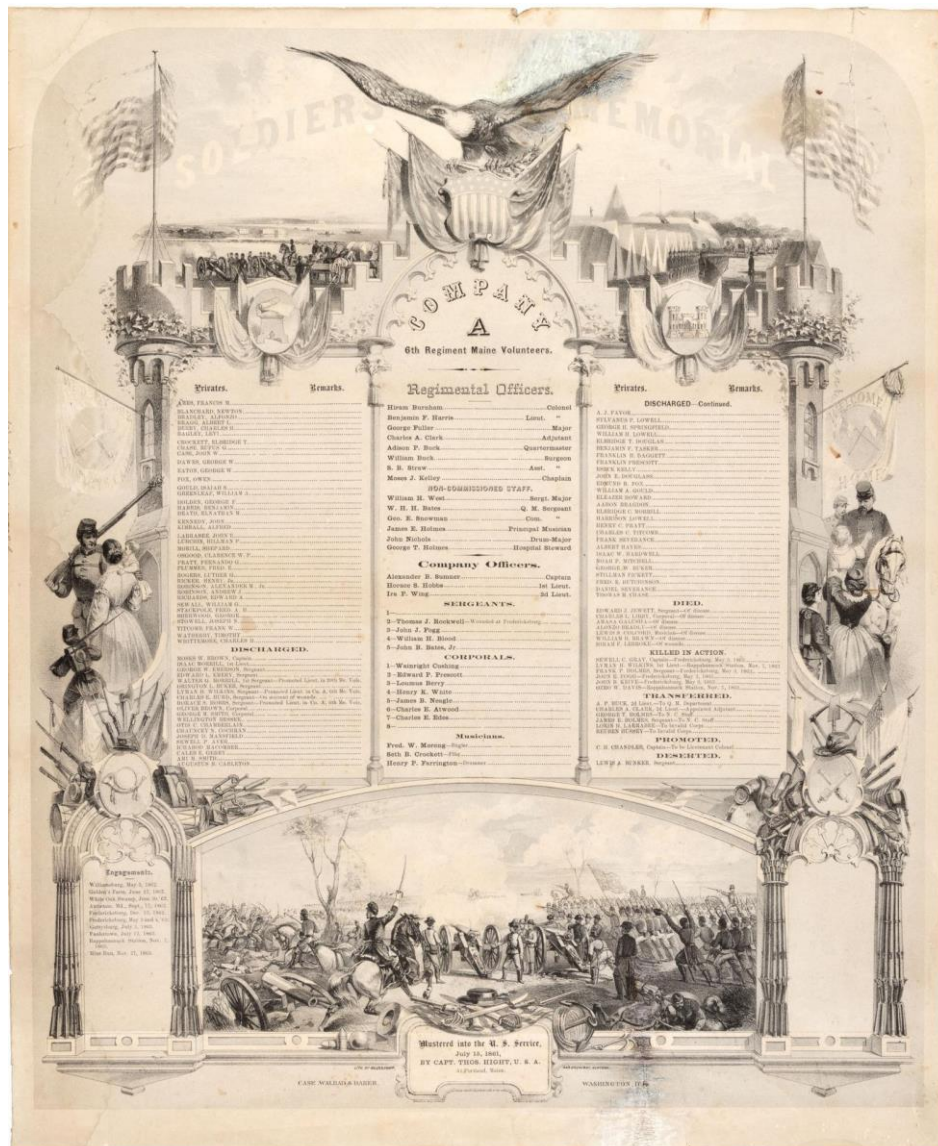
76. **[Maine in the Civil War]:** SOLDIERS' MEMORIAL LITHOGRAPH FOR THE 6TH REGIMENT OF MAINE VOLUNTEERS, COMPANY A. Washington: Case, Walrad & Baker. Lith. of Major & Knapp, 449 Broadway, New York, [1863]. Broadside. 22x18." Iconic Screaming Eagle and draped American flags at top center. Text surrounded by engraved scenes of battles, camp life, flags, soldiers and families. Lightly toned, light spotting. Worn with discoloration at upper 1-1/2" x 2-1/2" above the Eagle; and at bottom 1" x 2," with a tape repair on blank verso. Good+.

This rare Memorial lithograph commemorates the service of the Company mustered into service July 15, 1861, by Captain Thomas Hight at Portland, Maine. The Company's engagements include Antietam, Fredericksburg, and Gettysburg. List of Privates, Regimental Officers, Non-Commissioned Staff, Company Officers, Sergeants, Corporals, and Musicians

is printed; with a list of those Discharged, Died, Killed in Action, Transferred, Promoted, and one Desertion.

Not located on OCLC as of June 2022.

\$650.00



Item No. 76

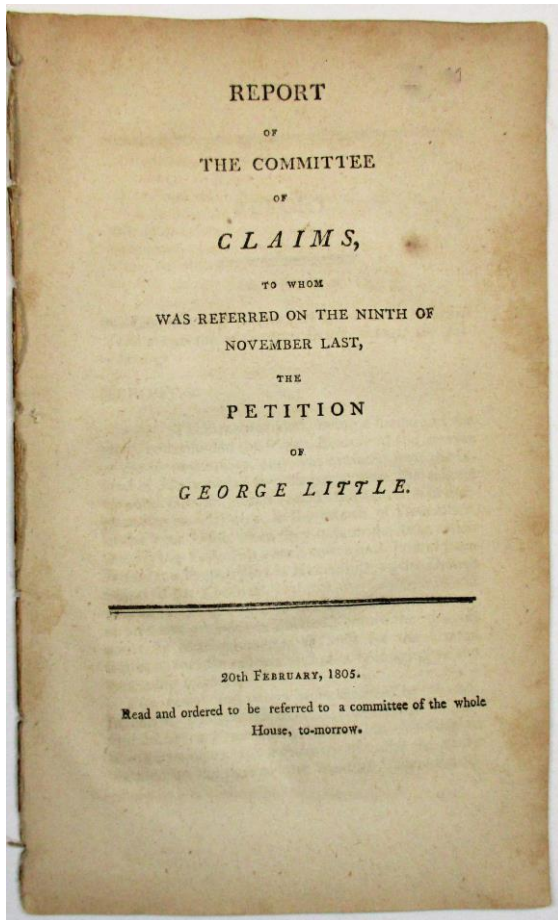
The Constitution Requires the President to Follow the Law

77. [Marshall, John]: REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CLAIMS, TO WHOM WAS REFERRED ON THE NINTH OF NOVEMBER LAST, THE PETITION OF GEORGE LITTLE. 20TH FEBRUARY, 1805. READ AND ORDERED TO BE REFERRED TO A COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE, TO-MORROW. [Washington: 1805]. 14, [2 blanks] pp. Disbound and lightly toned, Very Good.

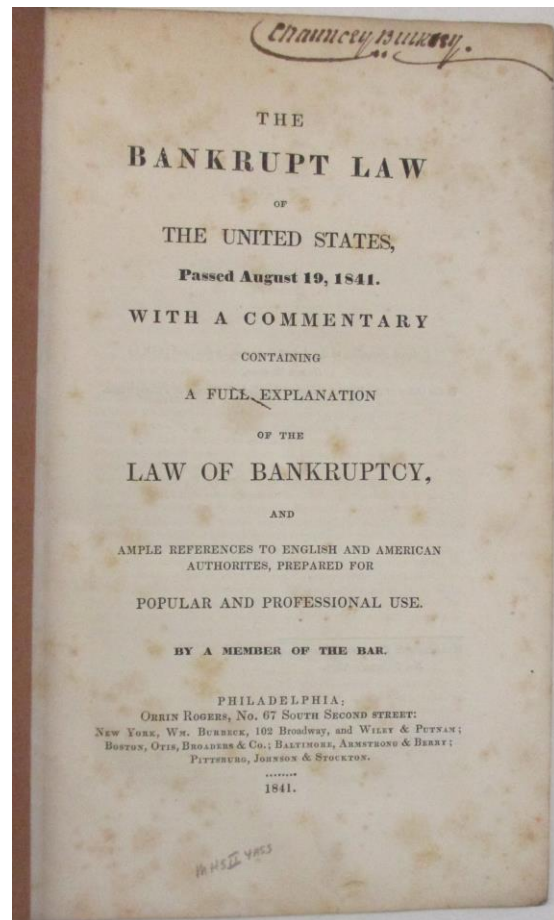
The subject of this scarce Report is an early, significant opinion by Chief Justice John Marshall, vindicating the constitutional requirement that the President and his executive officers are subject to legislative restraints. President John Adams's instructions enforcing the Embargo Act authorized seizure of American vessels on voyages TO and FROM French

ports. But Congress's Embargo Act authorized seizures only of ships traveling TO French ports. The unfortunate Captain Little had seized an American vessel leaving a French West Indies port and taken it to Boston, where it awaited confiscation proceedings. The important question for the Supreme Court: was Captain Little, who had innocently followed presidential instructions, liable in damages for the unlawful seizure?

Chief Justice Marshall wrote the Opinion in *Little v. Bareme*, printed here. The decision, a significant limitation on the power of the Presidency, awarded damages against Little. The Court held, "The instructions cannot change the nature of the transaction, or legalize an act which, without these instructions, would have been a plain trespass." The Committee, understandably sympathizing with Little, recommends that he be indemnified. AI 9615 [3]. Servies, *Bibliography of John Marshall* 318. Not in Cohen. OCLC records five locations under two accession numbers as of June 2022. \$750.00



Item No. 77



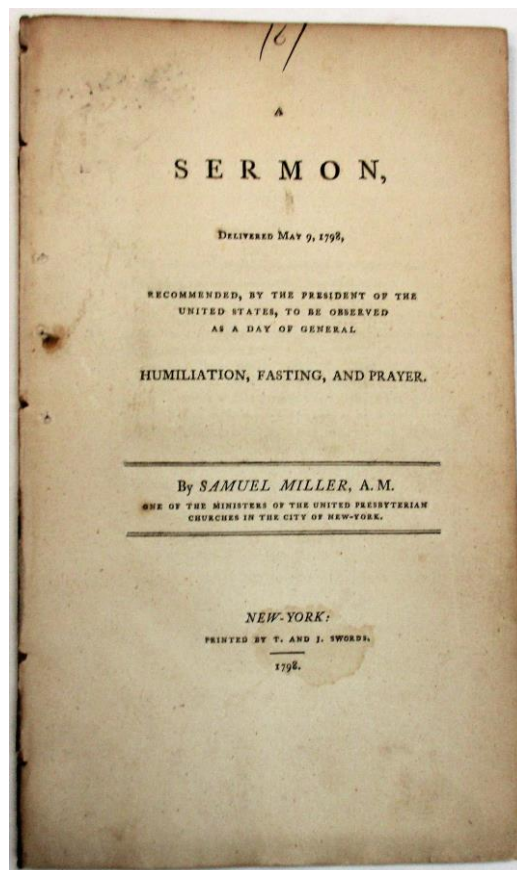
Item No. 78

The First Law to Authorize Voluntary Bankruptcy

78. **Member of the Bar, A:** THE BANKRUPT LAW OF THE UNITED STATES, PASSED AUGUST 19, 1841. WITH A COMMENTARY CONTAINING A FULL EXPLANATION OF THE LAW OF BANKRUPTCY, AND AMPLE REFERENCES TO ENGLISH AND AMERICAN AUTHORITES [sic], PREPARED FOR POPULAR AND PROFESSIONAL USE. BY A MEMBER OF THE BAR. Philadelphia: Orrin Rogers ... 1841. Original printed brown wrappers [ownership signature of Chauncey Bulkley]. Stitched, 48pp. Moderately foxed, Good+.

The Federal Bankruptcy Act of 1841, enacted in response to the Panic of 1837, was the first to permit voluntary bankruptcies. More than a generation had passed since enactment of the first Bankruptcy Act in 1800 and its repeal in 1803. The 1800 law had authorized creditors to place the debtor in bankruptcy and seize his assets; it had not allowed debtors to choose bankruptcy. The 1841 Act was grounded on Congress's power to establish "uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies." Only two years after enactment, charges of corruption and profligate expenditures, and at least one lower court's decision that the Act was unconstitutional, led to its repeal.

This pamphlet prints the provisions of the Act, supplemented with detailed explanatory notes, particularly on the Act's novel provisions for voluntary bankruptcies.
Cohen 2466. \$375.00



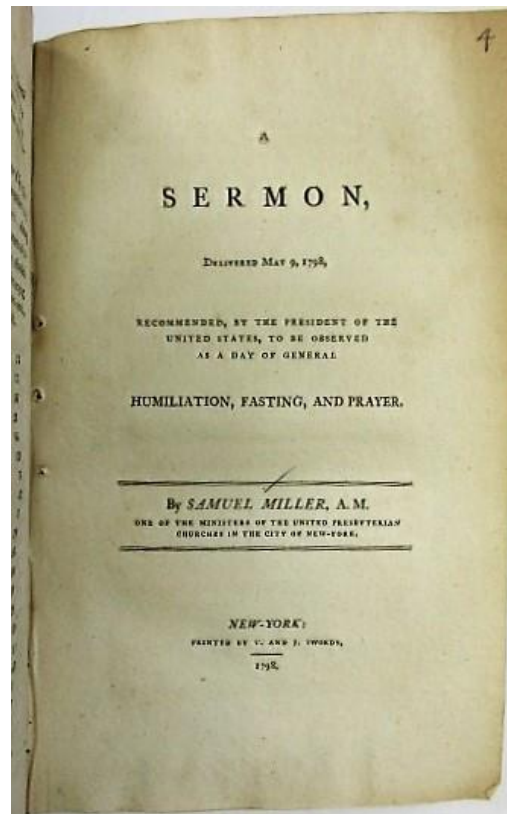
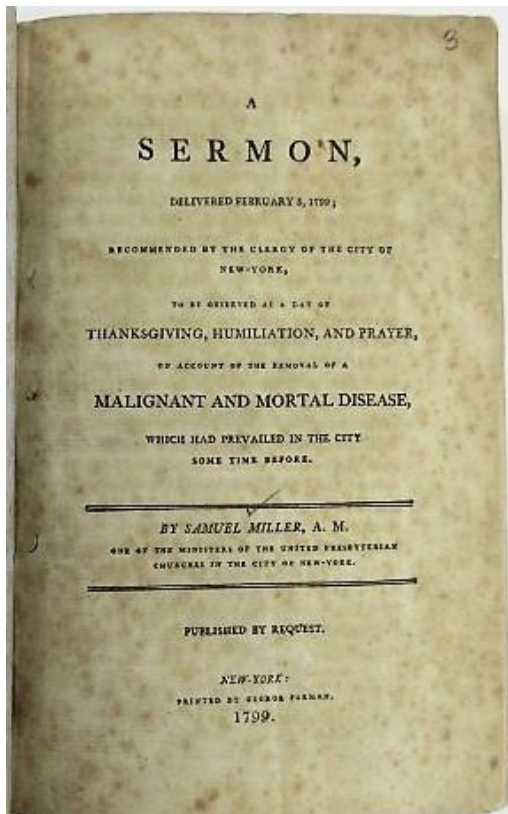
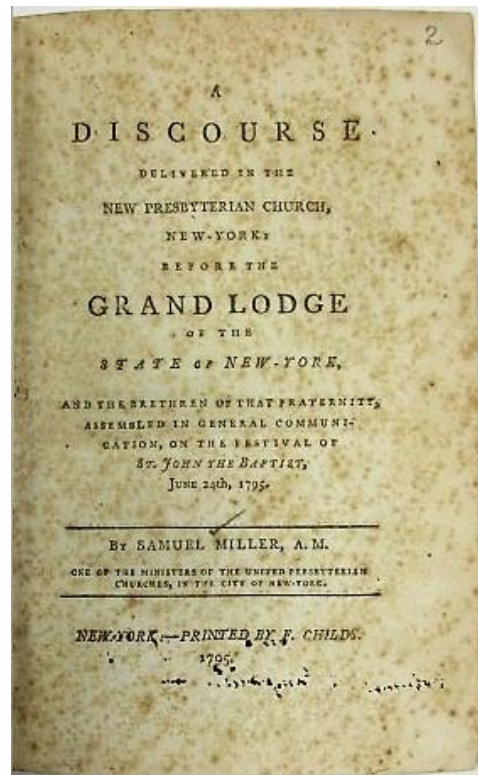
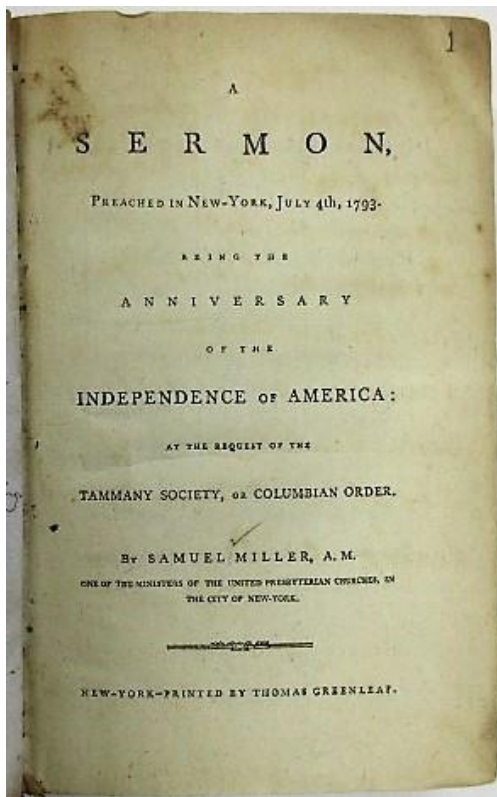
Item No. 79

“The Infatuation of Depraved Man”

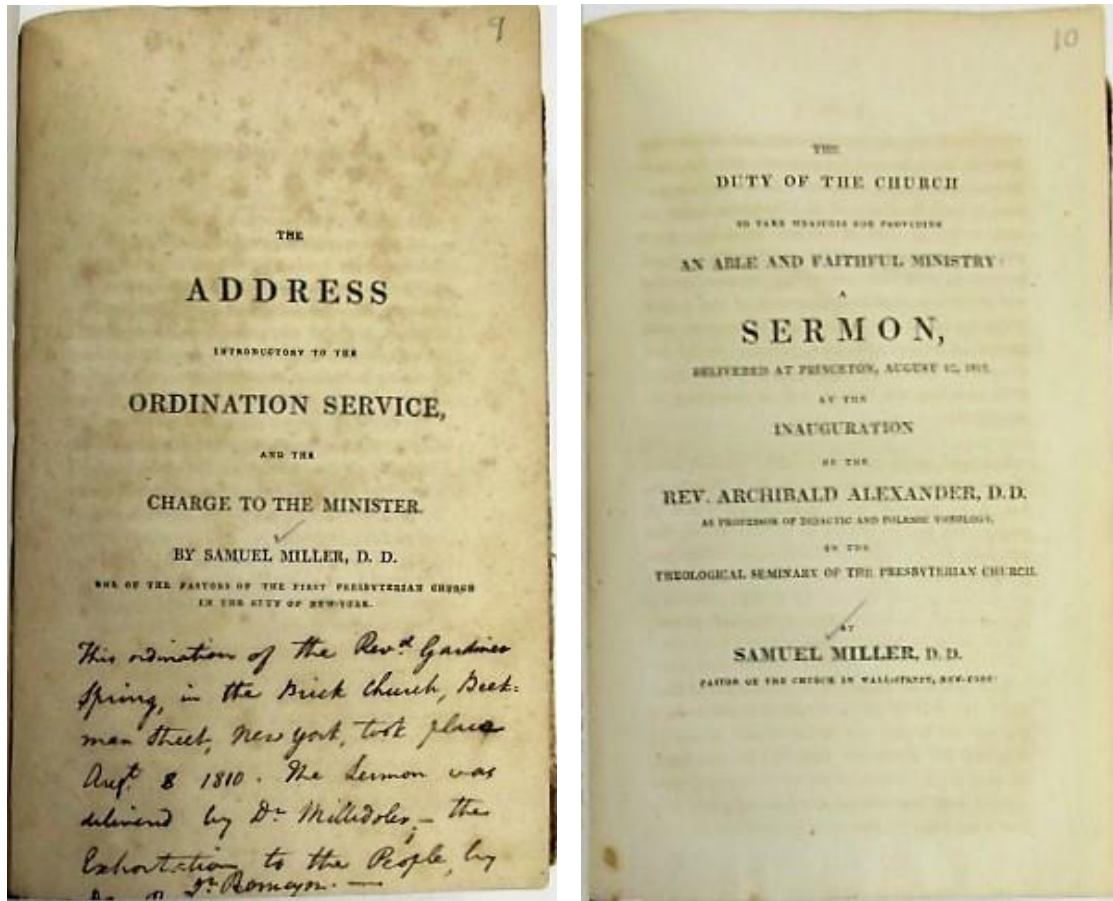
79. **Miller, Samuel:** A SERMON, DELIVERED MAY 9, 1798, RECOMMENDED, BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, TO BE OBSERVED AS A DAY OF GENERAL HUMILIATION, FASTING, AND PRAYER. New-York: T. and J. Swords, 1798. 46pp. Disbound, else Very Good.

Miller deplores the evils of the age, "when every despotic throne will be levelled to the dust; but such is the infatuation of depraved man, that, vibrating from one extreme, they will probably rush to another, and become impatient of submission even to wise and equitable government."

The "events in Europe" are characterized by atheism, profaneness, a "selfish and mercenary spirit." He warns against "European connections" as a "curse."
FIRST EDITION. Evans 34109. \$250.00



Item No. 80



Item No. 80

Reverend Miller's Personal Collection

80. **Miller, Samuel M.:** A COLLECTION OF SERMONS, WITH MILLER'S MANUSCRIPT NOTES, BY THE PROMINENT MINISTER OF THE UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN NEW YORK CITY. New York: various, 1793-1812. Ten sermons, bound in contemporary half sheep and marbled boards [rubbed, gum label at spine base]. Rubberstamp on blank front pastedown. Manuscript table of contents. Each sermon as follows:

1. A SERMON, PREACHED IN NEW-YORK, JULY 4TH, 1793. BEING THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE INDEPENDENCE OF AMERICA: AT THE REQUEST OF THE TAMMANY SOCIETY, OR COLUMBIAN ORDER. BY...ONE OF THE MINISTERS OF THE UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK. New York: Greenleaf. 1793. 38, [2 blanks] pp. Very Good. On the final blank is Miller's written notes. The Tammany Society should "stand as guardians over those inestimable rights and privileges, which have been so dearly purchased." Christianity teaches the equality of all. Slavery will "be forever banished from a nation" which regards everyone "as subject to the same great laws, and amenable to the same awful tribunal, in the end." Evans 25823.

2. A DISCOURSE DELIVERED IN THE NEW PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, NEW-YORK: BEFORE THE GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, AND THE BRETHERN OF THAT FRATERNITY, ASSEMBLED IN GENERAL COMMUNICATION, ON THE FESTIVAL OF ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST, JUNE 24TH, 1795. New York: Childs. 1795. 32pp. Light to moderate foxing, Good+. Verso of title page

has Miller's notes laid in, explaining another of his discourses should have been inserted. His Discourse says Masonic principles "are such as the blessed Redeemer perpetually dropped from his hallowed lips."

Evans 29081.

3. A SERMON, DELIVERED FEBRUARY 5, 1799; RECOMMENDED BY THE CLERGY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, TO BE OBSERVED AS A DAY OF THANKSGIVING, HUMILIATION, AND PRAYER, ON ACCOUNT OF THE REMOVAL OF A MALIGNANT AND MORTAL DISEASE, WHICH HAD PREVAILED IN THE CITY SOME TIME BEFORE. New York: Forman. 1799. 36pp, scattered foxing. Good+. With a chart showing 2082 deaths, listed by religions, including eleven Jews; also listing forty-three Negroes.

Evans 35821. Not in Austin.

4. A SERMON, DELIVERED MAY 9, 1798, RECOMMENDED, BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, TO BE OBSERVED AS A DAY OF GENERAL HUMILIATION, FASTING, AND PRAYER. New-York: Swords. 1798. 46, [2 blanks] pp. Very Good. The "events in Europe" are characterized by atheism, profaneness, a "selfish and mercenary spirit." Miller warns against the "curse" of "European connections."

Evans 34109.

5. A SERMON, DELIVERED DECEMBER 29, 1799; OCCASIONED BY THE DEATH OF GENERAL GEORGE WASHINGTON, LATE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, AND COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE AMERICAN ARMIES. New York: Swords. 1800. 39, [1 blank] pp, with the half title. Light toning, Very Good. Evidently Miller's sermon was similar to one delivered by Dr. Erskine of Edinburgh, because an 'Advertisement' on the verso of the title page denies that "such coincidence" was the result of plagiarism.

Evans 37964. Stillwell 171a.

6. A SERMON, DELIVERED BEFORE THE NEW-YORK MISSIONARY SOCIETY... APRIL 6TH, 1802... TO WHICH ARE ADDED, THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS, AND OTHER PAPERS RELATING TO AMERICAN MISSIONS. New York: Swords. 1802. 81, [3 blanks] pp. Lightly foxed, else Very Good.

AI 2660 [5].

7. THE GUILT, FOLLY, AND SOURCES OF SUICIDE: TWO DISCOURSES, PREACHED IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, FEBRUARY, 1805. New York: Swords. 1805. 72pp, with the half title. Mild foxing, Very Good.

AI 8903 [4].

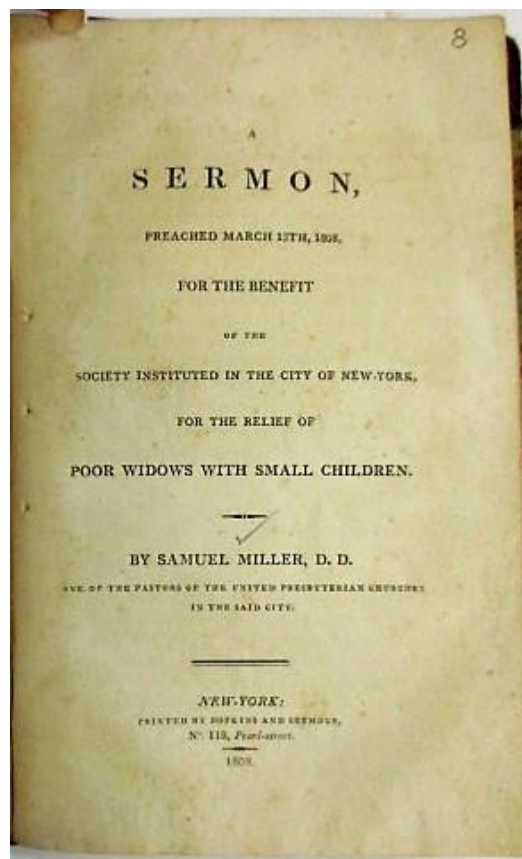
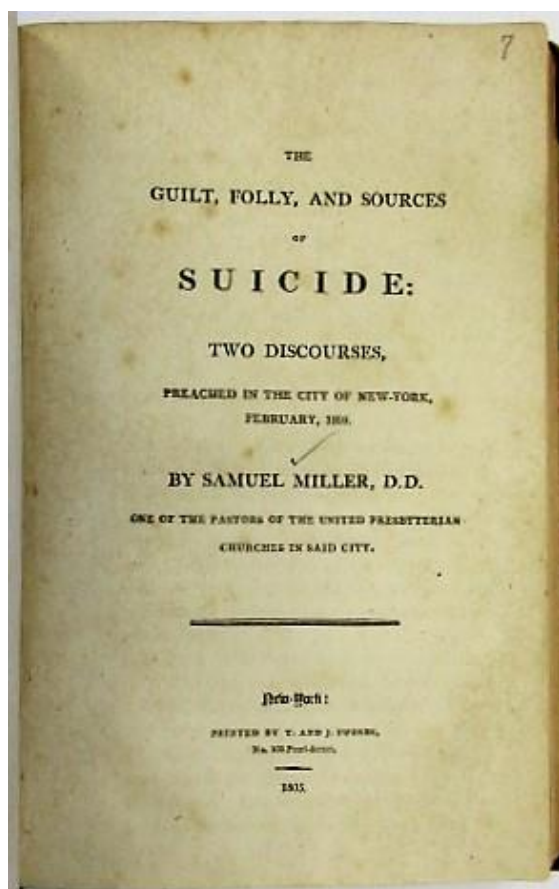
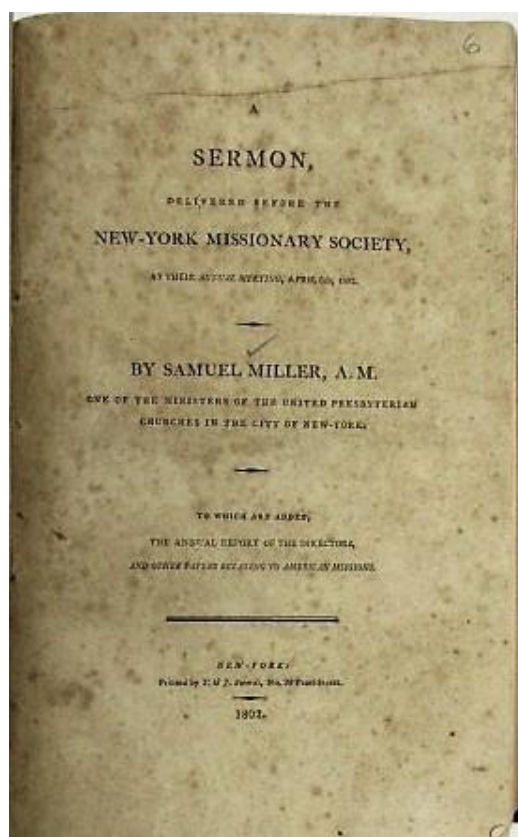
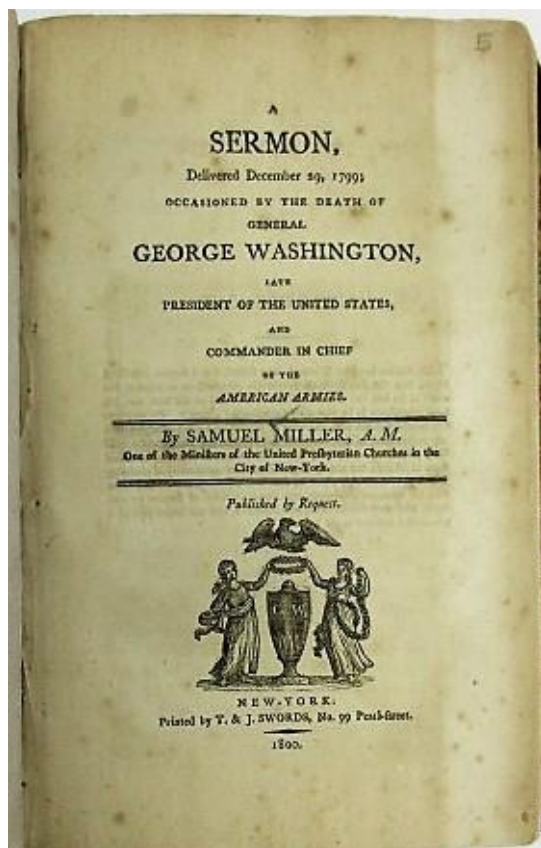
8. A SERMON, PREACHED MARCH 13TH, 1808, FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE SOCIETY INSTITUTED IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, FOR THE RELIEF OF POOR WIDOWS WITH SMALL CHILDREN. New York: Hopkins and Seymour. 1808. 31, [1 blank] pp. Very Good.

AI 15610 [3].

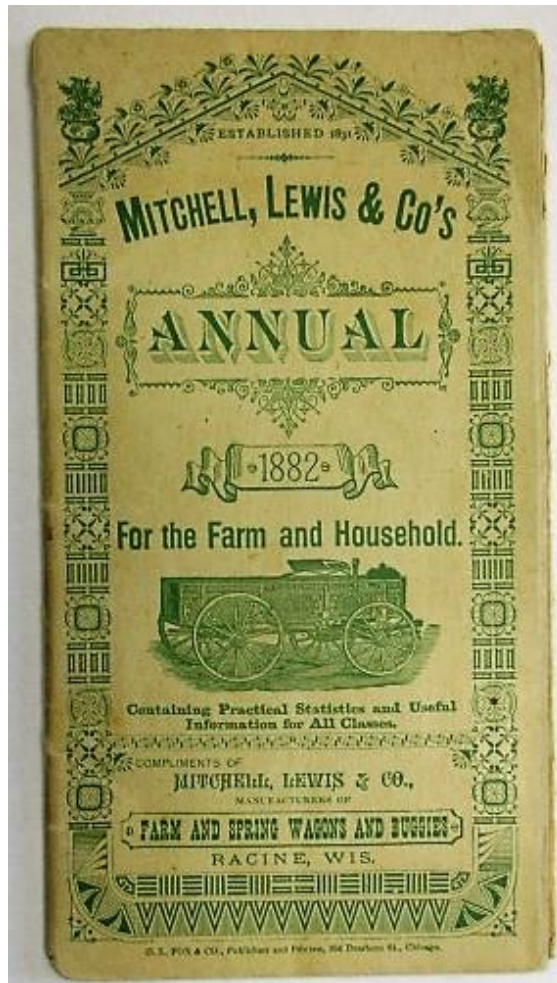
9. THE ADDRESS INTRODUCTORY TO THE ORDINATION SERVICE AND THE CHARGE TO THE MINISTER. Pages 19-38, comprising Miller's Address in a pamphlet on Reverend Gardiner Spring's ordination, AI 20738. With Miller's handwritten notes.

10. THE DUTY OF THE CHURCH TO TAKE MEASURES FOR PROVIDING AN ABLE AND FAITHFUL MINISTRY: A SERMON DELIVERED AT PRINCETON, AUGUST 12, 1812, AT THE INAUGURATION OF THE REV. ARCHIBALD ALEXANDER, D.D. AS PROFESSOR OF DIDACTIC AND POLEMIC THEOLOGY, IN THE THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Pages 5-54, comprising Miller's remarks in a pamphlet comprising his and other Addresses on the occasion. See American Imprints 26080.

\$1,500.00



Item No. 80



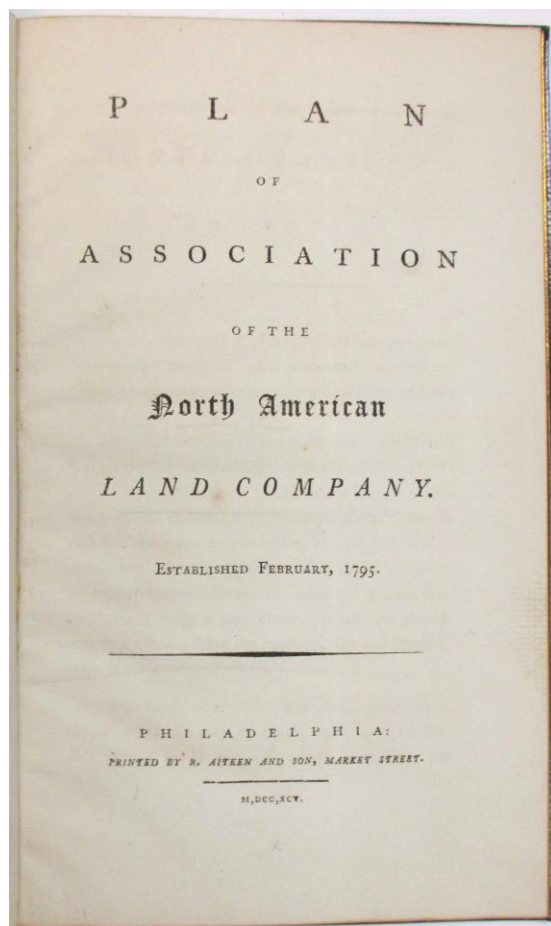
Item No. 81

**“Intimately Connected With the History of
Wagon Manufacture in the West”**

81. **Mitchell, Lewis & Co.:** MITCHELL, LEWIS & CO'S ANNUAL 1882 FOR THE FARM AND HOUSEHOLD. CONTAINING PRACTICAL STATISTICS AND USEFUL INFORMATION FOR ALL CLASSES. COMPLIMENTS OF MITCHELL, LEWIS & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF FARM AND SPRING WAGONS AND BUGGIES. RACINE, WIS. [At head of title: ESTABLISHED 1831]. Chicago: O.L. Fox & Co., Publishers and Printers, 204 Dearborn St, [1882]. 3.75" x 7". 48pp, illustrated. Original printed stiff paper wrappers, elaborately illustrated [the rear wrap folds over and encases text leaves]. Many illustrations of wagons and buggies, descriptions provided with each illustration. Light wear, Very Good.

A rare catalogue annual, from the Company founded by Henry Mitchell, who came to Chicago from Scotland in 1834. "His name is intimately connected with the history of wagon manufacture in the West." Indeed, "he built the first wagon ever constructed in" Chicago. Mitchell moved to Kenosha, Wisconsin, in 1839, and then to Racine. William T. Lewis was Mitchell's son-in-law and a Wisconsin assemblyman. The firm had the capacity to turn out one wagon every twenty minutes, with an average production rate of 800 wagons each month. Wagons were sold worldwide. See, Willshire. *The History of Racine & Kenosha Counties* 459.

OCLC 31685140 [4- U VA, Clarke Hist. Lib., Lib. MI, IA State Hist. Soc.] as of June 2022.
Romaine 87 [1898 catalog]. Not in Winterthur. \$450.00



Item No. 82

Morris's Ambitious, Shattered Plan

82. **[Morris, Robert]:** PLAN OF ASSOCIATION OF THE NORTH AMERICAN LAND COMPANY, ESTABLISHED FEBRUARY, 1795. Philadelphia: Printed by R. Aitken and Son, Market Street, 1795. 25, [3 blanks] pp. Bound into later morocco, with gilt-lettered spine label. Upper portion of front free endpaper clipped. A clean text. Very Good. Without the folding leaf of Clement Biddle's certification found in some copies, but frequently absent. Howes and De Renne do not record the folding plate. Sabin, ESTC, and Shipton & Mooney do.

The Plan of Association-- the Prospectus for the North American Land Company, founded in 1795-- was the brainchild of Founding Father and Financier of the Revolution Robert Morris. "At a great expence of money and time, with much industry," the Company acquired "six millions of acres" of prime lands in "Pennsylvania, Virginia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, Georgia and Kentucky." Morris joined with John Nicholson and James Greenleaf as original Subscribers to the Company, whose twenty-eight Articles of Agreement are printed here. The Company's 30,000 shares of stock were each valued at \$100.00. This document itemizes, by County within each State, the Company's lands.

"From the beginning, the North American Land Company was plagued by serious financial difficulties. Firstly, the authenticity of many of the titles to the lands were questioned. Secondly, the land company owned more than 2 million acres in the Georgia 'Pine Barrens'. These large tracts of barren wilderness were uninhabited, covered in sandy soil, and consequently difficult to sell to land purchasers and settlers. Furthermore, Morris, a former delegate to the Continental Congress and signer of the Declaration of Independence, sent his son-in-law, James Marshall, to Europe in order to sell shares in the company stock. Due to financial difficulties in Europe and doubts about the value of the North American Land Company's holdings, Marshall was unsuccessful ... Morris and Nicholson soon became bankrupt and sent to debtors' prison" [description from online Historical Society of Pennsylvania].

Reese, Federal Hundred 53. Evans 29220. Howes P-412. I De Renne 270. Sabin 55548.

\$3,500.00

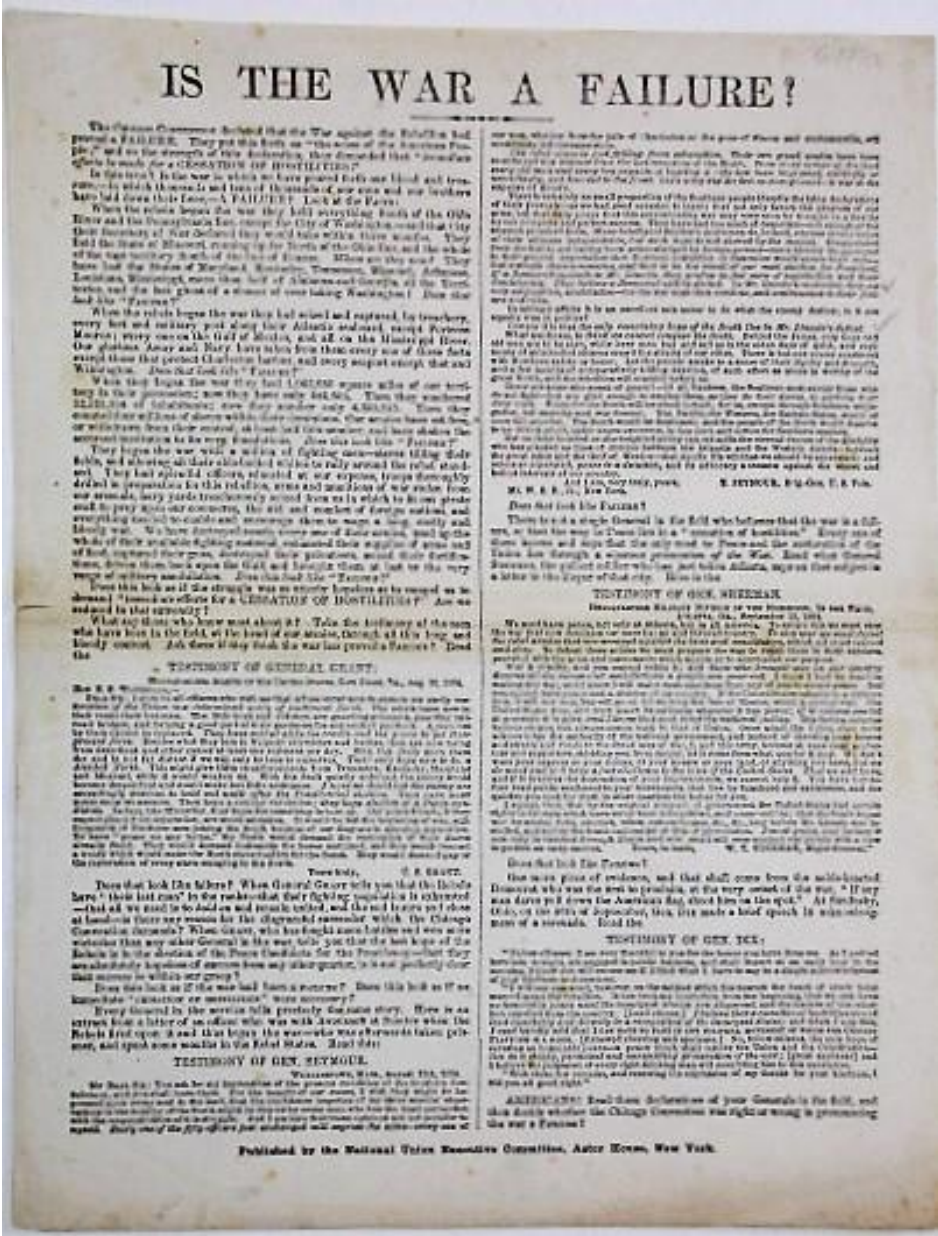
"Little Boys and Old Men" Fill the Confederate Ranks

83. **[National Union Executive Committee]:** IS THE WAR A FAILURE? THE CHICAGO CONVENTION DECLARED THAT THE WAR AGAINST THE REBELLION HAD PROVED A FAILURE... New York: Published by the National Union Executive Committee, Astor House, [1864]. Broadside, 8-3/4" x 11-1/4". Light wear and a bit of foxing. Very Good.

This scarce broadside rebuts Copperhead claims that the War is a disastrous mistake, requiring that "immediate efforts be made for a cessation of hostilities." Issued during the critical 1864 presidential campaign, it quotes Generals Grant, Sherman, Seymour, and Dix, who make clear that the Rebels are on their last legs. In fact, "The rebel cause is fast failing from exhaustion." Grant reports, "The rebels now have in their ranks their last man. The little boys and old men" are filling the ranks.

"Does this look as if the war had been a FAILURE?"

\$750.00



Item No. 83

A Fine Anti-Slavery Almanac

84. New England Anti-Slavery Almanac: THE NEW ENGLAND ANTI-SLAVERY ALMANAC FOR 1841. Boston: J.A. Collins, 1841 [1840?]. Original printed and illustrated blue wrappers, stitched, with engraving of Lady Liberty surrounded by slaves and freedom-loving white people. 36pp. Title page engraving of hard-working Negroes on a farm, with sarcastic caption, "They can't take care of themselves." Text illustrations. Fine.

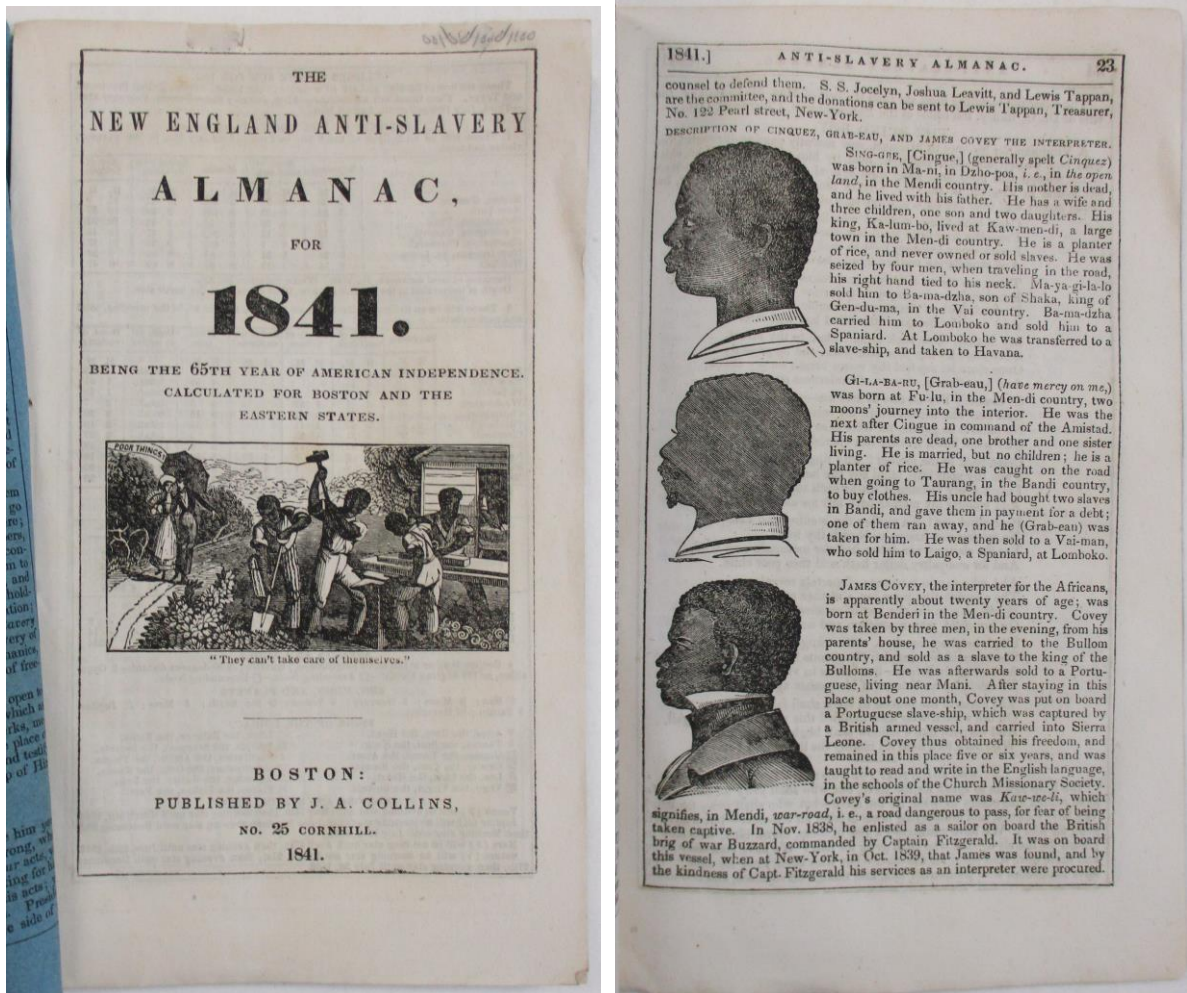
A scarce Almanac, in superb condition. The Almanac is especially noteworthy for its excellent content on the Amistad incident, including portraits of Cinque and others.

Topics include "Prejudice Against Color," mocking "anti-black feeling;" defenses of abolitionism; denunciation of compensated emancipation and colonization; "Can Slaves Feel?"; Also, an "Ecclesiastical Roll of Infamy," listing northern clergy of the Methodist

Episcopal Church who voted for a resolution prohibiting "colored persons to give testimony against white persons;" and a "Congressional Roll of Infamy" of Northern congressmen who voted for the Gag Rule, prohibiting Congress from entertaining petitions to abolish slavery in Washington, D.C. With other provocative topics.

Dumond 83 [this imprint]. Drake 4222.

\$850.00



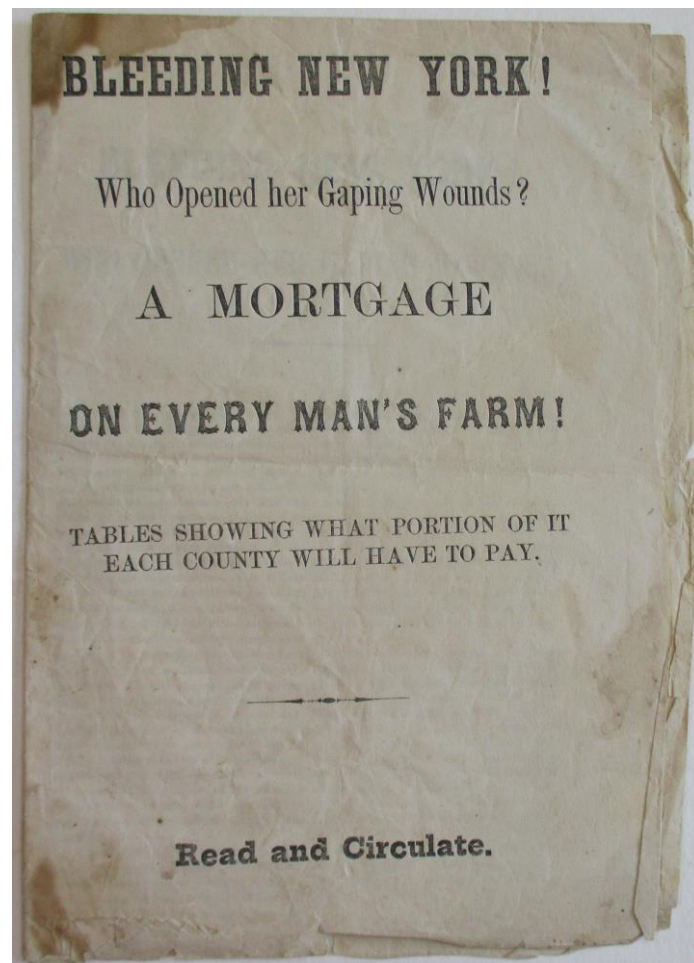
Item No. 84

“Improvident, Reckless and Dishonest Policy” of Seward and the Whigs

85. [New York]: BLEEDING NEW YORK! WHO OPENED HER GAPING WOUNDS? A MORTGAGE ON EVERY MAN'S FARM! TABLES SHOWING WHAT PORTION OF IT EACH COUNTY WILL HAVE TO PAY. READ AND CIRCULATE. [np: 1858 or 1859]. 8pp. Caption title, as issued. Untrimmed and uncut folio sheet. Some foxing, each page printed in two columns. Good+.

"TAXATION! grinding, annually returning, steadily increasing taxation, is eating out the substance of the people of New York. It has become an oppression..." This "misgovernment" is the result of Whig misrule, "produced by the improvident, reckless and dishonest policy pursued in regard to our canals." The Whig "run-in-debt policy" is contrasted with the Democrats' "prudent pay-as-you-go policy."

This rare pamphlet's lesson for voters: "VOTE THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET."
OCLC 191282998 [1- AAS] as of June 2022. Not at the New York Public Library or NY
Historical Society. Not in Sabin. \$450.00



Item No. 85

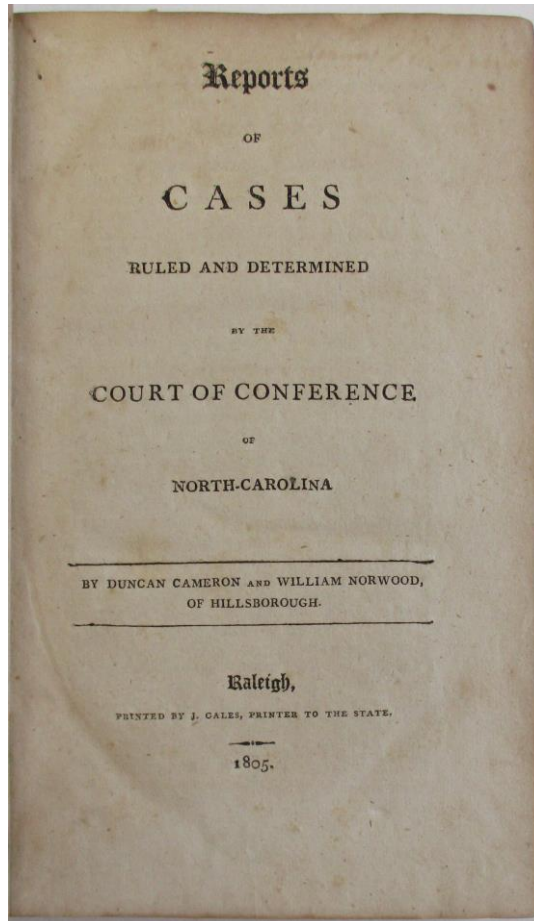
Early North Carolina Judicial Reports

86. **North Carolina:** REPORTS OF CASES RULED AND DETERMINED BY THE COURT OF CONFERENCE OF NORTH-CAROLINA. BY DUNCAN CAMERON AND WILLIAM NORWOOD, OF HILLSBOROUGH. Raleigh: J. Gales, 1805. Original scuffed sheep. 556, xvii, [1blank] pp. Light toning. One closed tear, barely affecting a letter or two, else Very Good.

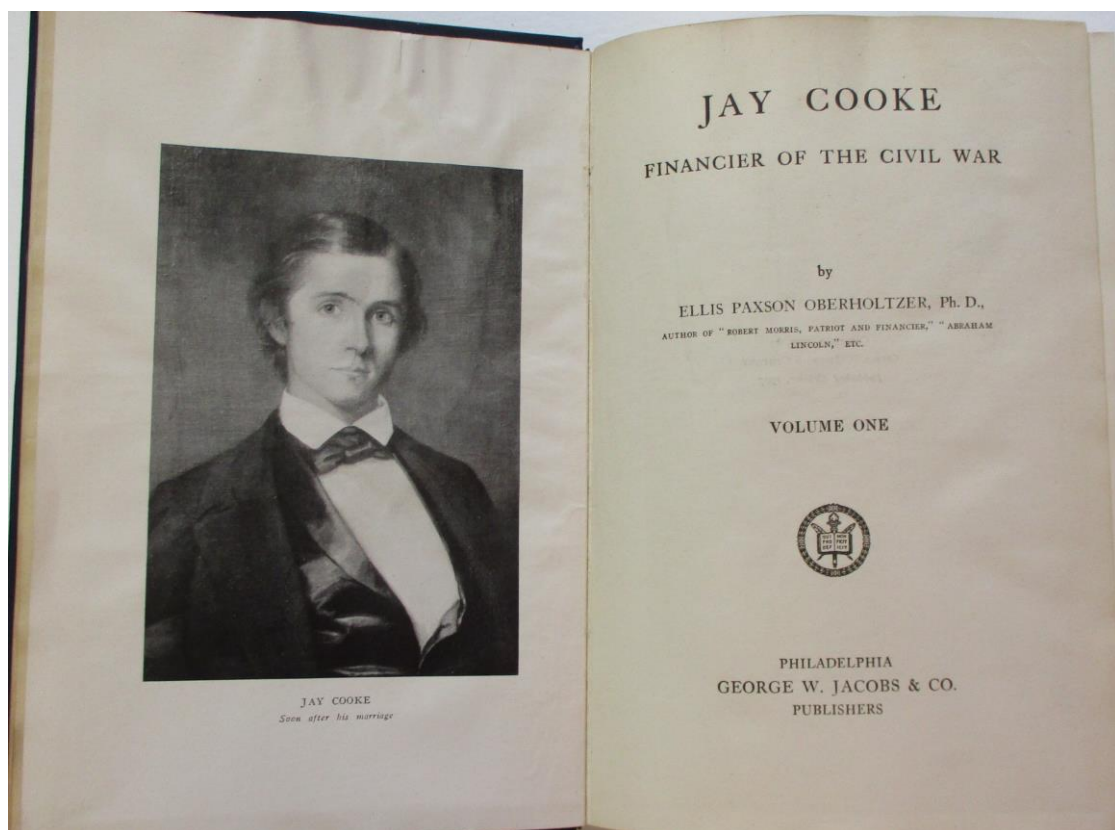
"The early appellate courts of North Carolina were Courts of Conference composed of the circuit-riding trial judges who reviewed decisions made by their brethren wherever sessions of trial court were held." 66 N.C. Reports 732 [Judge Cecil J. Hill, 'When the North Carolina Supreme Court Sat in the Capitol'].

The Court of Conference was created in 1800. This book reports its decisions in a wide variety of fields from 1800 through 1804. In 1805 the North Carolina Supreme Court was created, replacing the Court of Conference.

Thornton, Official Publications 474. II Harv. Law Cat. 231. Not in Cohen. \$450.00



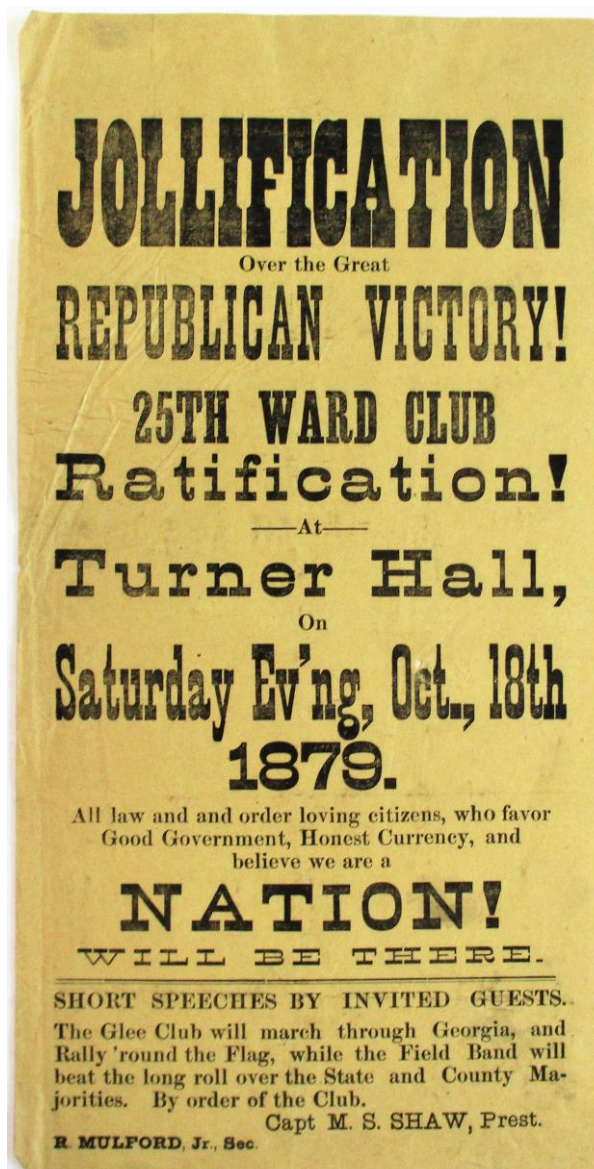
Item No. 86



Item No. 87

Early Definitive Biography

87. **Oberholtzer, Ellis Paxson:** JAY COOKE FINANCIER OF THE CIVIL WAR. Philadelphia: George W. Jacobs, 1907. Two volumes, in original publisher's blue cloth with gilt-lettered spine titles. [2], xi, [1 blank], 658; [2], vi, 590 pp, as issued, with plates and folding maps. Light wear to the frontis of volume 1 [a typed letter from Charles Barney to James W. Beck is on the blank recto of the frontis]. Very Good plus. \$225.00



Item No. 88

Reliving That Fun March Through Georgia

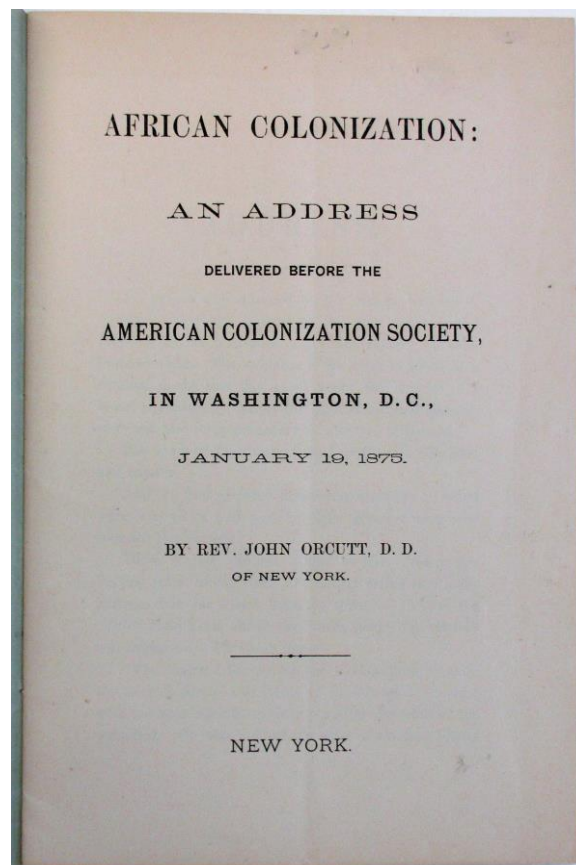
88. **[Ohio Republican Party]:** JOLLIFICATION OVER THE GREAT REPUBLICAN VICTORY! 25TH WARD CLUB RATIFICATION! AT TURNER HALL, ON SATURDAY EV'NG, OCT. 18TH, 1879. ALL LAW AND ORDER LOVING CITIZENS, WHO FAVOR GOOD GOVERNMENT, HONEST CURRENCY, AND BELIEVE WE ARE A NATION! WILL BE THERE. SHORT SPEECHES BY INVITED GUESTS. THE GLEE CLUB WILL MARCH THROUGH GEORGIA, AND RALLY 'ROUND THE FLAG, WHILE THE

FIELD BAND WILL BEAT THE LONG ROLL OVER THE STATE AND COUNTY MAJORITIES. BY ORDER OF THE CLUB. CAPT. M.S. SHAW, PREST. R. MULFORD, JR. SEC. [Ohio: 1879]. Folio broadside, 6" x 12". Boldly printed on yellow paper using different sized fonts and styles. Lightly dusted, light creasing, single small pinhole. Very Good.

Ohio's election for Governor occurred four days earlier on October 14. The Republican candidate, Charles Foster, defeated Democrat Thomas Ewing Jr. The Republican underticket also performed well. This "Jollification," a common contemporary term for a celebration, occurred at Cincinnati's Turner Hall. Speeches, music, and festivities marked the occasion. The reference to "Marching Through Georgia" recalls, of course, General Sherman's historic 1864 campaign that contributed to Abraham Lincoln's presidential victory.

Capt. M[organ] S[imon] Shaw [1839-1891], an Ohio native, served with the Fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry from his enlistment on June 19, 1861, through his discharge on December 27, 1864. He advanced from Private to Captain during his service. He was President of the Twenty-Fifth Ward Sherman Club at the time of this event. [Military records accessed at website of Fold3; Cincinnati Daily Star, October 6, 17, 18, & 20, 1879; Mar. 15, 1880; USFC 1870, 1880.]

Not located on OCLC or the online sites of AAS, Ohio State U, Boston Athenaeum, Yale, U TX as of June 2022. \$750.00



Item No. 89

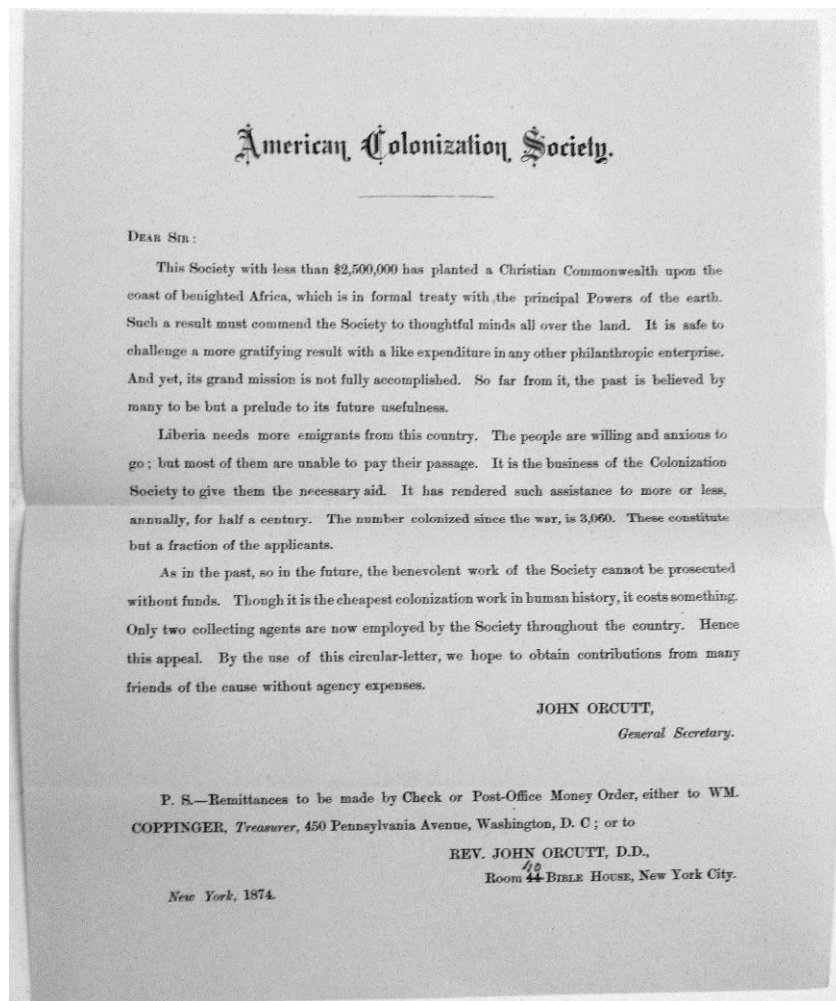
Keep a Step Ahead of the Catholics!

89. **Orcutt, John:** AFRICAN COLONIZATION: AN ADDRESS DELIVERED BEFORE THE AMERICAN COLONIZATION SOCIETY, IN WASHINGTON, D.C., JANUARY 19,

1875. BY REV. JOHN ORCUTT, D.D. OF NEW YORK. New York: [1875]. 22. [2 blanks] pp. Stitched in original printed wrappers. Light vertical fold, about Fine.

[laid in] Orcutt: AMERICAN COLONIZATION SOCIETY. New York: 1874. Broadside solicitation urging support for Liberia via contributions to the Society, which "has planted a Christian Commonwealth upon the coast of benighted Africa." Fine.

Remarkable, after the Reconstruction Amendments had rendered Negroes citizens of the United States, with all the rights and privileges pertaining thereto, the American Colonization Society marched on, helping benighted Africa emerge from "the midnight darkness of heathenism." The work of the Society is rendered essential by the competing efforts of "Roman-catholics to get a foothold there for centuries." \$250.00



Item No. 89

Friend of Whitefield

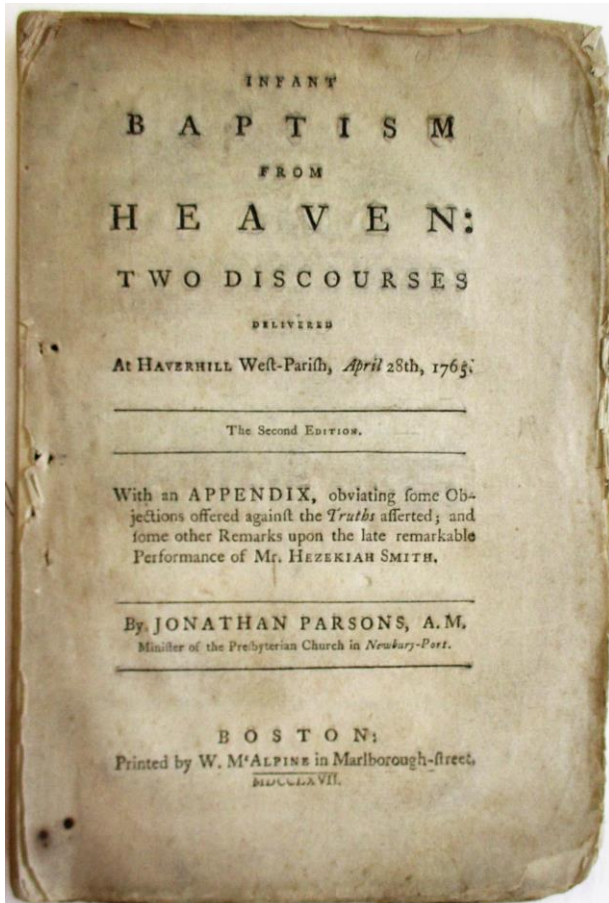
90. **Parsons, Jonathan: INFANT BAPTISM FROM HEAVEN: TWO DISCOURSES DELIVERED AT HAVERHILL WEST-PARISH, APRIL 28TH, 1765. THE SECOND EDITION. WITH AN APPENDIX, OBVIATING SOME OBJECTIONS OFFERED AGAINST THE TRUTHS ASSERTED; AND SOME OTHER REMARKS UPON THE LATE REMARKABLE PERFORMANCE OF MR. HEZEKIAH SMITH. BY...MINISTER OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN NEWBURY-PORT.** Boston: W. McAlpine, 1767.

Large 8vo. 142pp. Stitching broken, untrimmed and lightly dusted. Generously margined. Very Good.

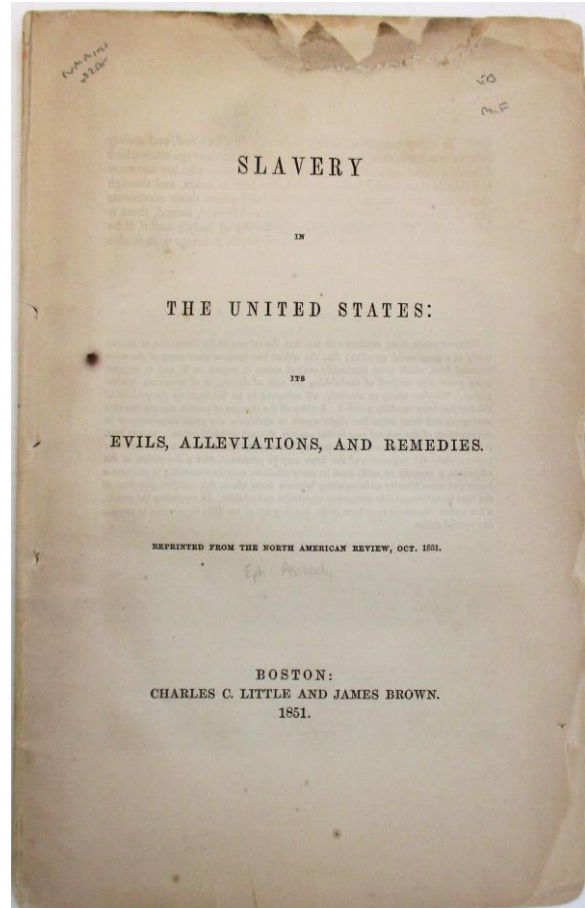
The 1765 first edition was 65 pages, without the Appendix that begins in this edition at page [65]. Parsons was strongly influenced by the Great Awakening, and was a friend of Whitefield, who died in Parsons' house; he would be among the most prominent supporters among the New England clergy of the American Revolution. Baptism "with water," he says here, is the "seal of induction" into the church.

Evans 10722. ESTC W20526.

\$375.00



Item No. 90



Item No. 91

Lucky Africans Get to Hang Out With "A Superior Race"

91. [Peabody, Ephraim]: SLAVERY IN THE UNITED STATES: ITS EVILS, ALLEVIATIONS, AND REMEDIES. REPRINTED FROM THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW, OCT. 1851. Boston: Charles C. Little and James Brown, 1851. 36pp, loose gatherings. Blank edge chipping to some leaves, Good+.

The Unitarian minister pronounces a mixed verdict on American Slavery. Though morally wrong, Slavery is entrenched in the South. "Formidable obstacles are in the way of all attempts to remove slavery." All Southern institutions reflect the influence of Slavery.

Moreover, "The slaves of the South are, comparatively, not only a civilized people, but we doubt if, in the whole history of mankind, a single example can be adduced of a race of

men starting from such a depth of moral degradation and barbarism, and in a century and a half making so vast an advance in civilization. This progress has been owing in no small part to the fact of their being slaves. Through this relation they have been brought into close contact with a superior race ..."

LCP 7513. Sabin 59364.

\$150.00



Item No. 92

College Hijinks!

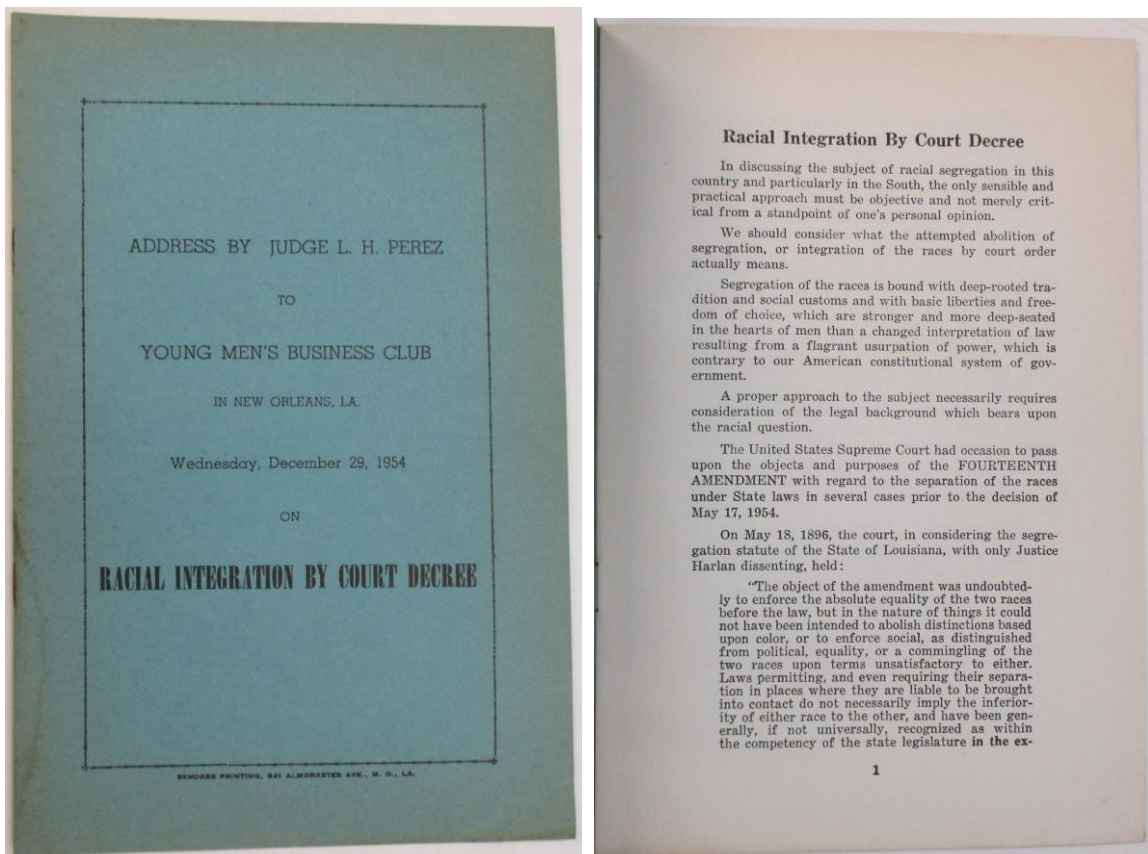
92. [Pena, Auxencio Maria]: LONG TOM'S PILGRIMAGE. [New Haven? 1829?]. Broadside, 9" x 11". Satirical poem printed within an ornamental border, two columns, untrimmed. Light edgewear, some dustsoiling at the extremities, else Very Good. The poem begins, "Let others prate about their bear and fiddle, And break their short still tales off in the middle..."

A satirical poem on a Yale faculty member. Its background is as follows: "The late Charles Harvey Townshend, Esq., of New Haven about the year 1880 met Mr. Robert Livingston of New York while crossing the Atlantic. One day while Mr. Livingston was

telling him of his experiences while a Yale student, he asked him, if he ever had the chance, to look in the front middle room, fourth story, north entry of old South Middle College, between the ceiling over the wood closet door. He said that in 1829 he placed there a bundle of printed sheets of 'doggerel verse,' a grind on a tutor of those days. These verses were recited by the composer, Pena, a Mexican (who was afterwards expelled) in the college chapel, on a Wednesday afternoon. Most of the class was expelled afterwards, for various reasons, and Mr. Livingston, who was one of them, said that his father always told him that he did perfectly right in not telling who wrote the verses.

"A fir [sic] broke out in Old South Middle in December 1890, and Mr. Townshend, with the permission of the then occupants of the room, searched the ceiling of the front middle room in accordance with Mr. Livingstons [sic] directions. He found there the bundle of verse, just as Mr. Livingston described. The annexed copy is one of them." See, Digital Images Database, Yale University Manuscripts & Archives, in the form of a clipping from the New Haven Journal Courier. [Image No. 6786. Digital Images Database, Yale University Manuscripts & Archives, Yale University Library.]

AI 39988. OCLC records 11 under several accession numbers as of June 2022. \$250.00



Item No. 93

Louisiana's Prominent White Supremacist

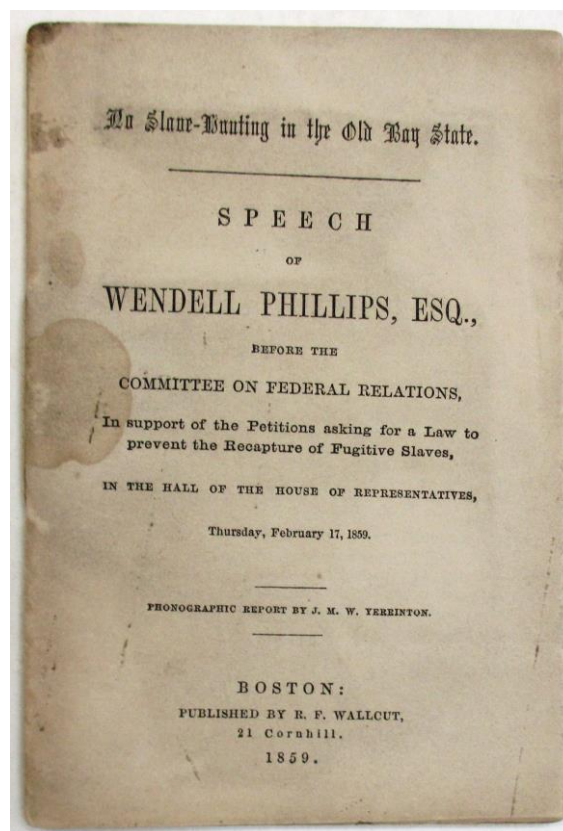
93. **Perez, Leander H.:** ADDRESS BY JUDGE L.H. PEREZ TO YOUNG MEN'S BUSINESS CLUB IN NEW ORLEANS, LA. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1954 ON RACIAL INTEGRATION BY COURT DECREE. New Orleans: Bendker Printing, [1955]. 12pp. Original staples and original printed blue wrappers with wrapper title, as issued. A narrow wrapper spot, Very Good+.

Perez, Democratic Boss of Plaquemines and St. Bernard Parishes in southeast Louisiana, was a passionate segregationist. He defiantly rejects the Supreme Court's decision in *Brown v. Board of Education*: "Segregated schools can and will be maintained by the proper and legitimate use of the police power inherent in every state regardless of any attempted usurpation of power by the Supreme Court."

His view of Blacks' racial inferiority is clearly expressed in this Address: "Whether one accepts the scientific doctrine of the evolution of life on earth from lower life forms, it takes no expert to see at a glance the physical differences between the negro and the white man. Intellectually and spiritually there is no comparison between the two. Strictly speaking the proper place to make the comparison is in the jungles of Africa. The American negro, by virtue of his short accidental sojourn in this country, has taken on a veneer of our way of life, but he is still rooted in the mores of his ancestors in the savage jungle life."

OCLC 15142571 [5- 3 in Louisiana, U SC, U TX] as of June 2022.

\$250.00



Item No. 94

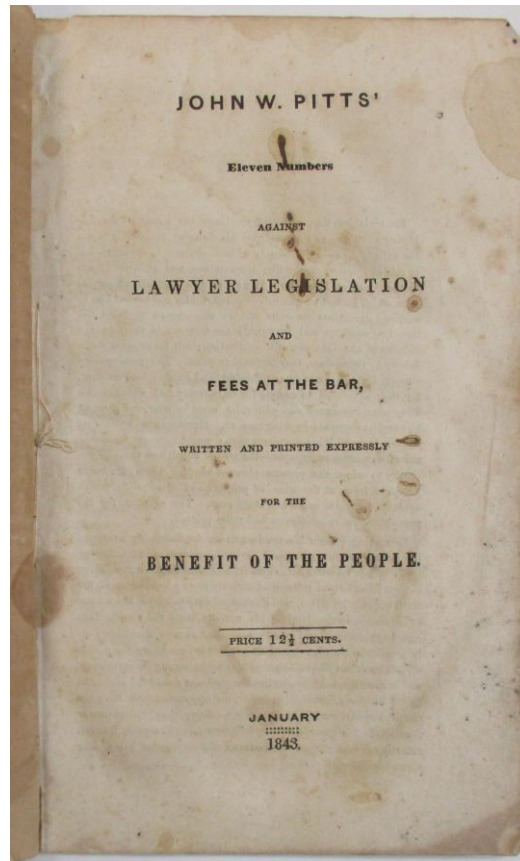
Nullify the Fugitive Slave Act!

94. **Phillips, Wendell:** NO SLAVE-HUNTING IN THE OLD BAY STATE. SPEECH OF WENDELL PHILLIPS, ESQ., BEFORE THE COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL RELATIONS, IN SUPPORT OF PETITIONS ASKING FOR A LAW TO PREVENT THE RECAPTURE OF FUGITIVE SLAVES, IN THE HALL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1859. PHONOGRAPHIC REPORT BY J.M.W. YERRINTON. Boston: Published by R.F. Wallcut, 1859. 31, [1 blank] pp. Stitched. Title leaf dusted; persistent margin spot in early leaves. Good+.

Abolitionists developed a profound appreciation for the Virginia State Rights Doctrine after passage of the Fugitive Slave Act of 1850. Men like Phillips, arguing for the supremacy

of State law, urged the Massachusetts legislature to enact a law nullifying the Fugitive Slave Act. "Within the last few years, we have sent nearly four hundred fugitives from Massachusetts ... We assert that you sit here as the legislators of a sovereign State. If anybody has agreed to limit that sovereignty by an unholy compact, it is not binding, and you have no right to regard it."

Dumond 93. LCP 8171 [recording the 1860 Anti-Slavery Society printing]. \$150.00



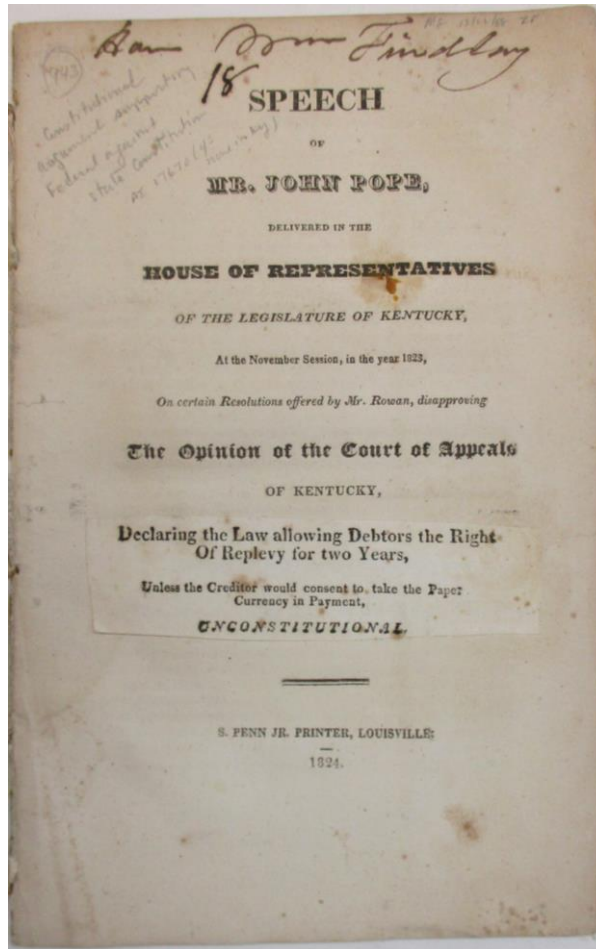
Item No. 95

A Georgian's Attack on Greedy, Contentious Lawyers

95. **Pitts, John W.:** JOHN W. PITTS' ELEVEN NUMBERS AGAINST LAWYER LEGISLATION AND FEES AT THE BAR, WRITTEN AND PRINTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PEOPLE. PRICE 12 1/2 CENTS. [Savannah?]: January, 1843. 48pp. Stitched in original printed wrappers [worn, with some extremity chipping and closed tears, several wrapper tears archivally repaired, no text impaired]. Scattered foxing, Good+.

Numbers 1-6, says the Preface, were first published in the Southern Recorder. "Georgian John W. Pitts published a little book that both anticipates and illuminates current discontents. Pitts thinks lawyers are driven by self-interest both to make laws prolix and complicated and to 'excite strife, confusion and debate.' Lawyer legislators make law complex and generate a need for lawyers to vindicate rights. These rights are then diminished, however, by the very need for professional lawyers, who extract fees for securing rights for their clients" [Galanter].

Cohen 8523. Galanter, Predators and Parasites, 28 U GA Law Review 633 [1994]. Not in De Renne, American Imprints, Sabin, Harv. Law Cat., Marke. OCLC records six locations under several accession numbers as of June 2022. \$850.00



Item No. 96

Kentucky's Debt Relief Laws Unconstitutional!

96. **Pope, John:** SPEECH OF MR. JOHN POPE, DELIVERED IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE LEGISLATURE OF KENTUCKY, AT THE NOVEMBER SESSION, IN THE YEAR 1823, ON CERTAIN RESOLUTIONS OFFERED BY MR. ROWAN, DISAPPROVING THE OPINION OF THE COURT OF APPEALS OF KENTUCKY, DECLARING THE LAW ALLOWING DEBTORS THE RIGHT OF REPLEVY FOR TWO YEARS, UNLESS THE CREDITOR WOULD CONSENT TO TAKE THE PAPER CURRENCY IN PAYMENT, UNCONSTITUTIONAL. Louisville: S. Penn Jr., Printer, 1824. 29, [3 blanks] pp. Disbound with a couple of fox marks and light toning. Else Very Good. The last part of the title ("declaring" through "unconstitutional") is printed on a mounted label, as with other copies noted in bibliographies. Ownership signature of William Findlay, probably the U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, at head of title.

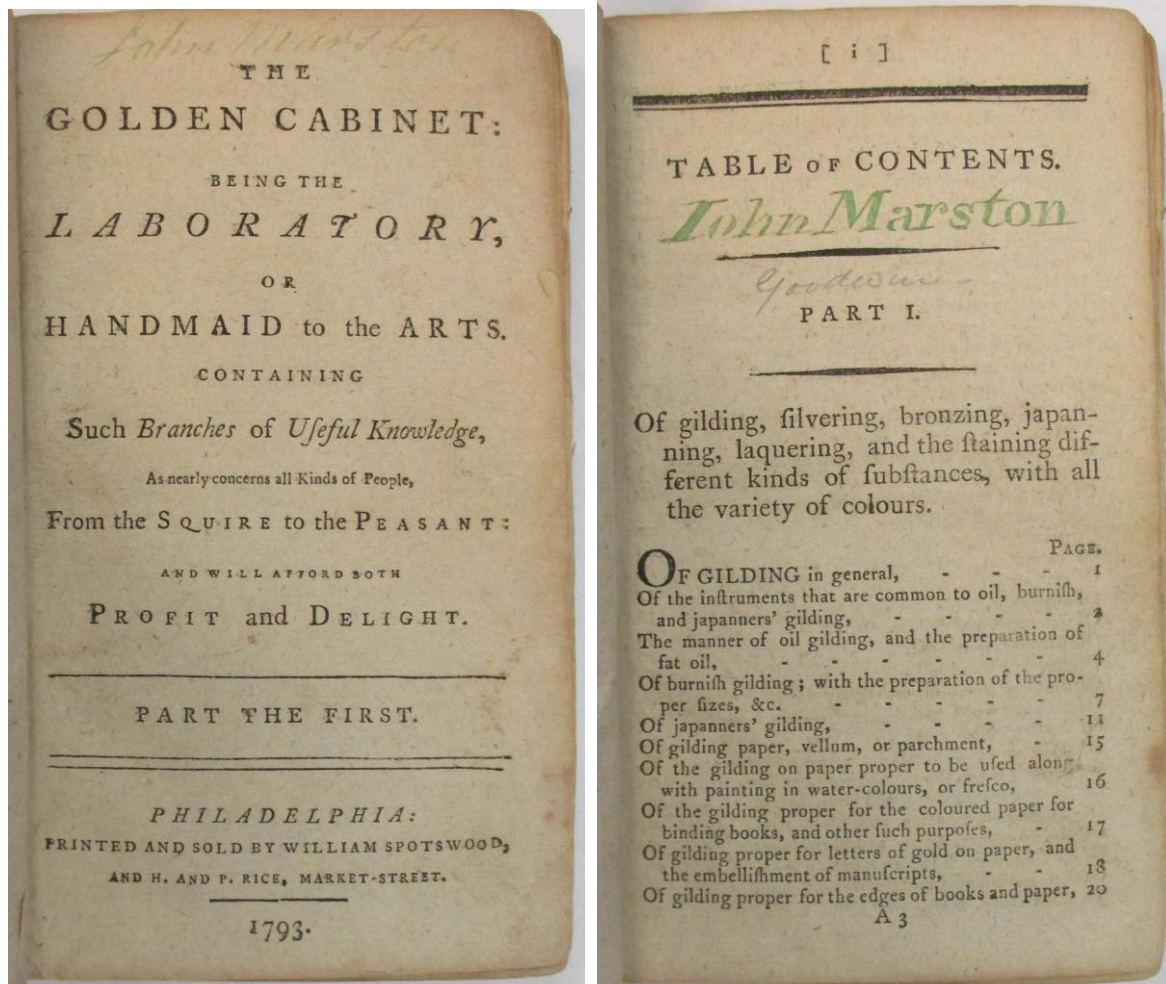
After the Panic of 1819, Kentucky enacted Debt Relief Laws staying the payment of debts and requiring lenders to accept payment in notes of the new, uncapitalized Bank of Kentucky. Lenders who refused would be forced to endure lengthy delays before payment, if ever.

In 1823 the Kentucky Court of Appeals [now the Kentucky Supreme Court], in *Williams v. Blair*, held that Kentucky's Debt Relief Law was an unconstitutional impairment of the obligation of contracts. Opposing John Rowan, who supported the Relief Party, Pope defends the Court's decision, the supremacy of the Constitution, and judicial independence.

"Let it not, therefore, be pretended, that a majority here, or of the people can annul those principles of freedom and justice, which in the deliberate display of their highest sovereign character they have declared."

Sabin 64110. AI 17670 [4]. Not in Cohen or Coleman.

\$750.00



Item No. 97

Comprehensive Guide to the Practical Arts

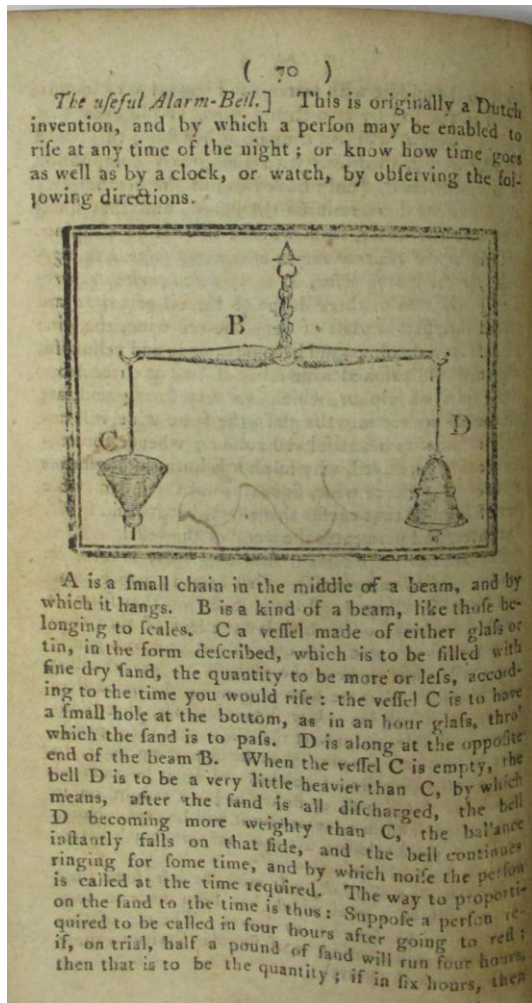
97. **[Practical Arts]:** THE GOLDEN CABINET: BEING THE LABORATORY, OR HANDMAID TO THE ARTS. CONTAINING SUCH BRANCHES OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE, AS NEARLY CONCERNS ALL KINDS OF PEOPLE, FROM THE SQUIRE TO THE PEASANT: AND WILL AFFORD BOTH PROFIT AND DELIGHT. Philadelphia: Printed and Sold by William Spotswood, and H. and P. Rice, 1793. [2], iv, 84, [2], iv, [87]-138, [2], vi, [141]-219, [1] pp. Bound in original sheep, rebacked. Gilt-lettered red morocco spine title. A wood engraving at page 70, and a graph at page 125. Very Good, with contemporary ink ownership signatures of Ward Marston and John Marston. Bookplate of the great bookseller William S. Reese.

This sole 18th century American printing, like its British ancestors, is in three parts, each with separate title leaves and tables of contents. A guide to the practical arts, it offers instructions for gilding, lacquering, drawing, mixing colors, adulterating wines, hair and skin

care, inks and waxes, methods for counterfeiting gems. The final text leaf lists titles available from Rice.

Evans 25551. Rink 151. ESTC W12446.

\$1,500.00



(125)

YEARS.							SUNDAYS.						
A	G	F	E	D	C	B	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1758	59		60	61	62	63	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	64	65	66	67	68		15	16	17	18	19	20	21
69	70	71		72	73	74	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
75	76	77	78	79			29	30	31				
80	81	82	83	84	85	Jan. Oct.	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
86	87		88	89	90	91	May.	B	C	D	E	F	G
	92	93	94	95	96		Aug.	C	D	E	F	G	A
97	98	99	100	1	2	3	Fb. Mar. Nov.	D	E	F	G	A	B
	4	5	6	7	8		June.	E	F	G	A	B	C
9	10	11		12	13	14	Sep. Dec.	F	G	A	B	C	D
15	16	17	18	19			Ap. Jul.	G	A	B	C	D	E
20	21	22	23	24	25								
26	27		28	29	30	31							

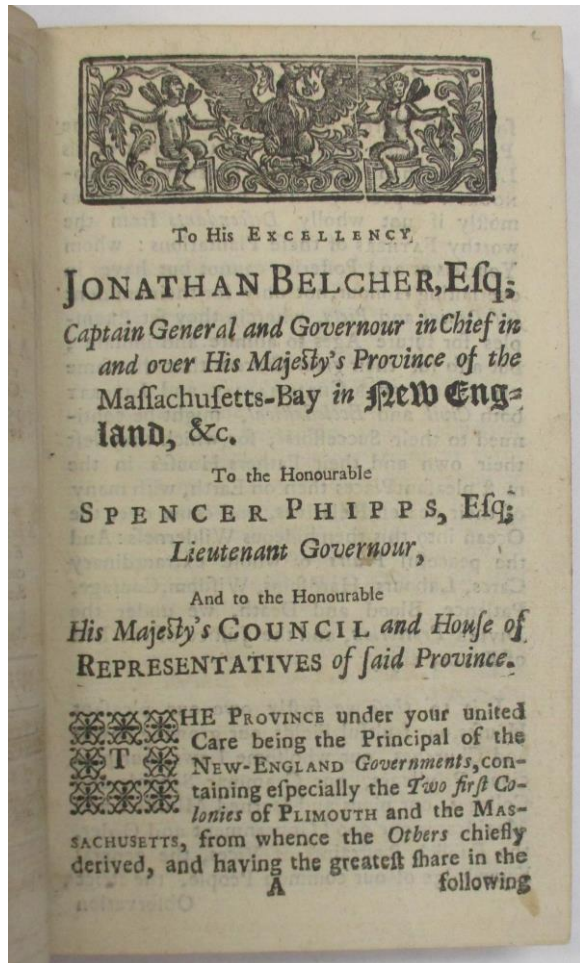
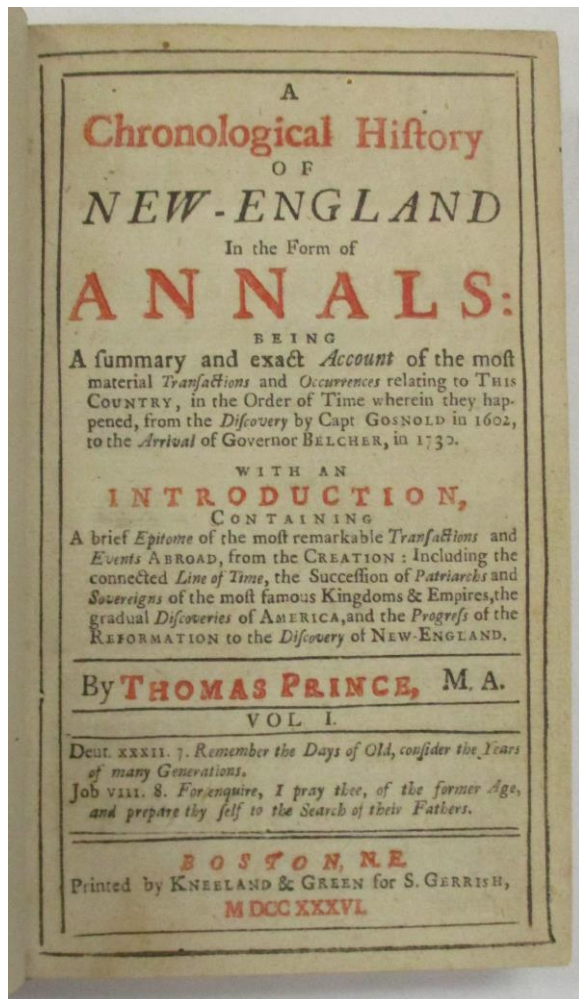
To make an artificial Malaga wine.] Take a wine vessel well hooped with iron hoops, and one end open, to which a close cover must be fitted to put on and take off at pleasure, set it in a warm place, fill it full of fair water, to every gallon of which put two pounds of Malaga raisins, first bruised in a stone mortar; and to every twenty gallons of water a good handful of calx vive: cover the vessel close, and keep it warm with cloths: let it stand four or five days to work: then see if the raisins be risen up, and beat them down, and co-

M 3

Item No. 97

A Magnificent Provenance

98. **Prince, Thomas:** A CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY OF NEW-ENGLAND IN THE FORM OF ANNALS: BEING A SUMMARY AND EXACT ACCOUNT OF THE MOST MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS AND OCCURRENCES RELATING TO THIS COUNTRY, IN THE ORDER OF TIME WHEREIN THEY HAPPENED, FROM THE DISCOVERY BY CAPT. GOSNOLD IN 1602, TO THE ARRIVAL OF GOVERNOR BELCHER, IN 1730. WITH AN INTRODUCTION ... VOL. I. Boston, N.E.: Printed by Kneeland & Green for S. Gerrish., 1736. [10], xi, [1], 20, 104, [2], 254 pp, as issued. Title printed in red and black inks. Page 202 is misnumbered 102 as issued. The 20-page List of Subscribers is filled with the names of New England's political, social, and religious elite. Bound in beautiful, gilt-decorated dark morocco, with raised spine bands and gilt-stamped spine title; housed in a marbled slipcase. All edges gilt. Near Fine.



Item No. 98

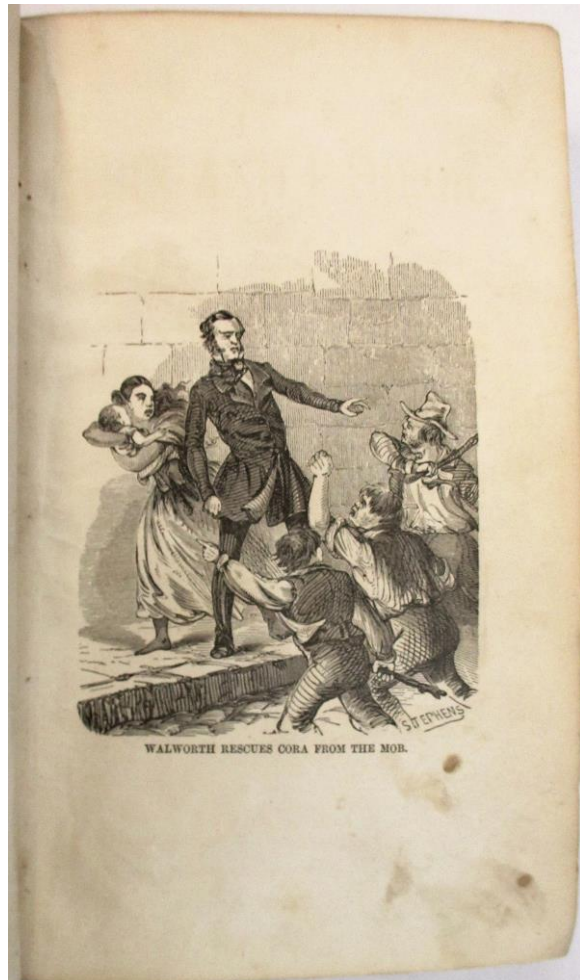
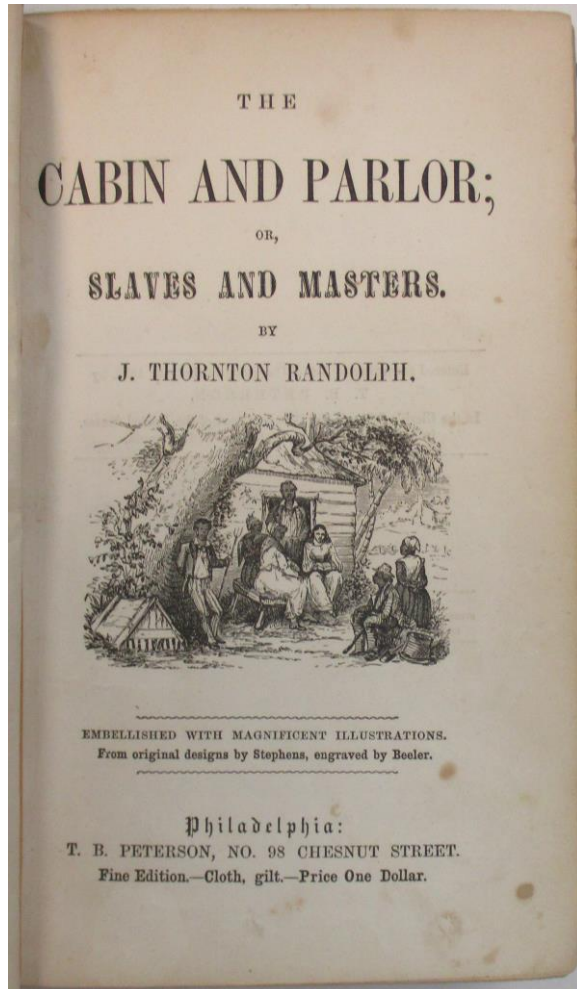
This book, which Prince dedicates to Jonathan Belcher, is from the library of S.L.M. Barlow, whose collection sold in February 1890; it then passed into the hands of Benjamin DeForest Curtiss, who donated it as part of his book collection to the Watertown Library Association; and from thence to the great bookseller William S. Reese. The bookplates of Barlow, Curtiss, and Reese are on the front pastedown. The Watertown Library plate is on the rear pastedown. Volume I was "all" [Howes] that was published; Volume II appeared in 1755, with the title, 'Annals of New-England.' Our "Volume I brings the Chronology down to September 7, 1630. The second volume was commenced in 1755, and three numbers printed, continuing the Chronology to August 5, 1633" [Evans].

Prince was one of the first great collectors of American history and literature. His Library contained five Bay Psalm Books. "With great diligence and care [Prince] prepared the material for his Chronological history. His aim was to present an epitome of history in the briefest and most accurate form. A strictly chronological arrangement and the simplest form of human statement were chosen. As an introduction to the work he traced general chronology from the creation till the accession of James I. Then began the work proper-- New England chronology. Of this only a part was completed, viz.: that from the accession of James I till a few months subsequent to the landing of Winthrop and his colonists in Massachusetts Bay. Prince was one of the most accurate of compilers. He was intensely critical, though living a century before the art of criticism began generally to be applied to the preparation of historic material. The quaint statement given in his preface of what he considered to be his duty as an historian in the matter of accuracy and fairness is one of the

gems of early New England literature. Even as a fragment, the Chronological history of New England is the most scholarly piece of literary work wrought in America during the colonial time" [Larned; internal quotation marks omitted].

FIRST EDITION. Howes P615aa. Larned 1010. Church 925. Evans 4068. ESTC W30371.

\$2,000.00



Item No. 99

“Degraded Condition of the Free Colored Population”

99. **Randolph, J. Thornton [i.e., Charles J. Peterson]:** THE CABIN AND PARLOR; OR, SLAVES AND MASTERS. Philadelphia: T.B. Peterson, [1852]. Original publisher's cloth, front cover decorated in gilt. Rebacked. Two frontis illustrations, and engraved title page illustration. 324, [12- publ. advts.] pp. Scattered light foxing. Good+. Neat ownership signature on front endpaper: "Juliette J. Pierce | 1860."

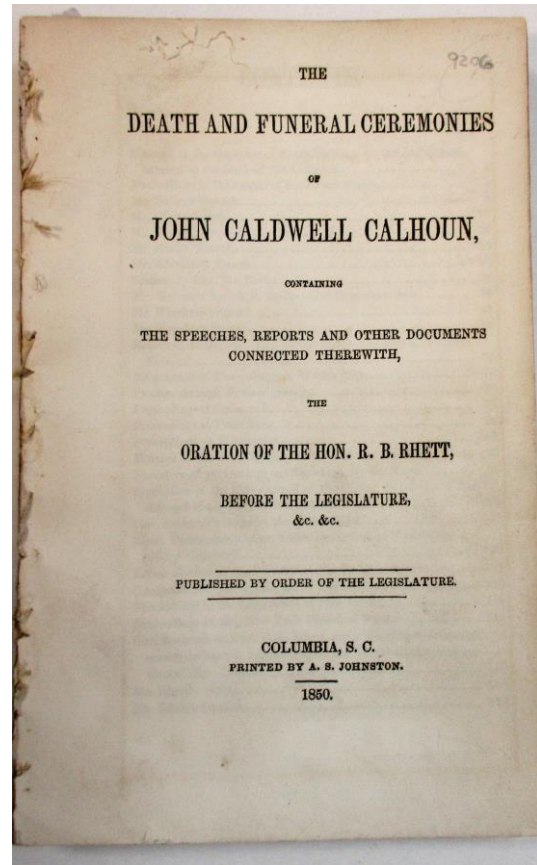
The author seeks to educate the public in "broad and correct views" of slavery, taking particular note of "the degraded condition of the free colored population in the North." He appeals to residents of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Southern Ohio, "those being the localities where the free blacks exist in greatest numbers, and where consequently the best opportunities for studying them occur." He warns that "social systems cannot be safely changed in a day."

FIRST EDITION. LCP Supp. 1693.

\$125.00



Item No. 99



Item No. 100

Elaborate Ceremonies Honoring the Political Father of Nullification

100. **Rhett, Robert Barnwell:** THE DEATH AND FUNERAL CEREMONIES OF JOHN CALDWELL CALHOUN, CONTAINING THE SPEECHES, REPORTS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS CONNECTED THEREWITH, THE ORATION OF THE HON. R.B. RHETT, BEFORE THE LEGISLATURE &C. &C. Columbia, S.C.: Printed by A.S. Johnston, 1850. [4], 168pp, as issued. Disbound, tear at blank top margin of title leaf. Good+.

The pamphlet includes the Message of the Governor, Speeches of Calhoun's Senatorial colleagues [Clay, Webster, Butler], resolutions and proceedings in other States, the funeral cortege [with a sketch at page 103], and the Oration of Rhett, South Carolina's premier Fire-Eater, before the South Carolina legislature.

Rhett delivers a detailed, powerful political biography of Calhoun, emphasizing his resistance to overreaching federal power, his development of the doctrine of Nullification in response to federal tariffs, his defense of slavery, and his growing alienation from the national government.

FIRST EDITION. III Turnbull 90. Sabin 87480.

\$275.00

“A Negro Shall Immediately Get Off the Side-Walk”

101. **Richmond:** THE CHARTERS AND ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND, WITH THE DECLARATION OF RIGHTS, AND CONSTITUTION OF VIRGINIA. PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND. Richmond: Ellyson's Steam Presses, 1859. Modern cloth, with gilt-

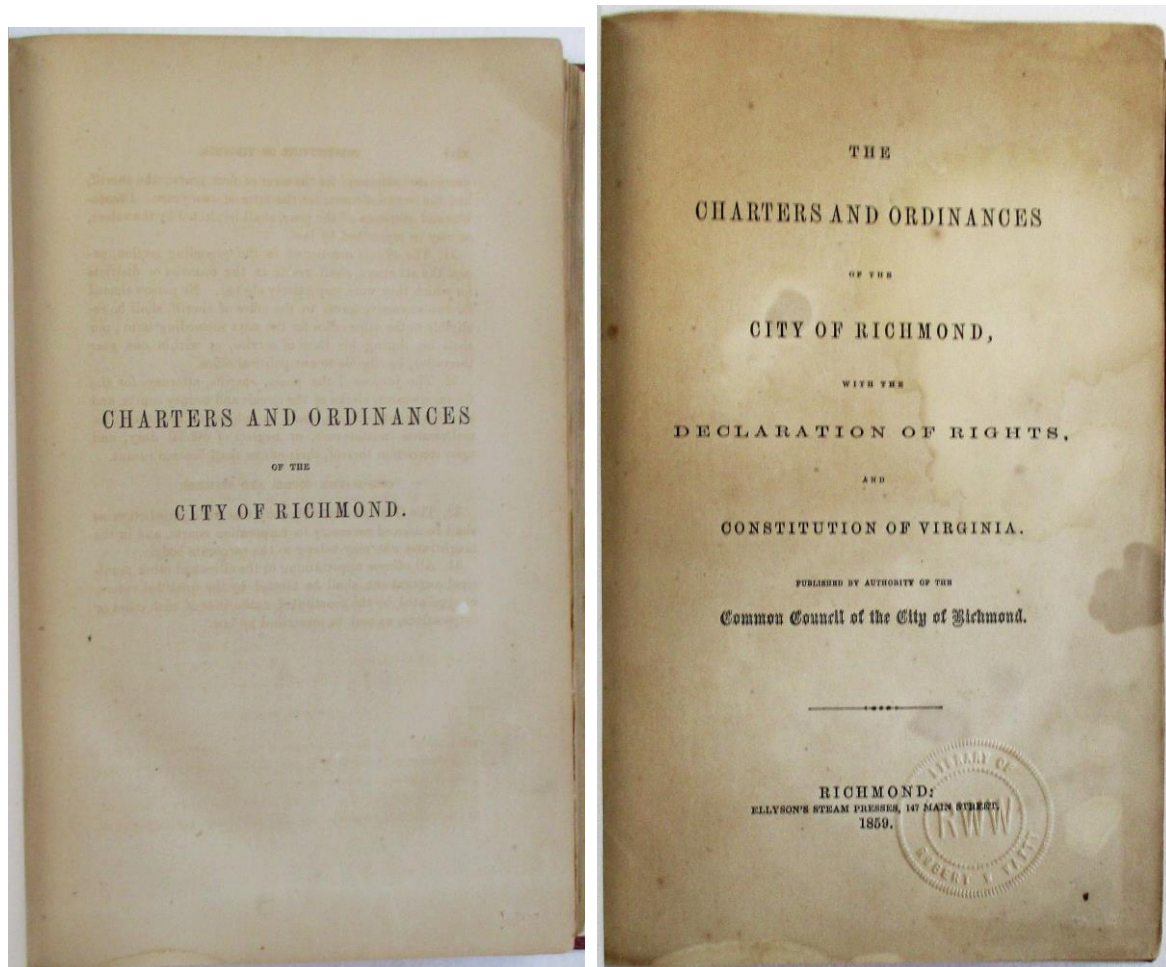
lettered spine label. xlvi, [2], 295, [1 blank] pp [as issued]. Some light spotting, else Very Good.

The book prints the Virginia Bill of Rights, the Virginia Constitution, the Charter and Ordinances, and a detailed Index.

One of the Charter Chapters, entitled 'Negroes', is a detailed code for Free Negroes and Slaves, with a variety of prohibitions, prescriptions, and penalties [which generally involved whipping]. For example, "A negro meeting or overtaking, or being overtaken by a white person on a side-walk, shall pass on the outside; and if it be necessary to enable such white person to pass, shall immediately get off the side-walk."

Haynes 15572. Not in Sabin, Cohen, Harv. Law Cat.

\$450.00

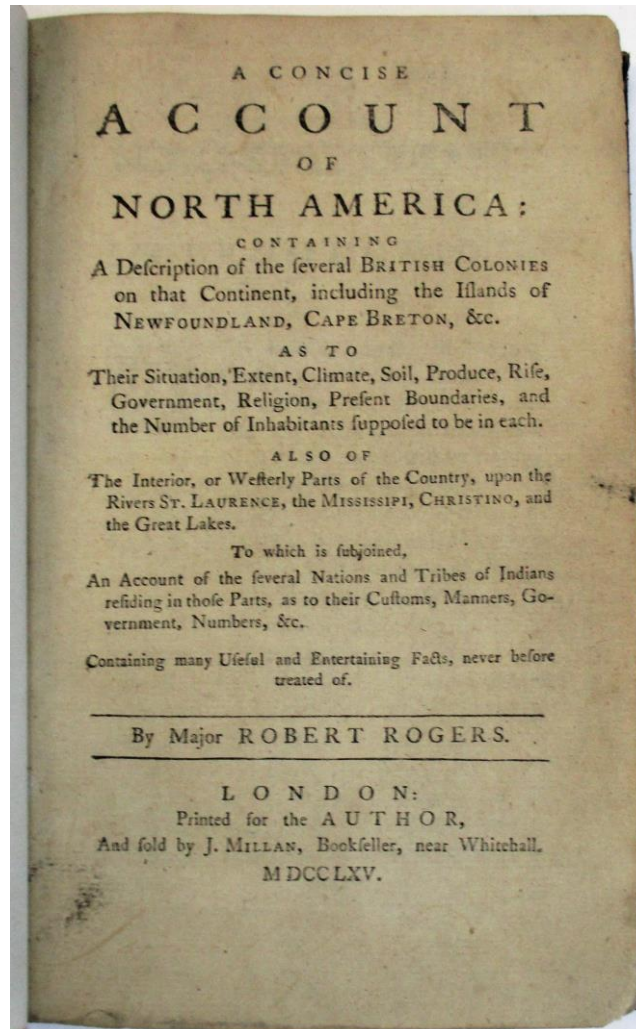


Item No. 101

**"One of the Most Accurate Contemporary Accounts of
The Interior of North America"**

102. **Rogers, Robert:** A CONCISE ACCOUNT OF NORTH AMERICA: CONTAINING A DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL BRITISH COLONIES ON THAT CONTINENT, INCLUDING THE ISLANDS OF NEWFOUNDLAND, CAPE BRETON, &C. AS TO THEIR SITUATION, EXTENT, CLIMATE, SOIL, PRODUCE, RISE, GOVERNMENT, RELIGION, PRESENT BOUNDARIES, AND THE NUMBER OF INHABITANTS SUPPOSED TO BE IN EACH. ALSO OF THE INTERIOR, OR WESTERLY PARTS OF

THE COUNTRY, UPON THE RIVERS ST. LAURENCE, THE MISSISSIPI, CHRISTINO, AND THE GREAT LAKES. TO WHICH IS SUBJOINED, AN ACCOUNT OF THE SEVERAL NATIONS AND TRIBES OF INDIANS RESIDING IN THOSE PARTS... BY MAJOR ROBERT ROGERS. London: Printed for the Author, and Sold by J. Millan, 1765. Half brown morocco and cloth [light wear], with gilt rules, spine bands, spine panels. vii, [1], 264 pp. Marbled endpapers. Small tape repair at leaf 59-60. Very Good.

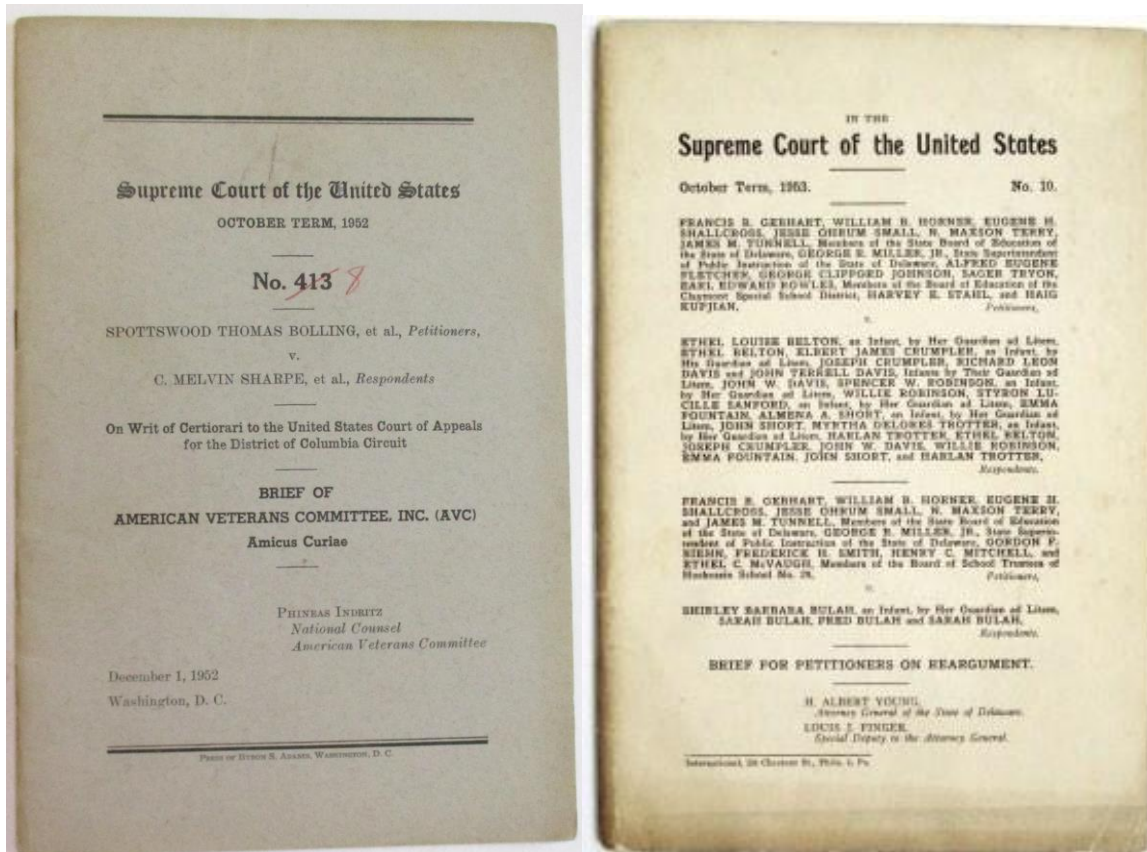


Item No. 102

"Based largely on personal knowledge, this was the first geographical account of the American interior after England had wrested it from France, and, aside from those by Pittman and Hutchins, the most accurate of the period" [Howes]. "One of the most accurate contemporary accounts of the interior of North America as it was when England took it from France" [Streeter].

Francis Parkman, quoted by Larned, noted that Rogers was a native of New Hampshire and called this work "a small volume containing much valuable information." "Particularly valuable for the description of the Indians and the then little known western part of the country" [Vail]. Major Rogers received the capitulation of western French posts in 1760; en route he met Pontiac, the Ottawa chief, and received his submission to English supremacy. He was also present at the siege of Detroit by Pontiac in 1763.

FIRST EDITION. Howes R418 'b'. Streeter Sale 1028. Larned 1481. Vail 562. 115 Eberstadt 885. 49 Decker 240. Reese & Osborn, *Struggle for North America* 66 note. \$3,250.00



Item No. 103

Freedom From Racial Discrimination in Washington DC

103. [School Segregation Cases- Washington, D.C.]: SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OCTOBER TERM, 1952. NO. 413 SPOTTSWOOD THOMAS BOLLING, ET AL., PETITIONERS, V. C. MELVIN SHARPE, ET AL., RESPONDENTS... BRIEF OF AMERICAN VETERANS COMMITTEE, INC. (AVC) AMICUS CURIAE. Washington, D.C.: Press of Byron S. Adams, December 1, 1952. Original printed wrappers with wrapper title, as issued, and original staples. ii, 13, [1] pp. Near Fine.

The Supreme Court heard argument in December 1952, but held the cases over for reargument in the following term. This is the Amicus Curiae brief submitted by the American Veterans Committee for the first argument. Supporting the District of Columbia children seeking to integrate the Washington public schools, the Committee contends that the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments guarantee the right to be free from racial discrimination, that equality of education is impossible under a regime of racially segregated schools, that equality can be achieved only by abolition of compulsory segregation by race, and that "The people of Washington are ready for and will accept integration of their public schools."

The brief is signed in type by the Committee's National Counsel, Phineas Indritz, who was a distinguished civil rights and constitutional lawyer. \$500.00

**The Best and Cheapest Cotton is at the American South, Despite
"Suicidal Legislation of the Federal Authorities"**

104. **Seabrook, Whitmarsh:** A MEMOIR ON THE ORIGIN, CULTIVATION AND USES OF COTTON, FROM THE EARLIEST AGES TO THE PRESENT TIME, WITH

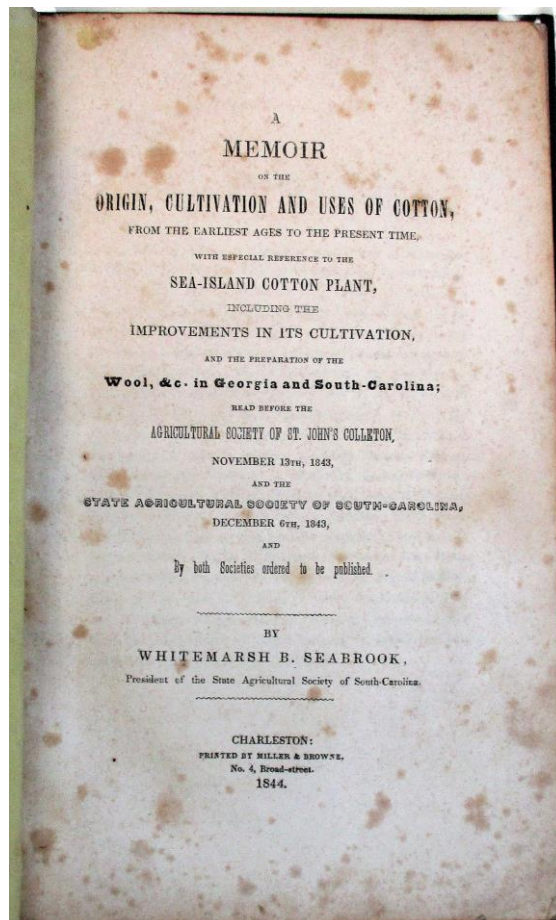
ESPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE SEA-ISLAND COTTON PLANT, INCLUDING THE IMPROVEMENTS IN ITS CULTIVATION, AND THE PREPARATION OF THE WOOL, &C. IN GEORGIA AND SOUTH-CAROLINA; READ BEFORE THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF ST. JOHN'S COLLETON, NOVEMBER 13TH, 1843, AND THE STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF SOUTH-CAROLINA, DECEMBER 6TH, 1843, AND BY BOTH SOCIETIES ORDERED TO BE PUBLISHED. Charleston: Miller & Browne, 1844. [4], 62, [1 errata], [1 blank] pp. Stitched into original printed yellow wrappers and bound into later cloth with gilt-lettered spine title [front board detached but present]. Some foxing, Good+.

Seabrook, President of the South Carolina Agricultural Society, explains that he wrote this "Historical Essay... at the request of Edmund Ruffin." He recounts the history of the development of cotton from its infancy in India and Persia, its importation to the West Indies in the 16th century, then to Virginia in the 1600's, and the rest of the Southern colonies. By the 1780s James Madison said, "There was no reason to doubt that the United States would one day become a great cotton producing country."

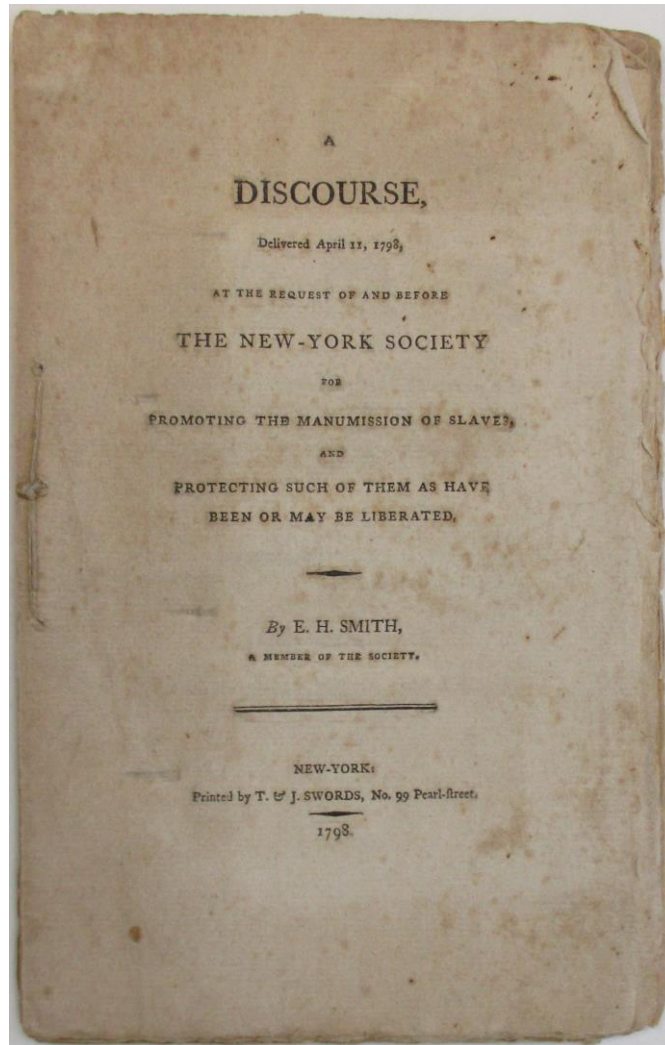
The scientific advances in the cultivation of cotton, particularly in the Sea Islands of South Carolina and Georgia, are expounded. Seabrook emphasizes the importance of cotton production in the growth and importance of the United States, despite "the suicidal legislation of the Federal authorities." Indeed, "Better and cheaper cotton can be grown in this country than in any other section of the world." An Appendix is laden with tables, charts, and mind-numbing data.

FIRST EDITION. Howes S251. AI 44-5534 [5]. II Turnbull 499.

\$500.00



Item No. 104



Item No. 105

“A System Pursued with an Unrelenting Spirit of Enterprizing Cruelty”

105. **Smith, E[lihu] H[ubbard]:** A DISCOURSE, DELIVERED APRIL 11, 1798, AT THE REQUEST OF AND BEFORE THE NEW-YORK SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE MANUMISSION OF SLAVES, AND PROTECTING SUCH OF THEM AS HAVE BEEN OR MAY BE LIBERATED. New York: Swords, 1798. 30, [2 blanks] pp, as issued. Stitched and lightly foxed. Very Good.

A Connecticut physician and Hartford Wit, Smith settled in New York in the 1790's, became active in this early anti-slavery society, and was a trustee of the school for Negroes in New York. Here he credits Woolman and Benezet with first stirring the consciences of European nations which had propagated "African subjection and domestic slavery...into a system, pursued with an unrelenting spirit of enterprizing cruelty, and maintained by all the force of watchful and suspicious tyranny."

Smith attributes "the degraded condition of the Africans, and their descendants, among us" to "the condition to which they have been reduced by those who reproach them with it." Smith discourses on the horrors of the slave trade and slavery, and rebuts their standard justifications by "miserable sophisters."

FIRST EDITION. Evans 34554. Dumond 103. LCP 9491. ESTC W37980. \$1,250.00

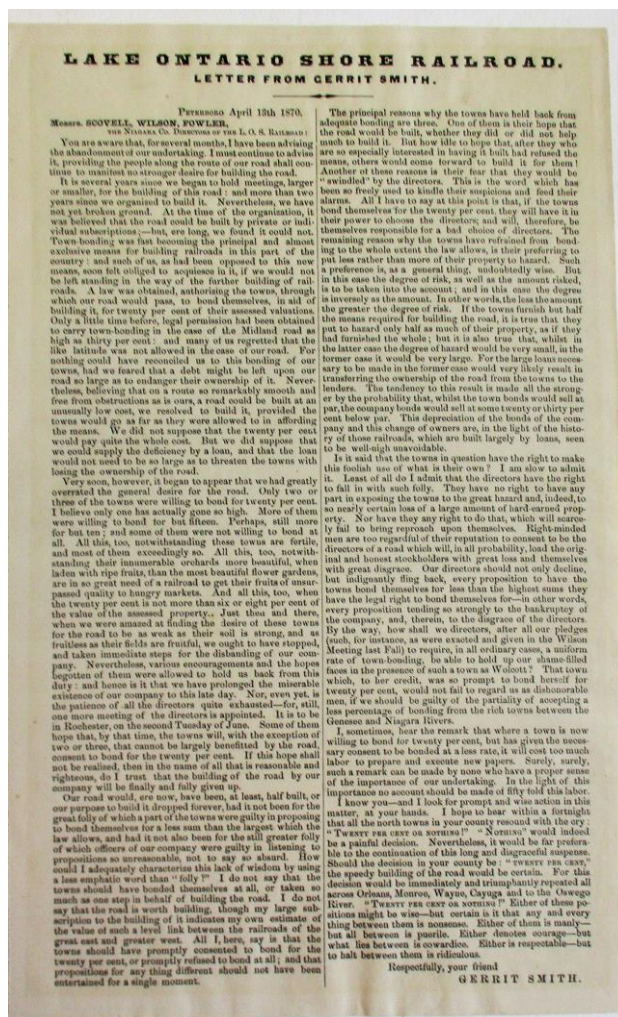
Smith's Manly Confession of Error

106. **Smith, Gerrit:** LAKE ONTARIO SHORE RAILROAD. LETTER FROM GERRIT SMITH. PETERBORO APRIL 13TH 1870. [Peterboro, N.Y.: 1870]. Broadside, 8" x 13" in double columns. Very Good.

Smith, an early backer of this proposed railroad, admits that "we had greatly overrated the general desire for the road."

The towns through which the road would travel have been unwilling to provide the necessary financial support. If they do not, then the road's organizers should be "too regardful of their reputation to consent to be the directors of a road which will, in all probability, load the original and honest stockholders with great loss and themselves with great disgrace."

Not in Sabin, BRE, Eberstadt, Decker. OCLC 191229009 [5- AAS, Yale, Clements, Syracuse U, U Rochester] as of May 2022. \$175.00



Item No. 106

Three Cheers for Capital Punishment!

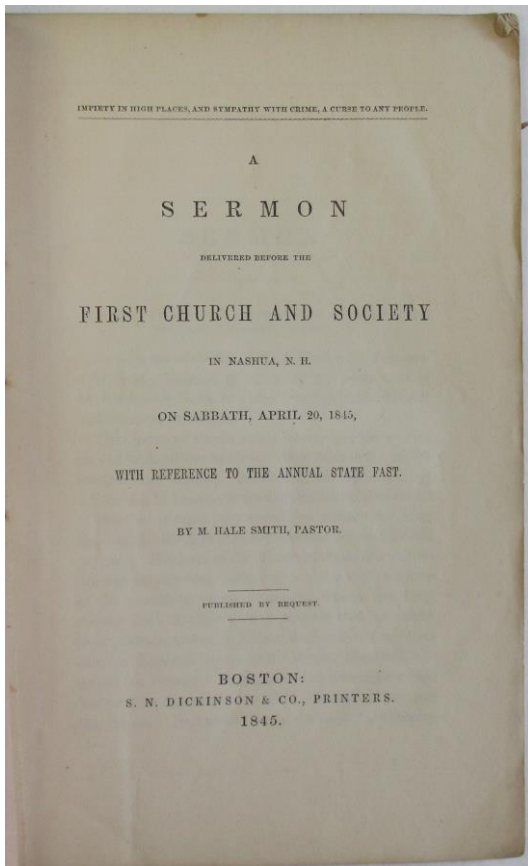
107. **Smith, M. Hale:** IMPIETY HIGH PLACES, AND SYMPATHY WITH CRIME, A CURSE TO ANY PEOPLE. A SERMON...IN NASHUA, N.H. ON SABBATH, APRIL 20, 1845, WITH REFERENCE TO THE ANNUAL STATE FAST. BY M. HALE SMITH,

PASTOR. Boston: 1845. Original printed salmon wrappers [rubberstamps in blank portion of front wrap], stitched, 32pp. Except as noted, Very Good.

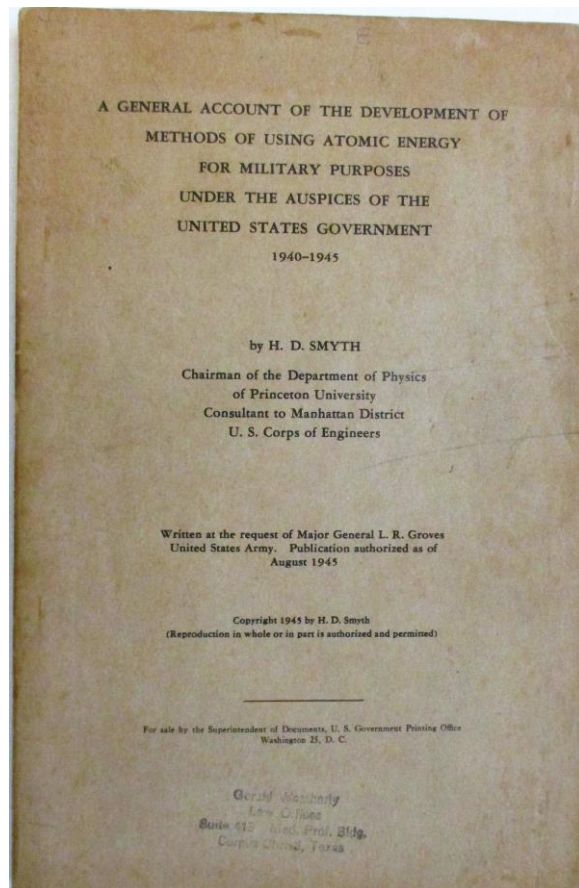
A sermon endorsing capital punishment, referring specifically to William F. Comings's murder of his wife, a recent "murder at Manchester," and "the recent attempt of De Noss, in the New Hampshire State prison, to take the life of the barber."

For the Comings case, see McDade 208.
AI 45-5596 [5].

\$125.00



Item No. 107



Item No. 108

“The Story of the Development of the Atomic Bomb”

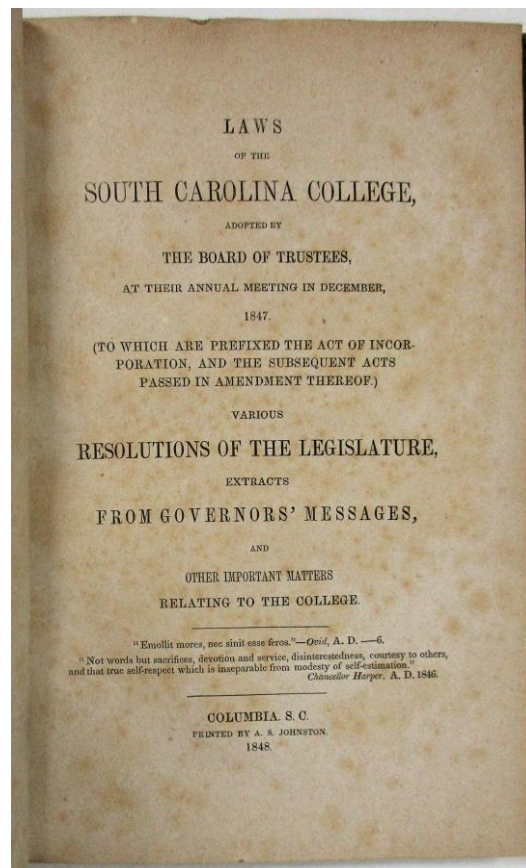
108. **Smyth, H.D.:** A GENERAL ACCOUNT OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF METHODS OF USING ATOMIC ENERGY FOR MILITARY PURPOSES UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 1940-1945. BY H.D. SMYTH CHAIRMAN OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS OF PRINCETON UNIVERSITY CONSULTANT TO MANHATTAN DISTRICT U.S. CORPS OF ENGINEERS. WRITTEN AT THE REQUEST OF MAJOR GENERAL L.R. GROVES UNITED STATES ARMY. PUBLICATION AUTHORIZED AS OF AUGUST 1945. [Washington DC: 1946]. Original stapled printed wrappers, with wrapper title as issued. vii, [1 blank], 182, [2 blanks] pp. Some pencil marginalia at pages 152-156, some mathematical pencil doodlings on rear wrapper. Very Good.

"The story of the development of the atomic bomb by the combined efforts of many groups in the United States is a fascinating but highly technical account of an enormous enterprise. Obviously military security prevents this story from being told in full at this time. However, there is no reason why the administrative history of the Atomic Bomb project and the basic scientific knowledge on which the several developments were based should not be available now to the general public. To this end this account by Professor H.D. Smyth is presented." [From the Foreword by General Leslie Groves, dated in type August 1945]. From the colophon on the last printed page, this copy was printed in 1946.

"There was published on 12 August 1945 (only six days after Hiroshima) the remarkably full and candid account of the development work carried out between 1940 and 1945 by the American-directed but internationally-recruited team of physicists, under the code name of 'Manhattan District', which culminated in the production of the first atomic bomb... Compiled by Professor Smyth of Princeton, a consultant to the 'Manhattan District' project at Los Alamos, whose commandant General L.R. Groves provided the foreword, 'the Smyth Report', as it is familiarly known, was published at one dollar by the U.S. Superintendent of Documents'." [Printing and the Mind of Man].

PMM 422e.

\$500.00



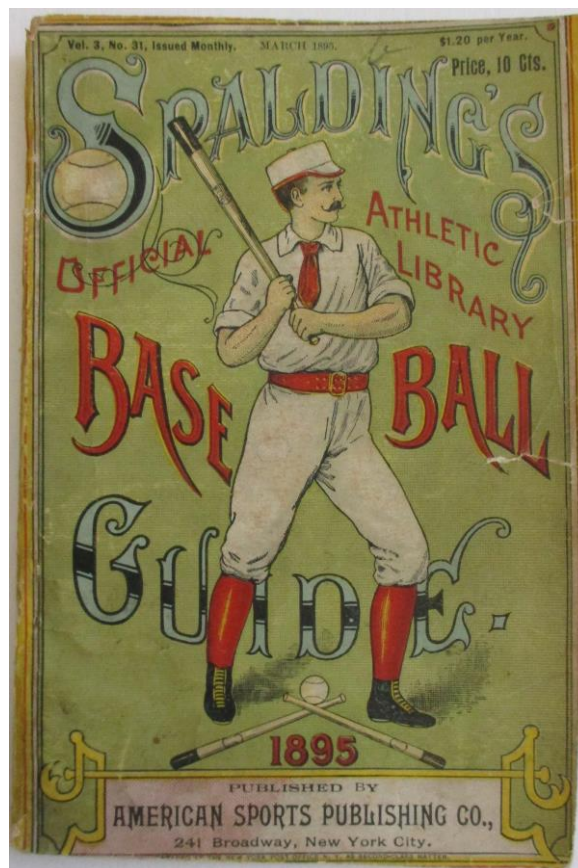
Item No. 109

Comprehensive Printing of College Laws

109. **South Carolina College:** LAWS OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA COLLEGE, ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES, AT THEIR ANNUAL MEETING IN DECEMBER, 1847. (TO WHICH ARE PREFIXED THE ACT OF INCORPORATION, AND THE SUBSEQUENT ACTS PASSED IN AMENDMENT THEREOF.) VARIOUS RESOLUTIONS OF THE LEGISLATURE, EXTRACTS FROM GOVERNORS'

MESSAGES, AND OTHER IMPORTANT MATTERS RELATING TO THE COLLEGE. Columbia, S.C.: Printed by A.S. Johnston, 1848. vi, 132 pp. Original cloth [printed paper title on front board], rebacked in calf. Front pastedown with a blank form, 2" x 4", for admission into the College. Very Good.

This is the most comprehensive printing of all the laws relating to South Carolina College. Unlike earlier printings it includes, not only the Acts of the Legislature and the College By-Laws, but also Resolutions of the Legislature, Governors' Messages, "Miscellaneous Matters Connected with the College" [i.e., Reports, Addresses, Resolutions of the Board, and other items]. A detailed, 31-page Index is included. III Turnbull 52. Not in Cohen. OCLC 25898559 [11], as of June 2022. \$375.00



Item No. 110

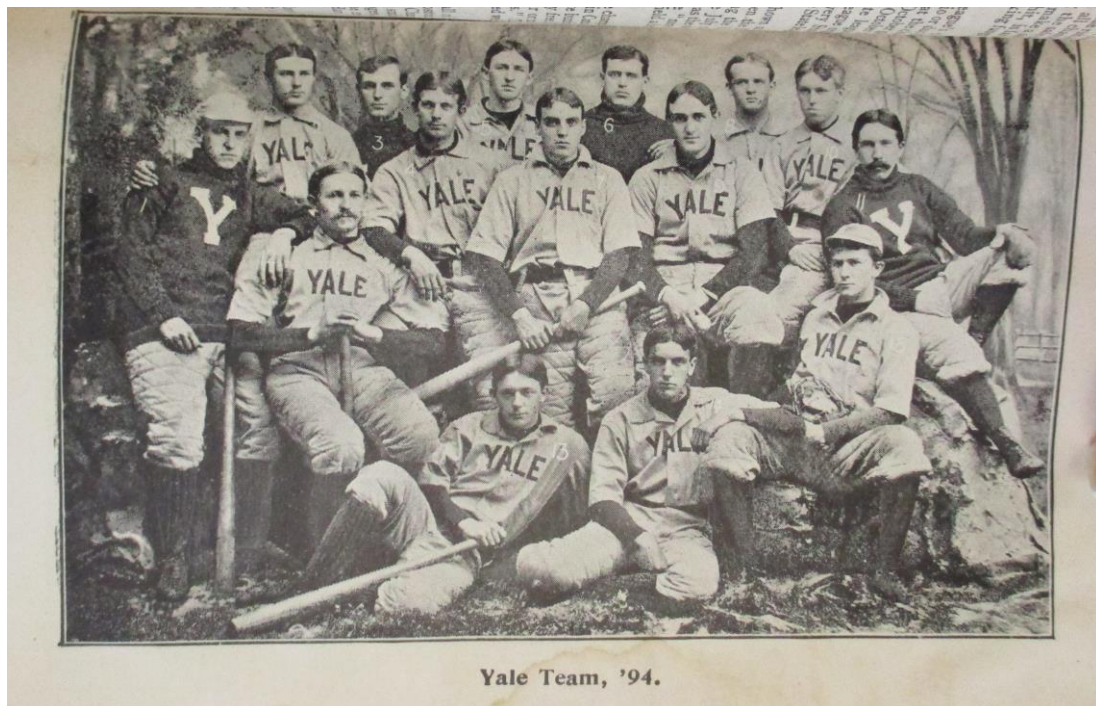
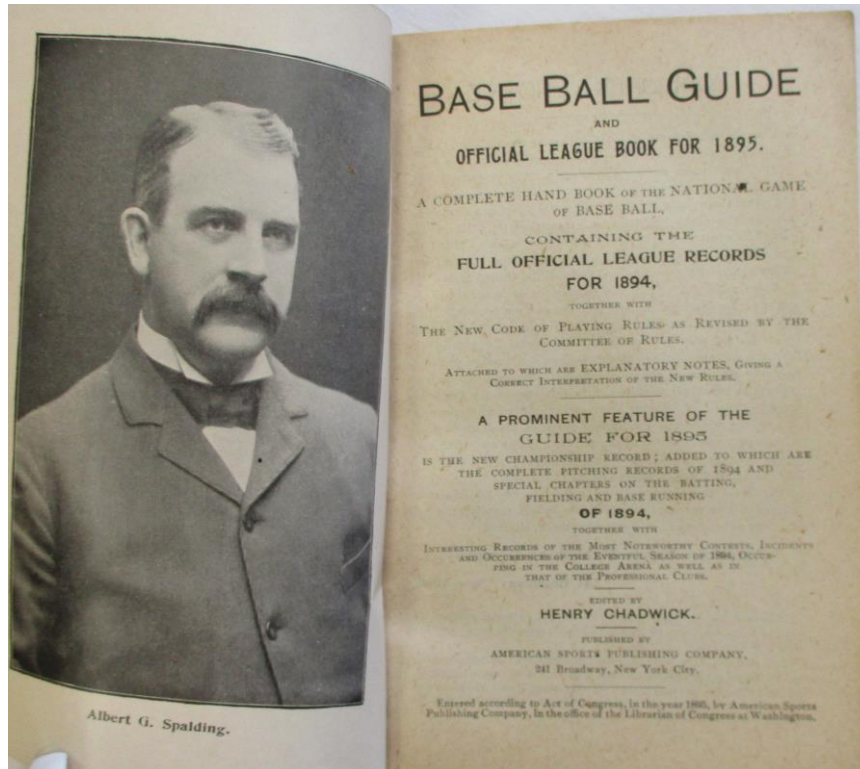
“America’s National Game”

110. **Spalding, A.G.:** BASE BALL GUIDE AND OFFICIAL LEAGUE BOOK FOR 1895. A COMPLETE HAND BOOK OF THE NATIONAL GAME OF BASE BALL. CONTAINING THE FULL OFFICIAL LEAGUE RECORD FOR 1894, TOGETHER WITH THE NEW CODE OF PLAYING RULES AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE OF RULES. ATTACHED TO WHICH ARE EXPLANATORY NOTES, GIVING A CORRECT INTERPRETATION OF THE NEW RULES. A PROMINENT FEATURE OF THE GUIDE FOR 1895 IS THE NEW CHAMPIONSHIP RECORD; ADDED TO WHICH ARE THE COMPLETE PITCHING RECORDS OF 1894 AND SPECIAL CHAPTERS ON THE BATTING, FIELDING AND BASE RUNNING OF 1894, TOGETHER WITH INTERESTING RECORDS OF THE MOST NOTEWORTHY CONTESTS, INCIDENTS AND OCCURRENCES OF THE EVENTFUL SEASON OF 1894, OCCURRING IN THE

COLLEGE ARENA AS WELL AS THAT OF THE PROFESSIONAL CLUBS. EDITED BY HENRY CHADWICK. New York: Published by American Sports Publishing Company, [1894]. 166, [22-- advts] pp. Frontis portrait of Spalding. Many photo illustrations. Stitched into original printed, illustrated, and decorative wrappers [original spine title, short closed tear to front wrap]. Very Good.

"The official hand book of America's national game."

\$350.00

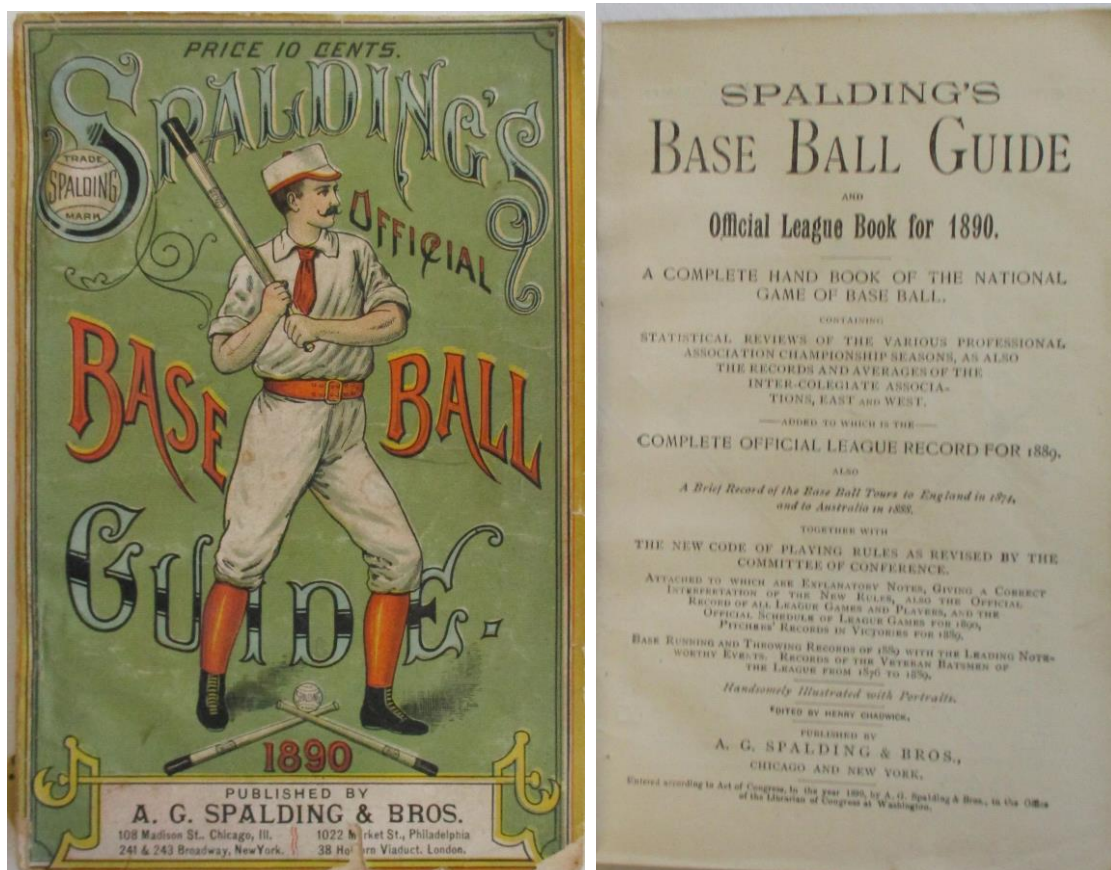


Yale Team, '94.

Item No. 110

111. **Spalding, A.G.:** SPALDING'S BASE BALL GUIDE AND OFFICIAL LEAGUE BOOK FOR 1890. A COMPLETE HAND BOOK OF THE NATIONAL GAME OF BASE BALL. STATISTICAL REVIEWS OF THE VARIOUS PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION CHAMPIONSHIP SEASONS, AS ALSO THE RECORDS AND AVERAGES OF THE INTER-COLLEGIATE ASSOCIATIONS, EAST AND WEST. ADDED TO WHICH IS THE COMPLETE OFFICIAL LEAGUE RECORD FOR 1889. ALSO A BRIEF RECORD OF THE BASE BALL TOURS TO ENGLAND IN 1874, AND TO AUSTRALIA IN 1888. TOGETHER WITH THE NEW CODE OF PLAYING RULES, AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ... BASE RUNNING AND THROWING RECORDS OF 1889, WITH THE LEADING NOTEWORTHY EVENTS. RECORDS OF THE VETERAN BATSMEN OF THE LEAGUE FROM 1876 TO 1889. HANDSOMELY ILLUSTRATED WITH PORTRAITS. EDITED BY HENRY CHADWICK. Chicago and New York: A.G. Spalding & Bros., [1889]. 184, [36] pp. Frontis portrait of Spalding. Stitched into original printed, illustrated, and decorative wrappers [original spine title, rear wrapper loose and chipped]. Except as noted, Very Good.

"Spalding's Official Base Ball Guide again greets the base ball public with the official records of America's national game." The Guide prints advertisements for the whole range of baseball equipment. \$275.00



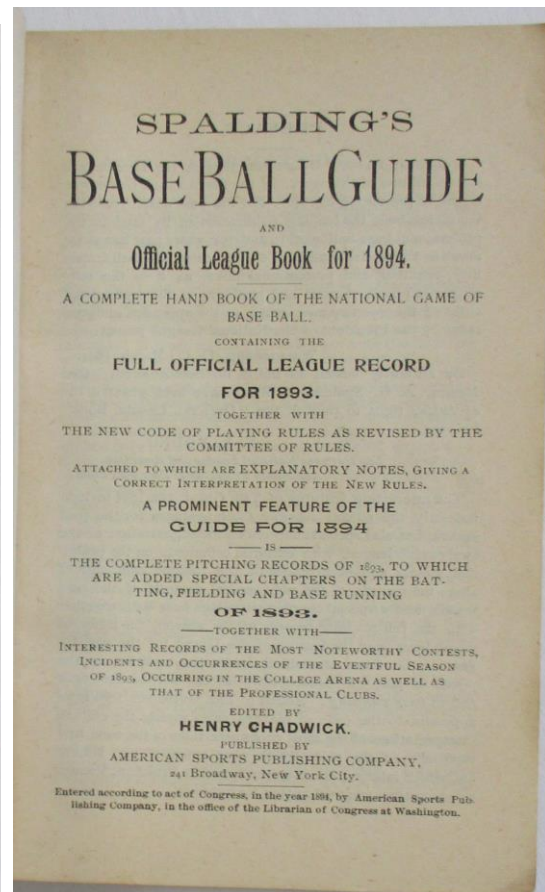
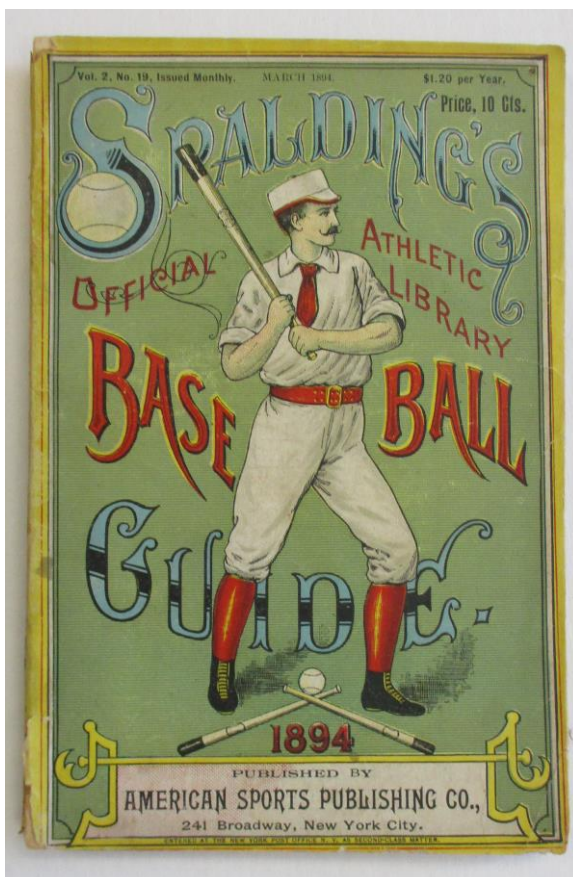
Item No. 111

112. **Spalding, A.G.:** SPALDING'S BASE BALL GUIDE AND OFFICIAL LEAGUE BOOK FOR 1894. A COMPLETE HAND BOOK OF THE NATIONAL GAME OF BASE BALL. CONTAINING THE FULL OFFICIAL LEAGUE RECORD FOR 1893.

TOGETHER WITH THE NEW CODE OF PLAYING RULES AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE OF RULES. ATTACHED TO WHICH ARE EXPLANATORY NOTES, GIVING A CORRECT INTERPRETATION OF THE NEW RULES. A PROMINENT FEATURE OF THE GUIDE FOR 1894 IS THE COMPLETE PITCHING RECORDS OF 1893, TO WHICH ARE ADDED SPECIAL CHAPTERS ON THE BATTING, FIELDING AND BASE RUNNING OF 1893. TOGETHER WITH INTERESTING RECORDS OF THE MOST NOTEWORTHY CONTESTS, INCIDENTS AND OCCURRENCES OF THE EVENTFUL SEASON OF 1893, OCCURRING IN THE COLLEGE ARENA AS WELL AS THAT OF THE PROFESSIONAL CLUBS. EDITED BY HENRY CHADWICK. New York: Published by American Sports Publishing Company, [1893]. 165, [27-- advts] pp. Frontis portrait of Spalding. Stitched into original printed, illustrated, and decorative wrappers [original spine title]. Near Fine.

"The leading publication of its kind in the base ball world."

\$350.00



Item No. 112

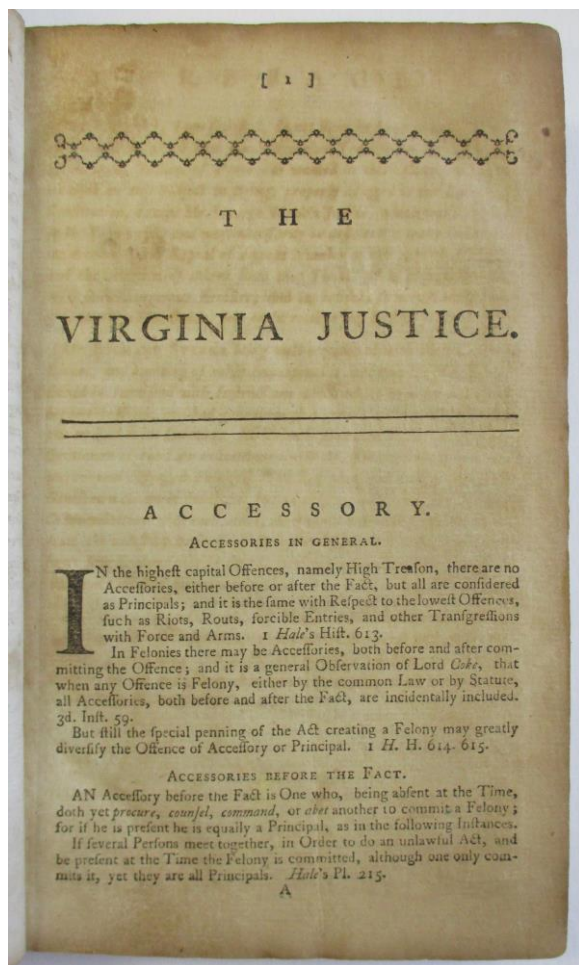
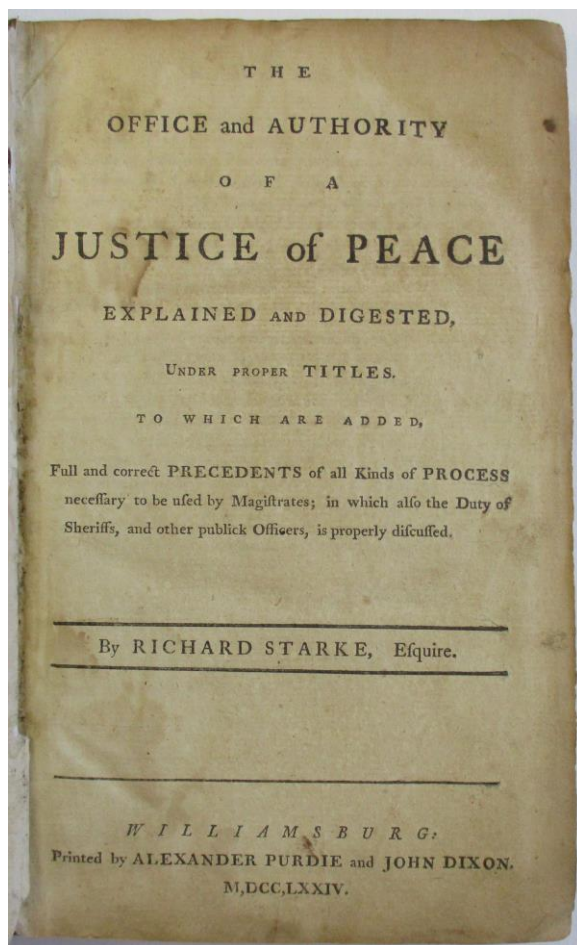
**The Only Contemporary Book
"Properly Adapted to Our Laws and Constitution"**

113. **Starke, Richard:** THE OFFICE AND AUTHORITY OF A JUSTICE OF PEACE EXPLAINED AND DIGESTED, UNDER PROPER TITLES. TO WHICH ARE ADDED, FULL AND CORRECT PRECEDENTS OF ALL KINDS OF PROCESS NECESSARY TO BE USED BY MAGISTRATES; IN WHICH ALSO THE DUTIES OF SHERIFFS, AND

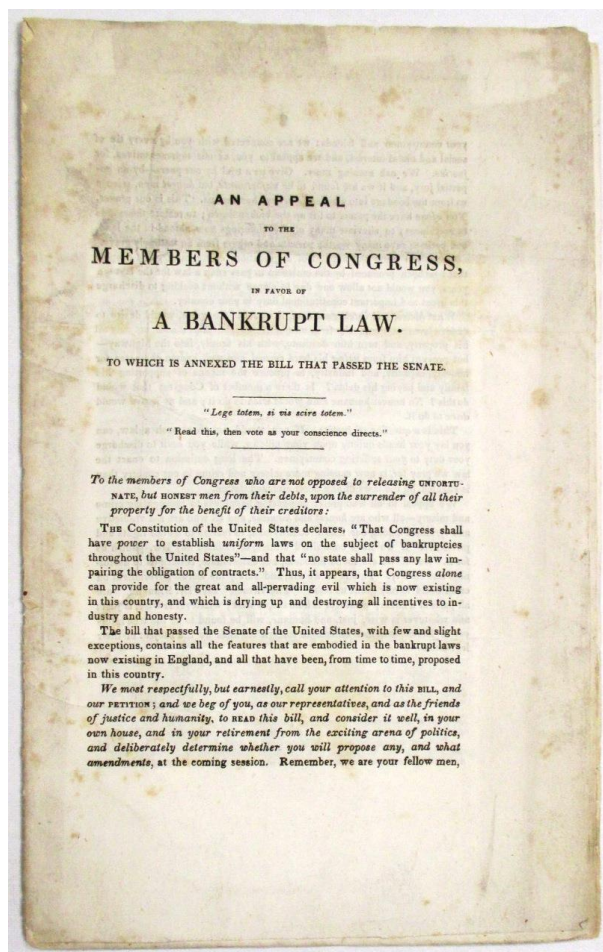
OTHER PUBLICK OFFICERS, IS PROPERLY DISCUSSED. Williamsburg: Alexander Purdie and John Dixon, 1774. [4], 353, [3] pages. Scattered light to moderate foxing. Original calf [lightly rubbed, expertly rehinged internally, rebacked with original gilt-lettered red morocco spine label]. Contemporary owner signature and inscriptions. Endpapers spotted. Good+.

The Preface asserts the necessity "in this Colony" for this Treatise. "There is no Book on this Subject in Being, properly adapted to our Laws and Constitution, except Mr. George Webb's Justice, which was published in 1736, and must necessarily be deficient in many Instances, on Account of the Repeal of a great Number of our Acts of Assembly, and the Addition of others since that Time." The book was printed by the publishers of the Virginia Gazette. "The author was probably Richard Starke whose death was announced in the Virginia Gazette for July 30, 1772, and who was attorney at law and clerk to two committees of the House of Burgesses. According to the preface of the book, the author died before the work was completed, and it was continued by 'some benevolent Gentlemen of the Law ... for the Benefit of a numerous and distressed family'." [Sabin]

The subjects are discussed in alphabetical order, from Accessory to Wrecks. Pages 325-330 are a Slave code. "The Authority of Masters over Slaves, though not absolute, is yet extensive." The Law treats them generally as "personal Estate, in almost every Case." Pages 129-132 treat the subject of religious Dissenters. Sabin 90521. Evans 13637. Cohen 8484. \$2,500.00



Item No. 113



Item No. 114

A Fresh Start for the Debtor!

114. [Stilwell, Silas M.?]: AN APPEAL TO THE MEMBERS OF CONGRESS, IN FAVOR OF A BANKRUPT LAW. TO WHICH IS ANNEXED THE BILL THAT PASSED THE SENATE. [New York: Narine & Cos, 1840?]. 16pp, folded as issued. Lightly dusted and foxed, Good+ or so.

The Jacksonian Stilwell was an important figure in the movement to abolish imprisonment for debt in New York. His sympathy with unfortunate debtors is evident in this pamphlet, a plea for a voluntary bankruptcy law, permitting debtors to gain a fresh start in life. Stilwell's arguments helped to enact the historic federal Bankruptcy Act of 1841 after unprecedented commercial failures during the Panic of 1837. It was the first to permit voluntary bankruptcies.

The first Bankruptcy Act, enacted in 1800, was repealed in 1803. The 1800 law had authorized creditors to place the debtor in bankruptcy and seize his assets; but it had not allowed debtors to choose bankruptcy. The 1840 Bill, whose enactment Stilwell urges, passed the Senate but was tabled in the House. However, it was revived in the next Congress and passed in 1841. Only two years after its enactment, charges of corruption and profligate expenditures, and at least one lower court decision that the Act was unconstitutional, led to the Act's repeal.

Not in Cohen, Sabin, or American Imprints. OCLC records ten locations under several accession numbers as of July 2022.

\$500.00

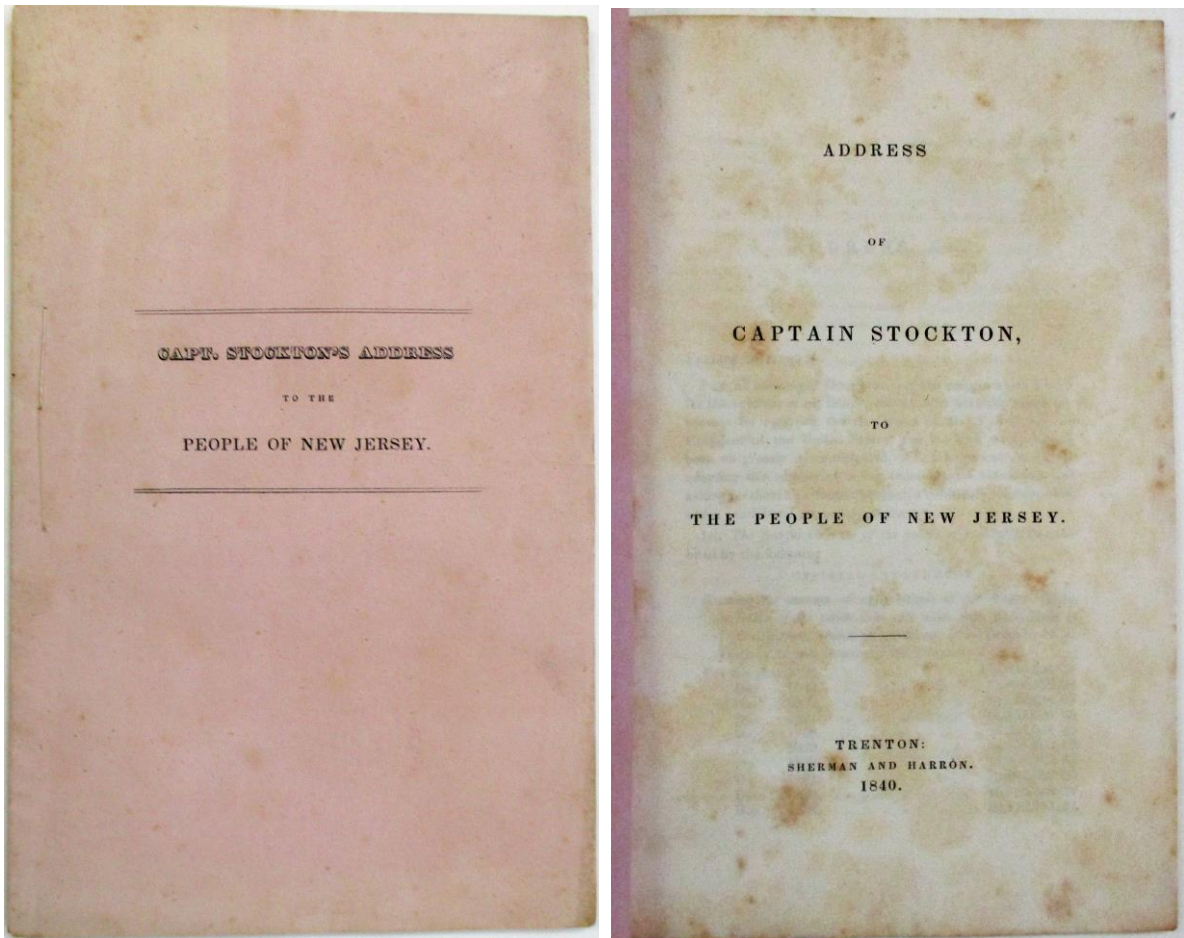
Captain Stockton Likes Harrison for President

115. **Stockton, [Robert Field]:** ADDRESS OF CAPTAIN STOCKTON, TO THE PEOPLE OF NEW JERSEY. Trenton: Sherman and Harron, 1840. Original printed wrappers, stitched. 27, [1 blank] pp. Light scattered foxing, Very Good.

"Stockton cites wasteful expenditures of public money by the Van Buren administration, and the unseating of New Jersey's congressional delegation and the resulting 'Broad Seal War,' as his reasons for supporting Whig candidate William Henry Harrison over Democratic incumbent Martin Van Buren" [Falcone]

Falcone 1328. AI 40-6335 [4].

\$250.00

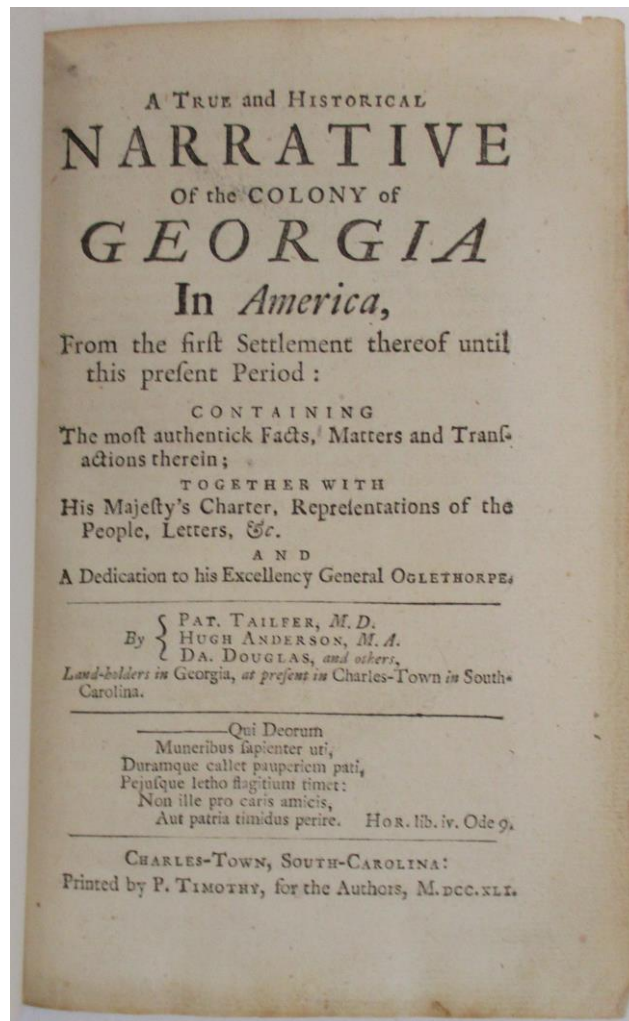


Item No. 115

“One of the Cornerstones of the Historical Literature of Georgia”

116. **Talifer, Patrick et al:** A TRUE AND HISTORICAL NARRATIVE OF THE COLONY OF GEORGIA IN AMERICA, FROM THE FIRST SETTLEMENT THEREOF, UNTIL THIS PRESENT PERIOD: CONTAINING THE MOST AUTHENTICK FACTS, MATTERS AND TRANSACTIONS THEREIN; TOGETHER WITH HIS MAJESTY'S CHARTER, REPRESENTATIONS OF THE PEOPLE, LETTERS, &C. AND A DEDICATION TO HIS EXCELLENCY GENERAL OGLETHORPE. BY PAT. TALIFER, M.D. HUGH ANDERSON, M.A. DA. DOUGLAS, AND OTHERS, LANDHOLDERS IN GEORGIA, AT PRESENT IN CHARLESTOWN IN SOUTH CAROLINA. Charles-Town,

South Carolina [but London?]: Printed by P. Timothy, for the Authors, M.DCC.XLI [1741]. xviii, 1-78, 87-118 pp, as issued, with continuous text. Very Good, in attractive modern quarter morocco and marbled paper-covered boards. Gilt spine decorations and rules, morocco spine title.



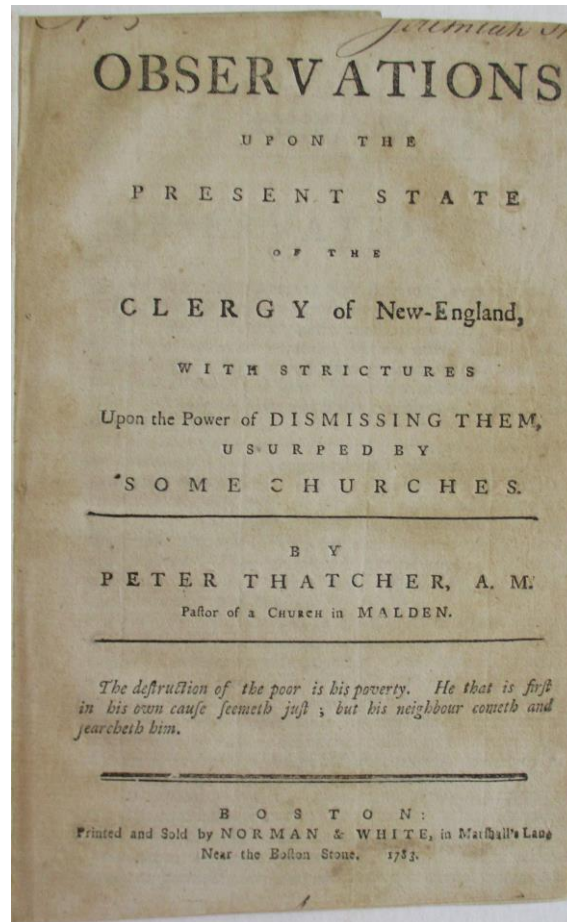
Item No. 116

"The work is a masterpiece of invective and one of the cornerstones of the historical literature of Georgia" [Streeter Sale]. This second edition issued in the same year as the first. Some but not all bibliographers opine that it was "apparently" or "probably" printed in London, despite the imprint and its inclusion in Evans's bibliography. Howes, who believed it was printed in London, gave it a "b" rating for scarcity sixty years ago.

"Stauffer was the chief of a party of malcontents in Savannah, whose conduct became so obnoxious to Governor Oglethorpe that he and others were forced, in September, 1740, to quit the province. He took refuge in South Carolina, where, with Hugh Anderson, David Douglas, and others, he printed this tract. It contains a masterly statement of the author's alleged grievances against Oglethorpe, and is one of the most expert pieces of writing to be found in our early literature. Tyler (2: 293) says: 'It never blusters or scolds. It is always cool, poised, polite, and merciless; and it passes back and forth, with fatal ease, between dreadful fact and equally dreadful invective and raillery. On pp. 40--49 some unpleasant particulars are given of the scandalous conduct of John Wesley during his apostolic mission to Savannah" [Church],

The Brinley Sale offers the following description: "The writers attribute 'the ruin and desolation of the Colony,' to the misrepresentations and mal-administration of Governor Oglethorpe, and to the unwise restrictions imposed by him on the colonists -- and 'chiefly the Denying the Use of Negroes, and persisting in such Denial after, by repeated Applications, we had humbly remonstrated the Impossibility of making Improvements to any Advantage with white Servants'."

The authors dedicate the book satirically to Governor Oglethorpe, signing the Dedication as "The landholders of Georgia, Authors of the following Narrative."
Streeter Sale 1147. Church 940. Brinley Sale 3922. Evans 4817. Howes T6 "b." I De Renne 95. Sabin 94216. 131 Eberstadt 319. \$4,500.00



Item No. 117

Have Mercy Upon the Impoverished Clergy!

117. **Thacher, Peter:** OBSERVATIONS UPON THE PRESENT STATE OF THE CLERGY OF NEW-ENGLAND, WITH STRICTURES UPON THE POWER OF DISMISSING THEM, USURPED BY SOME CHURCHES. BY PETER THATCHER [sic], A.M. PASTOR OF A CHURCH IN MALDEN. Boston: Norman & White, 1783. 15, [1 blank] pp. Modern paper wrappers. Trimmed contemporary ownership inscription on titlepage. Margins trimmed closely, but not taking text, light scattered spotting. Good+.

Thacher's pamphlet advocates due process and fairness in religious institutions. He observes, "The first planters of New-England" were "jealous of entrusting their ministers with a power which had no controul, or of giving them an influence which might in time grow up

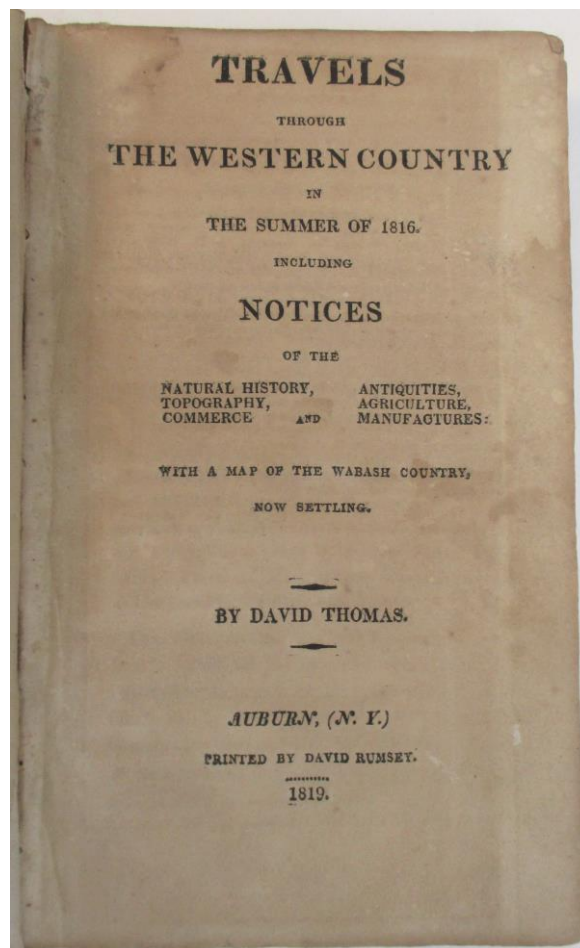
to such a power. They made them dependent upon the people, not only for their first election, but also for their after support."

Certainly, Thacher concedes, Clergy ought not be treated as a privileged elite; but he worries that the Revolution, especially with the depreciation wrought in the value of paper currency, "has been peculiarly unfortunate for the clergy. The people, having emancipated themselves from the British government, have been too ready to suppose that their declaration and authority were sufficient to dissolve the most solemn engagements, and that the people could do no wrong."

Especially because many clergymen are impoverished, Thacher opposes congregations' power to dismiss them without trial or hearing: "It is highly dangerous to the interests of religion, to have such a power lodged in the hands of the people, because it gives them an opportunity of persecuting or revenging themselves upon their ministers, for the conscientious performance of their duty." He urges decision by a neutral body in disputes between a congregation and its minister.

Evans 18206. ESTC W21362.

\$350.00



Item No. 118

“Important Account of the Early Indiana Frontier”

118. **Thomas, David:** TRAVELS THROUGH THE WESTERN COUNTRY IN THE SUMMER OF 1816. INCLUDING NOTICES OF THE NATURAL HISTORY, ANTIQUITIES, TOPOGRAPHY, AGRICULTURE, COMMERCE AND

MANUFACTURES: WITH A MAP OF THE WABASH COUNTRY, NOW SETTLING. Auburn, (N.Y.): Printed by David Rumsey, 1819. Original sheep [some rubbing]. [2], 320, [1- errata], [1 blank] pp. Folding frontis Map of the United States. Some spotting to endpapers, else light scattered foxing and toning. The map is lightly toned. Except as noted, Very Good, with contemporary ownership signature of Eliza Remintor.

"An important account of the early Indiana frontier" [Streeter]. "Thomas's trip was made for the purpose of exploring the 'Wabash lands in the New Purchase' and he spent much time in and about Vincennes, but does not appear to have crossed over into Illinois Territory" [Buck]. "Mr. Thomas was one of the first to draw attention to the aboriginal monuments of central New York" [Field].

Howes T162 'aa.' Streeter Sale 1409. Buck 92. Field 1549. II Clark 236. Graff 4126. Siebert Sale 365. \$750.00



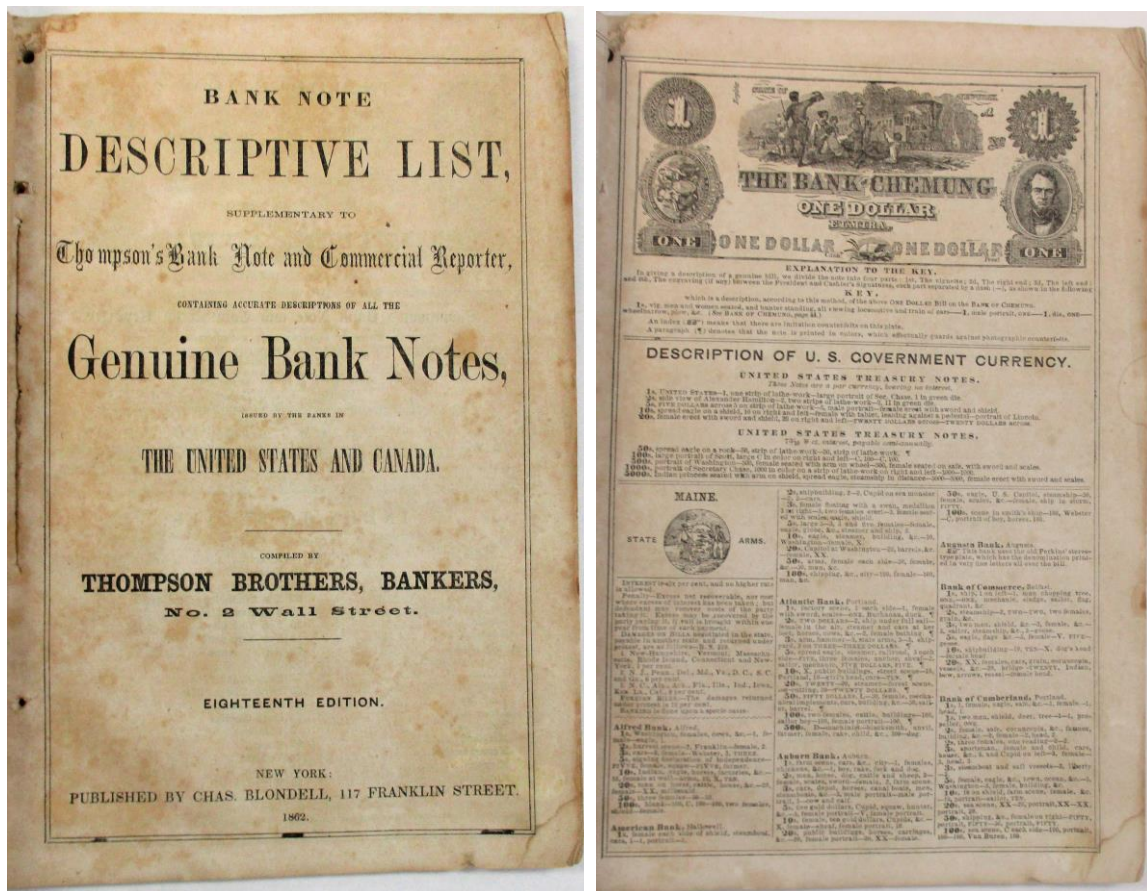
Item No. 118

Bible of Bank Notes

119. **Thompson Brothers, Bankers:** BANK NOTE DESCRIPTIVE LIST, SUPPLEMENTARY TO THOMPSON'S BANK NOTE AND COMMERCIAL REPORTER, CONTAINING ACCURATE DESCRIPTIONS OF ALL THE GENUINE BANK NOTES, ISSUED BY THE BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA. COMPILED BY THOMPSON BROTHERS, BANKERS, NO. 2 WALL STREET. EIGHTEENTH EDITION. New York: Published by Chas. Blondell, 117 Franklin Street, 1862. Original printed wrappers [loosening] with wrapper title, as issued. 96pp. Old binder holes in blank inner margin. Stitched. Rear wrapper with blank margin tape repair. Occasional mild spotting, light wear, Good+.

OCLC records several printings, all scarce, issuing sporadically between 1859 and 1871. OCLC 30307450 [1- Heinz Hist. Ctr.] as of May 2022. Not in Sabin or Lomazow.

\$250.00



Item No. 119

Get One With the Map for 75 Cents!

120. **Union Colony of Colorado: FIRST ANNUAL REPORT OF THE UNION COLONY OF COLORADO, INCLUDING A HISTORY OF THE TOWN OF GREELEY, FROM ITS DATE OF SETTLEMENT TO THE PRESENT TIME; WITH DESCRIPTIVE CHAPTERS ON AGRICULTURE, IRRIGATION, CLIMATE, MOUNTAIN SCENERY, FLORA, CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, SOCIETIES, &C. PRICE 25 CENTS. WITH MAP OF GREELEY AND THE SURROUNDING COUNTRY, 75 CENTS.** New York: George W. Southwick, 1871. Original printed wrappers [worn, spotted, blank extremity chips], bound into modern cloth with gilt-lettered morocco spine title. 40pp. Outer margins spotted, especially the final ten pages. The rear wrapper advertises the Chicago and Northwestern Railway as "the Pioneer Line between Chicago and Omaha and the direct route from the East to Colorado." Good or Good+.

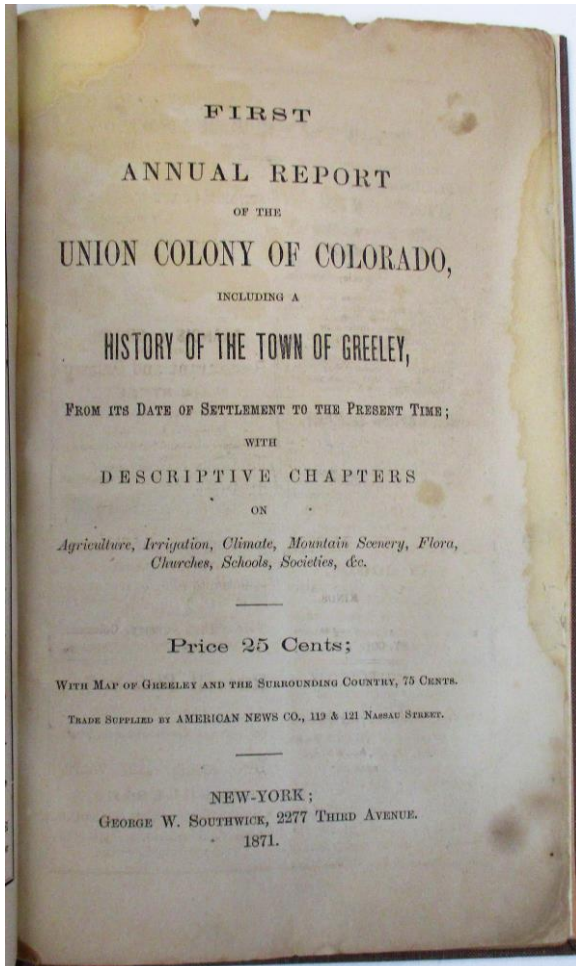
"Apparently the map mentioned on the title-page was not issued with the pamphlet [Graff]. As the title explains, for 75 cents you could buy one with the map.

"The first history of the town of Greeley, published within one year after the Locating Committee, consisting of N. C. Meeker, R. A. Cameron and H. T. West, explored various localities in Kansas, Nebraska, Arkansas, New Mexico, Wyoming, and Utah, before deciding

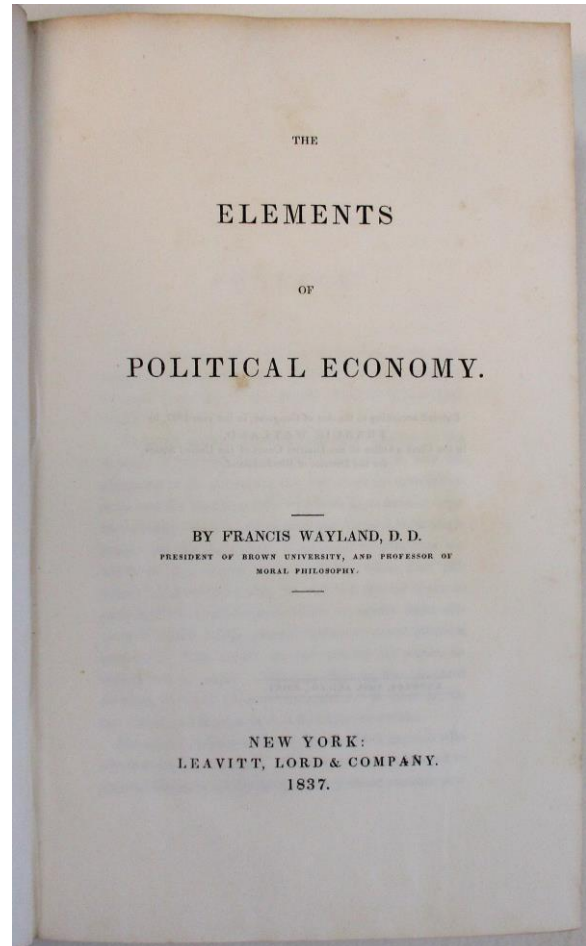
upon the site of which is now Greeley. The above work gives an account of the first arrivals and the trials and triumphs of the town a-borning" [Decker]. Nathan Meeker, an Indian Agent in western Colorado, began the colony as an agricultural cooperative community. He was later killed by Ute Indians in the 1879 "Meeker Massacre." The Union Colony was named for Horace Greeley editor of the New York Tribune.

Howes C608. Graff 4235. 25 Decker 100.

\$300.00



Item No. 120



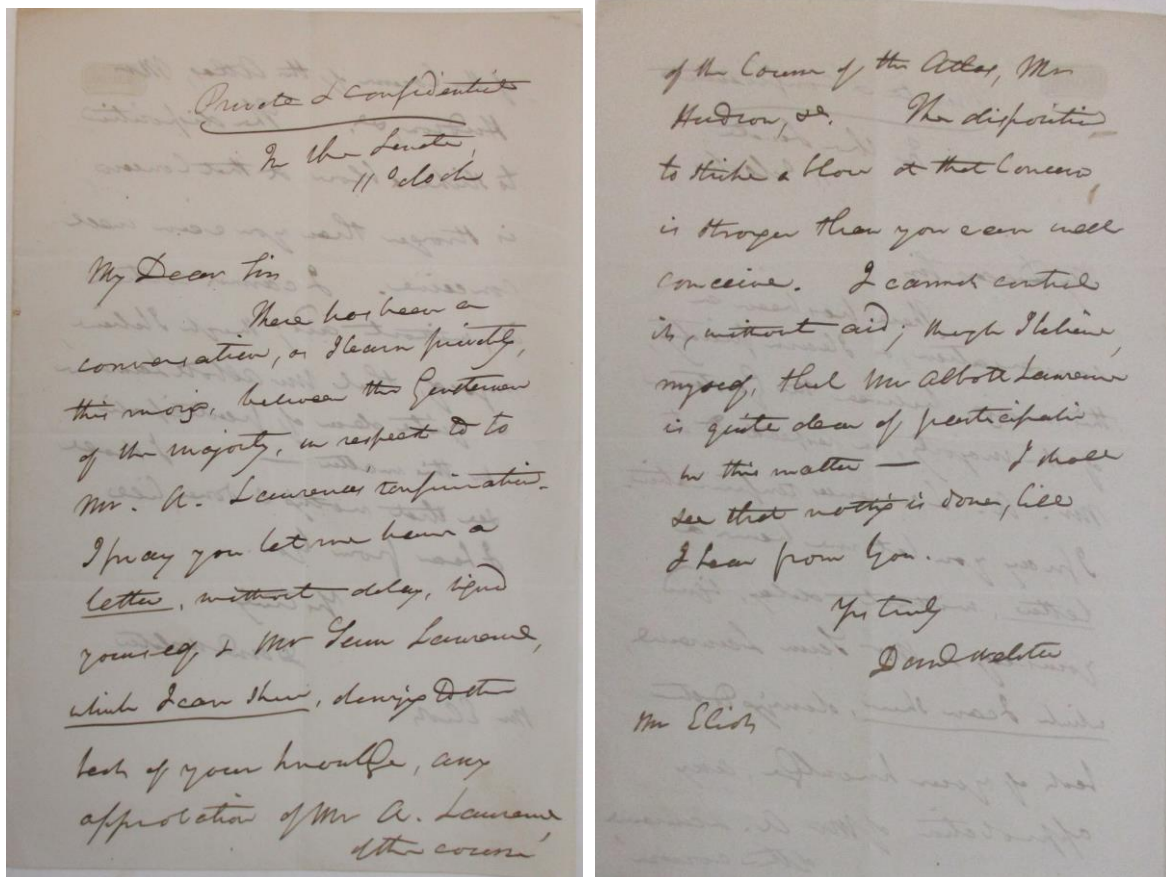
Item No. 121

“A Classic”

121. **Wayland, Francis:** THE ELEMENTS OF POLITICAL ECONOMY. New York: Leavitt, Lord & Company, 1837. xv, [1 blank], 472pp, with the half title as issued. Bound in original cloth, stamped in blind, with spine title stamped in gilt. Small separation at head of spine. Very Good.

Six editions issued in 1837. This is the first. For an exposition of Wayland's unusually productive life, see DAB. Wayland was president of Brown University for twenty-eight years. His treatise expounds on the economic concepts of wealth, value, cost, labor, money, production, exchange, distribution, and consumption. He was an articulate advocate of free markets, to the annoyance of some northern brethren.

The book is "a classic that deserves a hearing even though it was written almost two centuries ago... The emphasis in *The Elements of Political Economy* is always on industry, frugality, thrift, innovation, entrepreneurship, property, competition, the division of labor, labor-saving devices, and capital. And rather than exalting the laborer and scorning the capitalist, the merchant, the retailer, the exchanger (middleman), and the money-lender-- as is usually the case ó Wayland earnestly defends them" [Vance, FRANCIS WAYLAND: PREACHER-ECONOMIST. In Mises Daily Articles on line].
 Sabin 102186. AI 48393a [5]. Not in Eberstadt, Decker, Larned. \$450.00



Item No. 122

Daniel Webster and Abbott Lawrence

122. **Webster, Daniel:** AUTOGRAPH LETTER SIGNED, UNDATED BUT JUNE 1850, TO MR. ELIOT, DISCUSSING THE POSSIBLE SENATE CONFIRMATION OF RIVAL WHIG ABBOTT LAWRENCE:

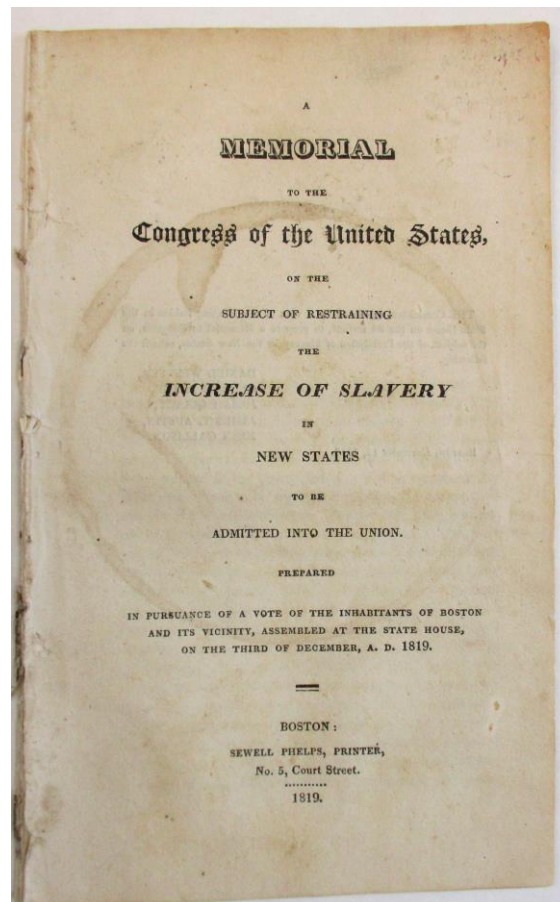
"PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL. IN THE SENATE, 11 O'CLOCK. MY DEAR SIR, THERE HAS BEEN A CONVERSATION, AS I LEARN PRIVATELY, THIS MORNING, BETWEEN THE GENTLEMEN OF THE MAJORITY, IN RESPECT TO TO [SIC] MR. A. LAWRENCE'S CONFIRMATION. I PRAY YOU LET ME HAVE A LETTER, WITHOUT DELAY, SIGNED YOURSELF & MR LEWIS LAWRENCE, WHICH I CAN SHOW, DENYING TO THE BEST OF YOUR KNOWLEDGE, ANY APPROBATION OF MR A. LAWRENCE OF THE CONCERNS OF THE COURSE OF THE ATLAS, MR HUDSON, &C. THE DISPOSITION TO STRIKE A BLOW AT THAT CONCERN IS STRONGER THAN YOU CAN WELL CONCEIVE. I CANNOT CURTAIL IT, WITHOUT AID; THOUGH I BELIEVE, MYSELF, THAT MR ABBOTT LAWRENCE IS QUITE CLEAR

OF PARTICIPATION IN THIS MATTER - I SHALL SEE THAT NOTHING IS DONE, TILL I HEAR FROM YOU YRS TRULY DANL WEBSTER" [Washington, D.C.: 1850]. Octavo sheet folded to 4.75" x 7.25" [2], [2 blank] pp. The letter is written on the recto and verso of first leaf. Light old folds, blindstamp impression at top left corner carries through all pages, "Paris". At the corner opposite Webster's signature is written "Mr. Eliot". Near Fine.

Daniel Webster [1782-1852], U.S. Senator from Massachusetts, wrote this letter to "Mr. Eliot" in mid-June 1850. Mr. Eliot was probably Thomas Dawes Eliot [1808-1870], Webster's fellow Massachusetts Whig who served in the Massachusetts House and Senate, was a Whig member of the U.S. House of Representatives from 1854-1855, and Republican member of the House from 1859-1869.

The letter pertains to Abbott Lawrence [1792-1855], with whom Webster maintained a complicated relationship. According to Lawrence's Congressional biography, President Taylor had "temporarily appointed" him United States Minister to Great Britain in August 1849. Reappointed in January 1850, Lawrence was confirmed by the Senate on June 24, 1850. The industrialist Lawrence was a powerful Boston Whig who, to Webster's great annoyance, had supported Henry Clay's -- rather than Webster's -- bid for the Whig presidential nomination in 1844. On the other hand, Lawrence was a fellow Whig who was thus entitled to Webster's support.

The scandal to which Webster refers, from whose taint Webster seeks to clear Lawrence, involved "the Atlas, Mr Hudson, &c." Charles Hudson [1795-1881], who had been a Whig Congressman, was editor and publisher of the "Boston Daily Atlas," a Whig newspaper published between 1832-1857, and chief naval officer of the Port of Boston. \$750.00



Item No. 123

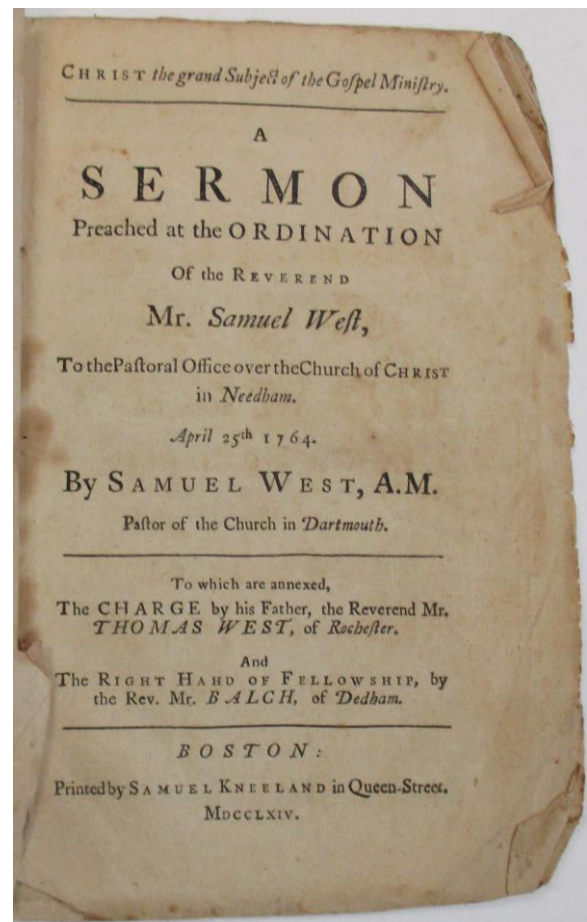
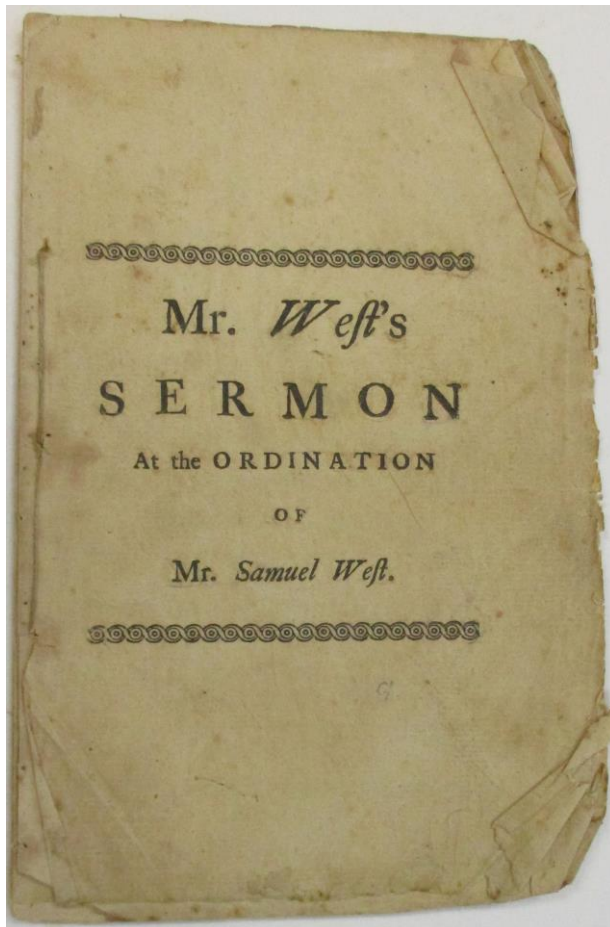
Webster's Earliest Pronouncement on Slavery

123. [Webster, Daniel]: A MEMORIAL TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, ON THE SUBJECT OF RESTRAINING THE INCREASE OF SLAVERY IN NEW STATES TO BE ADMITTED INTO THE UNION. PREPARED IN PURSUANCE OF A VOTE OF THE INHABITANTS OF BOSTON AND ITS VICINITY, ASSEMBLED AT THE STATE HOUSE, ON THE THIRD OF DECEMBER, A.D. 1819. Boston: Sewell, Phelps, Printers, 1819. 22pp. Stitched and lightly worn, Good+.

Webster's earliest printed expressions on Slavery, during the Crisis over Missouri's admission to the Union, support a Congressional ban on new Slave States. Webster headed the Committee -- which included Josiah Quincy, James Austin, George Blake, and John Gallison -- which prepared the Memorial.

"The Boston Memorial, which undoubtedly expressed Webster's opinion, held that Congress was constitutionally empowered to exclude slavery in new States" [Peterson The Great Triumvirate 62]. The later Webster, fearing dissolution of the Union, pulled back when he supported the Compromise of 1850. But his arguments in this piece became bedrock doctrine for Free Soilers and Republicans in the 1840's and 1850's.

FIRST EDITION. LCP 6623. Sabin 47707. 136 Eberstadt 475. Work 330. \$850.00



Item No. 124

Advice to Ministers: Avoid "Affected Ornaments of Rhetorick"

124. **West, Samuel:** CHRIST THE GRAND SUBJECT OF THE GOSPEL MINISTRY. A SERMON PREACHED AT THE ORDINATION OF THE REVEREND MR. SAMUEL WEST, TO THE PASTORAL OFFICE OVER THE CHURCH OF CHRIST IN NEEDHAM. APRIL 25TH, 1764. BY SAMUEL WEST, A.M. PASTOR OF THE CHURCH IN DARTMOUTH. TO WHICH ARE ANNEXED, THE CHARGE BY HIS FATHER, THE REVEREND MR. THOMAS WEST, OF ROCHESTER. AND THE RIGHT HAHD [sic] OF FELLOWSHIP, BY THE REV. MR. BALCH, OF DEDHAM. Boston: Samuel Kneeland, 1764. [4], 28pp. With the half title. Stitched, untrimmed, forecorners turned. small hole in last leaf slightly affecting a couple of letters, else Very Good.

West says "the great concern" of ministers is "to preach the gospel of Christ in its native purity and simplicity, avoiding that parade of words and shew of learning, which tends to obscure rather than to set in a just light the true faith of Christ."

He warns young West to avoid the "affected ornaments of rhetorick, which only serve to amuse the mind, and draw it off from the simplicity of the gospel." This is one of the scarcer ordination sermons of the 1760's:

FIRST EDITION. Evans 9869. ESTC W37368 [Harvard, Yale, AAS, Huntington with a total of 7 copies]. \$375.00



Item No. 125



Item No. 125

Cornucopia of Western Mining Documents

125. [Western Mining]: COLLECTION OF 35 WESTERN MINING DOCUMENTS INCLUDING ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION, ASSAY CERTIFICATES, RECEIPTS, DRAFTS. Nevada, California, Colorado, Arizona, Montana: 1852-1905. Documents of many different sizes, approx. 3-1/2" x 7" to 13" x 21". Light dust, occasional scattered spotting. A few items have folds with some splits [no loss]. Very Good.

The documents concern mining companies in Nevada and California, plus a few from Colorado, Arizona and Montana. Several companies in the Nevada Territory and California had claims in the Comstock Lode.

CALIFORNIA:

[1] Certification of filing Articles of Incorporation of the Imperial Gold Mining Company of San Francisco, with starting capital of \$100,000. Preprinted form completed in neat ink manuscript with names of officers (Henry C. Blake, W.F. Bogart, J.B. Treadwell, A.J. Shrader, D.L. and signatures of Thomas Beck, Secretary of State and Wm. A. Beck, Deputy, dated 1/9/1878, with large gilt seal, measures 16" x 21";

[2] Hussy Mine Report, typed, dated 6/12/1880, 4pp, held with metal clasps at head. Describes Nevada County, California, mine including location, tunnels, gold yield and quality. (This may be typed version of 11 page manuscript described at OCLC 79446888);

[3] M.M. Sexton, T.C. Stallo & O.M. Broms, Manuscript Notice of Mining Claim for the "Rissell opposite the Store at Temperance Flat for the purpose of erecting a wheel and machinery for a Quartz Mill," signed at Millerton on 8/1/57 and docketed on verso.

[4] Thomas Price's Assay Office and Chemical Laboratory, Memorandum of gold bullion deposit, dated 4/24/1879;

[5] Chemical Laboratory Assay Offices, Bullion Rooms & Ore Floors - with Thomas Price as Analytical Chemist, Assayer and Bullion Melter, memorandum of bullion deposit dated 7/24/1882;

[6] Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, receipt dated 7/29/1880, \$3900 in gold bars addressed to "W.F. & Co. San Fran. for assay;"

[7] Palmer & Day's Assay Office, receipt dated 3/13/1862 for 73.21 oz. of gold dust;

[8] Selby Smelting & Lead Co., three memoranda of gold bullion deposit dated 5/1/1882 for 406 oz., 9/29/1890 for 7.02 oz. & 82.85 oz.;

[9] Mountaineer Gold Mining Co., payment receipt dated 9/7/1868 for \$125.00 to C.W. Hendel for one year service as Secretary;

[10] T.P. Crandall of Crandall & McKillican, Provisions, Mining Supplies, Etc., 8/13/1888, draft payable to Buckeye Mill Co., \$147.06 with signature endorsements on verso;

[11] Kellogg & Humbert's Assay Office, 9/28/1858, gold bullion deposit no. 5282;

[12] Rufus Butterfield, San Francisco, 10/26/1852, receipt for \$134.63 on goods shipped from New York on "Ships 'Racer,'" "Milch of the Mare," and "Gray Hound."

NEVADA:

[13] Gould & Curry Silver Mining Company, 7 receipts for gold & silver ore dated 1863-1864 in two different styles and 2 receipts for labor payments from 1862 and 1864 [\$2000 for "working one [?]" and \$175 for "labor on Moor Ranch;"]

[14] Goldfield Consolidated Mines Co., dated June 1911, Sheet No. 6, employee nos. 201-239;

[15] Manhattan Silver Mining Company of Nevada, payment receipt dated 7/8/1875 in the amount of \$140;

[16] Van Wyck & Co. Assay Office, receipt for 2229.5 ounces of bouillon dated 7/14/1864 deposited by Savage M. Co.;

[17] Savage Mining Company, voucher dated 2/3/1892 for \$32.50 paid to Wells Fargo & Co. for expressage of 1780.5 lbs. of amalgam from Nevada Mill to U.S. Mint in Carson City;

[18] Savage Gold & Silver Mining Company, receipt dated 1864 for supplies bought of White's Canon Mill [preprinted with both companies' names];

[19] U.S. Mint at Carson City, memorandum of silver and gold bullion deposit, dated 11/6/1890;

[20] Mexican Mill, manuscript statement of F.S. Bars manufactured in payment of H & N deposit written on preprinted undated form of the U.S. Mint at Carson, Cashier's Office;
 [21] White & Murphy Gold and Silver Mining Company, receipt dated 2/28/1864 for "merchandise."

MONTANA:

[22] North Butte Mining Company, Check to Jas. McMillen, \$23.50 written on First National Bank of Butte.

ARIZONA:

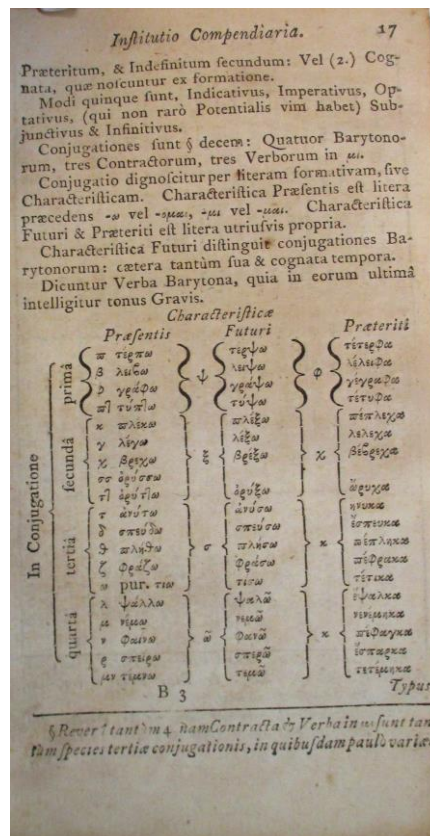
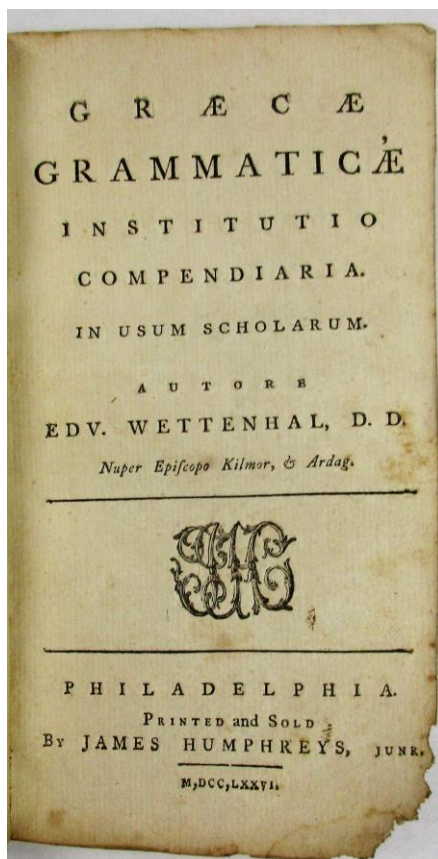
[23] Bank of Bisbee, two drafts dated 7/11/1905, Nos. A7069 payable to Jose Estrada for \$6.75 in Mexican Silver Dollars and A7070 payable to Pedro Rivera for \$10.00 in Mexican Silver Dollars, with endorsements and perforated, rubber and paper stamps on verso.

COLORADO:

[24] The Eagle Ore Company, original and carbon of receipt of 15520 pounds of gold & silver valued at \$270.18.

Gould & Curry Silver Mining was organized in June 1860; Manhattan Silver Mining Company of Nevada was established in 1863; and the Goldfield Consolidated Mines Co. was organized in November 1906. The U.S. Mint at Carson City was created in 1863 and operated from 1870-1885 and from 1889-1893 when its doors finally closed. It was established specifically to facilitate the minting of silver coins from silver in the Comstock Lode, although it also minted some gold coins.

Charles Hendel [1831-1920] came to California in 1853 and began mining for gold in Sierra County, later serving as the county's surveyor, as a U.S. Deputy Surveyor, and as Plumas County Surveyor. He owned a large interest in the Alturas Tailing Mine and the Lucky Gold Hill Mine. [Guide to the Charles William Hendel Collection, 1853-1918, 662-701, California State Library.] \$1,000.00



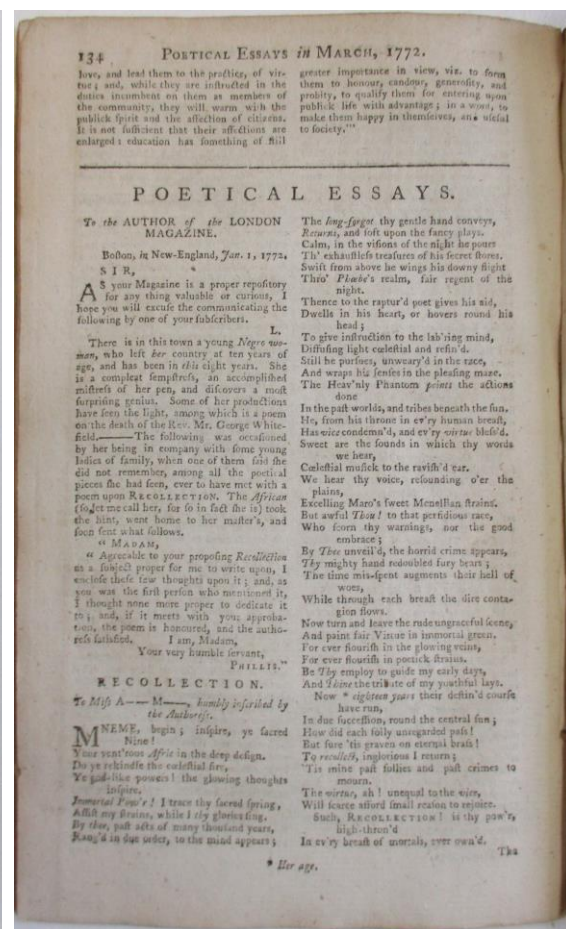
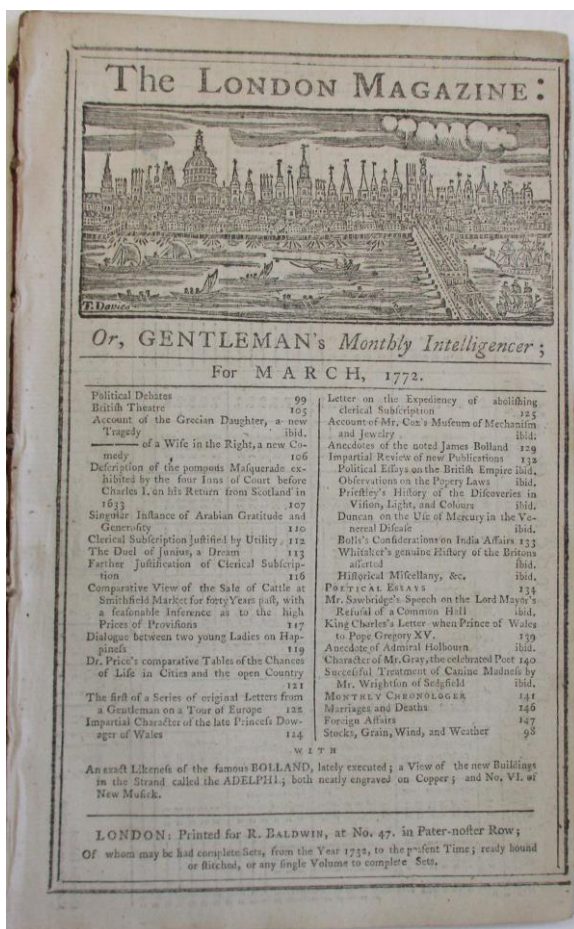
Item No. 126

Greek Lettering

126. **Wettenhall, Edward:** GRAECAE GRAMMATICAE INSTITUTIO COMPENDIARIA, IN USUM SCHOLARUM. AUTORE EDV. WETTENHAL, D.D. NUPER EPISCOPO KILMOR, & ARDAG. Philadelphia: Printed and Sold by James Humphreys, Junr., 1776. 12mo. [4], 93, [3 blanks] pp. Disbound. First gathering with blank lower corner chipping. Occasional close trimming to the foremargin but not affecting text. Good+.

This is the first American edition. A second issued in 1789. The text is entirely in Greek, with Greek letters, and Latin.

FIRST AMERICAN EDITION. Evans 15218. Hildeburn 3495. ESTC W12482 [10 locations]. \$650.00



Item No. 127

First Magazine Publication of Wheatley's Work

127. **Wheatley, Phillis:** "RECOLLECTION, TO MISS A. M., HUMBLIY INSCRIBED BY THE AUTHORESS," PRINTED IN THE LONDON MAGAZINE FOR MARCH 1772. London: Printed for R. Baldwin. 1772. [4], 99-148 pp. Woodcut illustration of London on title page. Full-page "View of the Buildings called the Adelphi in the Strand" after the title leaf. Unpaginated engraving of James Bolland following page 128. Folding unpaginated score of music following page 132. Wheatley's Poem, preceded by Letter signed 'Phillis,' at page 134. Disbound, Very Good.

This is the first printed edition of "Recollection," and the first magazine publication of Phillis Wheatley's work. The Gentleman's Magazine and the Annual Register later published some of her poetry. Previously, the work of this Boston slave had appeared in broadside, pamphlet, and newspaper form. Her book, 'Poems on Various Subjects, Religious and Moral,' was published in London in 1773.

Wheatley's Letter, signed Phillis, is written "To the Author of London Magazine" and dated January 1, 1772 from Boston. She describes herself as "a young Negro woman, who left her country at ten years of age, and has been in this eight years. She is a complete sempstress, an accomplished mistress of her pen, and discovers a most surprising genius."

\$5,000.00



WINDSOR TERRACE. No. VI.

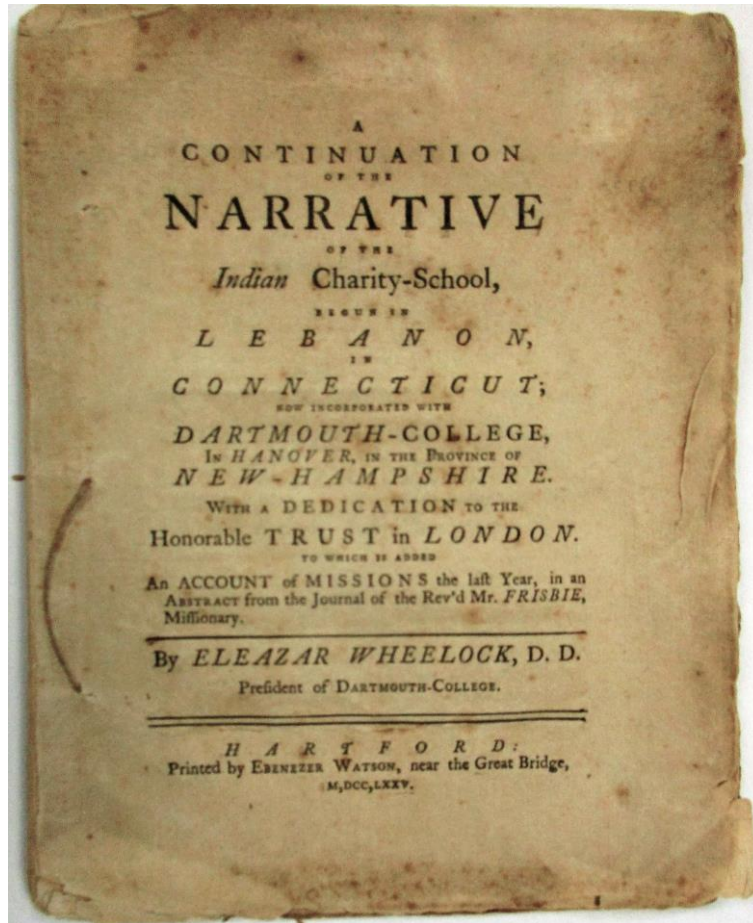
Hey contrary sides ♪ then hey on your own sides ♪ lead down the middle, up again and cut off ♪ right and left at top ♪

CONTENT.
A PASTORAL from Mr. CUNNINGHAM's Collection. Set by Mr. W. GOODWIN.

AFFETUOSO

O'er moorlands and mountains, rude, barren, and bare, As wearied and wilder'd I roam, A gentle young Shepherdess
 sees my despair, And leads me o'er lawns to her home. Yellow Bessies from sick Cows her cottage had crown'd, Green

Item No. 127



Item No. 128

Wheelock Reports on His Indian Charity School

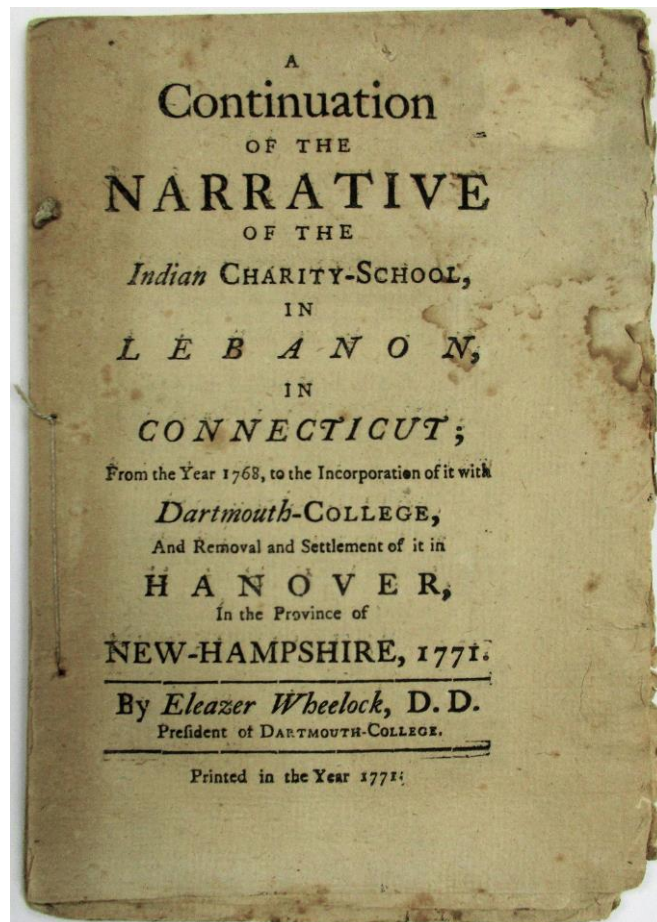
128. **Wheelock, Eleazar D.D.:** A CONTINUATION OF THE NARRATIVE OF THE INDIAN CHARITY SCHOOL, BEGUN IN LEBANON, IN CONNECTICUT; NOW INCORPORATED WITH DARTMOUTH-COLLEGE, IN HANOVER, IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE. WITH A DEDICATION TO THE HONORABLE TRUST IN LONDON. TO WHICH IS ADDED AN ACCOUNT OF MISSIONS THE LAST YEAR, IN AN ABSTRACT FROM THE JOURNAL OF THE REV'D MR. FRISBIE, MISSIONARY. BY...PRESIDENT OF DARTMOUTH COLLEGE. Hartford: Printed by Ebenezer Watson, near the Great Bridge, 1775. vii, [1 blank], [9]-54 pp. Untrimmed, stitched [loosened], generously margined. Light dust and fox, Very Good.

"This is the ninth, and last, of the Reports of the Indian Charity School, established by Mr. Wheelock. It was originally termed the Moors Charity School, commencing in 1754, at Lebanon, and in 1771 transferred to Hanover, where it formed the germ of the institution, known as Dartmouth College. Among the first pupils came young Brant, the Mohawk warrior, who afterwards desolated the Wyoming Valley, and sat beside the Mohegan Indian, Samson Occum, who preached the gospel of peace to the same bloody savages. The fruits of the noble and disinterested labors of Mr. Wheelock, were visible among the aborigines for many years after the date of this report. At one time twenty-five Indians were receiving instruction in his school. Honored be the name of Eleazar Wheelock during all time, as one of the wisest and noblest friends of the red man" [Field].

"Wheelock, a graduate from Yale in 1733, was pastor of the Second (North) Society in Lebanon, and a popular preacher during the Great Awakening. He began the Charity School (first called More's Charity School, after Col. Joshua More, who contributed a house and school-house) in 1754, and by 1765 had some forty-six pupils, all supported by charity. In 1769 Wheelock was given a charter to establish Dartmouth College, which he did in 1770, and became its first president" [Streeter Sale]. Wheelock's plan for the School, formed to instruct Indians and train them "as missionaries and teachers to their respective tribes" [DAB], evidently was inspired by his having taught Samson Occom in the 1740's.

This pamphlet, the final one in Wheelock's series, is its second issue, the first having been printed with only 31 pages [Bristol]. Pages 33 et seq, with separate title page, are entitled, 'An Authenticated Account of Monies Received and Expended... with An Appendix, containing a short narrative of the mission of the Rev. Mr. Levi Frisbie, Mr. James Deanes, and Mr. Thomas Kendal, the Indians in the Province of Quebec.'

Evans 14623. Bristol B4168. VII Streeter Sale 4062. Field 1645. ESTC W37586. Trumbull 1627. \$1,500.00

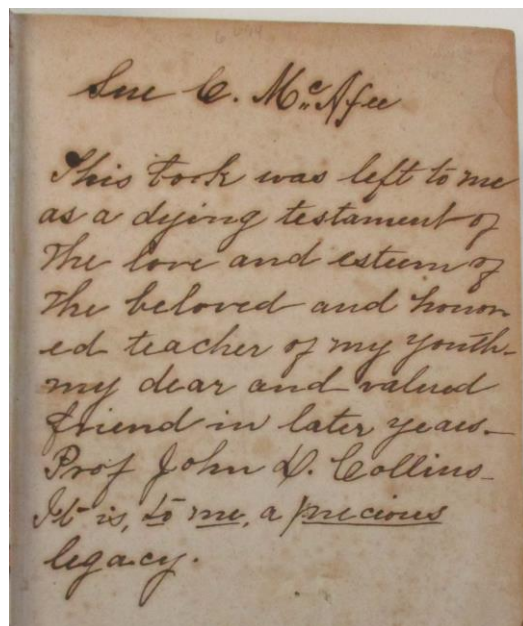
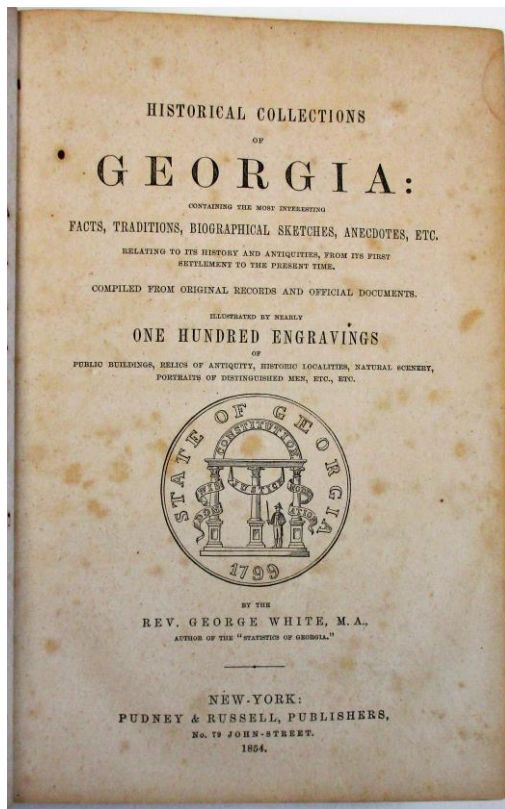


Item No. 129

129. **Wheelock, Eleazar D.D.:** A CONTINUATION OF THE NARRATIVE OF THE INDIAN CHARITY SCHOOL, IN LEBANON, IN CONNECTICUT; FROM THE YEAR 1768, TO THE INCORPORATION OF IT WITH DARTMOUTH-COLLEGE, AND REMOVAL AND SETTLEMENT OF IT IN HANOVER, IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE. BY...PRESIDENT OF DARTMOUTH-COLLEGE. [Hartford]: Printed [by Ebenezer Watson] in the year, 1771. 61, [3 blanks] pp, with the errata list at the bottom of page 61. Stitched, untrimmed, uncut. Unsophisticated, some spotting to title leaf. Very Good.

This is the second issue of the first edition, with the errata at the base of page 61. It is the sixth of Wheelock's series of Reports on the Indian Charity School. Pages 54-61 print 'A poem on the rise and progress of Moor's Indian charity-school, (now incorporated with Dartmouth College) its removal and settlement in Hanover, and the founding a church in the same,' by Frisbie.

Evans 12284. Streeter Sale 4062 [this issue]. Trumbull 1625. Field 1642. Sabin 103208. 6
 Rosenbach 390. ESTC W27339. \$1,750.00



Item No. 130

"A Classic in Georgia Bibliography"

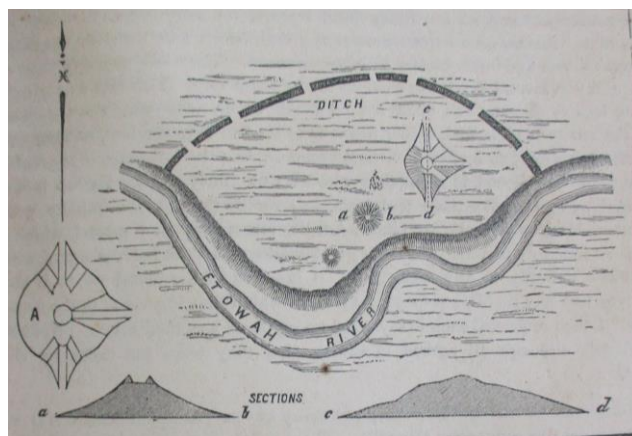
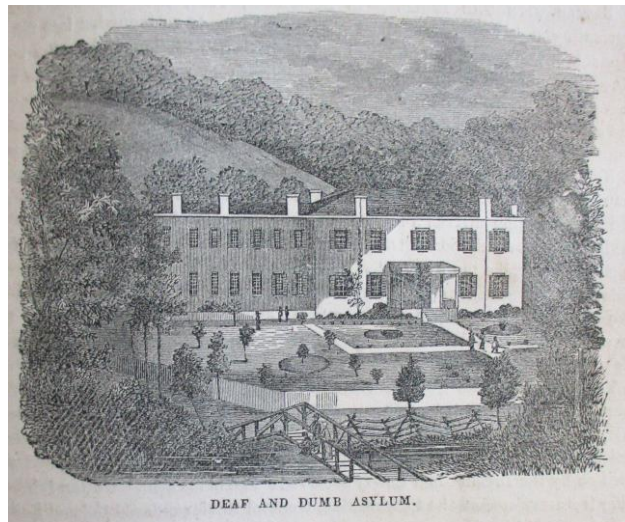
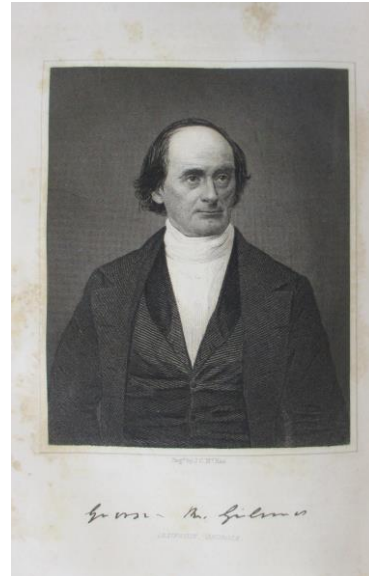
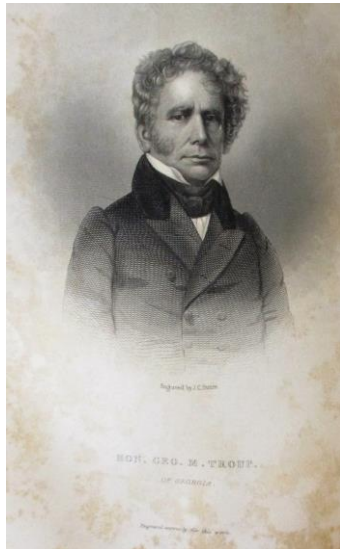
130. **White, Rev. George:** HISTORICAL COLLECTIONS OF GEORGIA: CONTAINING THE MOST INTERESTING FACTS, TRADITIONS, BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES, ANECDOTES, ETC. RELATING TO ITS HISTORY AND ANTIQUITIES, FROM ITS FIRST SETTLEMENT TO THE PRESENT TIME...ILLUSTRATED BY NEARLY ONE HUNDRED ENGRAVINGS OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS, RELICS OF ANTIQUITY, HISTORIC LOCALITIES, NATURAL SCENERY, PORTRAITS OF DISTINGUISHED MEN, ETC., ETC. New York: Pudney & Russell, 1854. xiv, 688pp, numerous illustrations and ports. Scattered and generally light foxing. Contemporary morocco, boards bordered in gilt rules; raised spine binds and gilt lettering. Very Good. The front free endpaper has a charming note by one Sue McAfee, calling the book a "precious legacy" left to her by John D. Collins, "beloved and honored teacher of my youth - my dear and valued friend in later years."

"There are many illustrations, and the whole volume forms a compilation of the greatest value, extensively used by subsequent writers" [Larned]. "White's most valid claim to

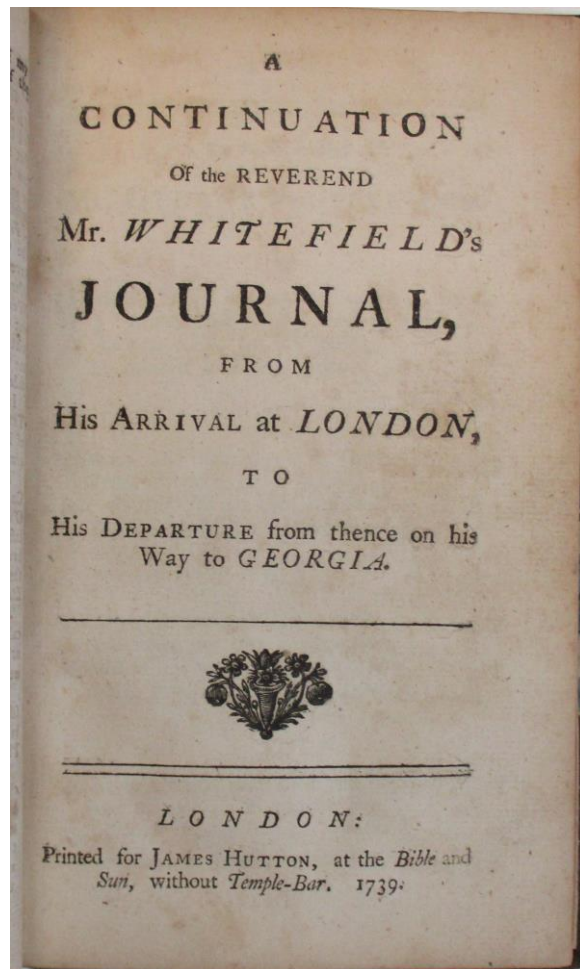
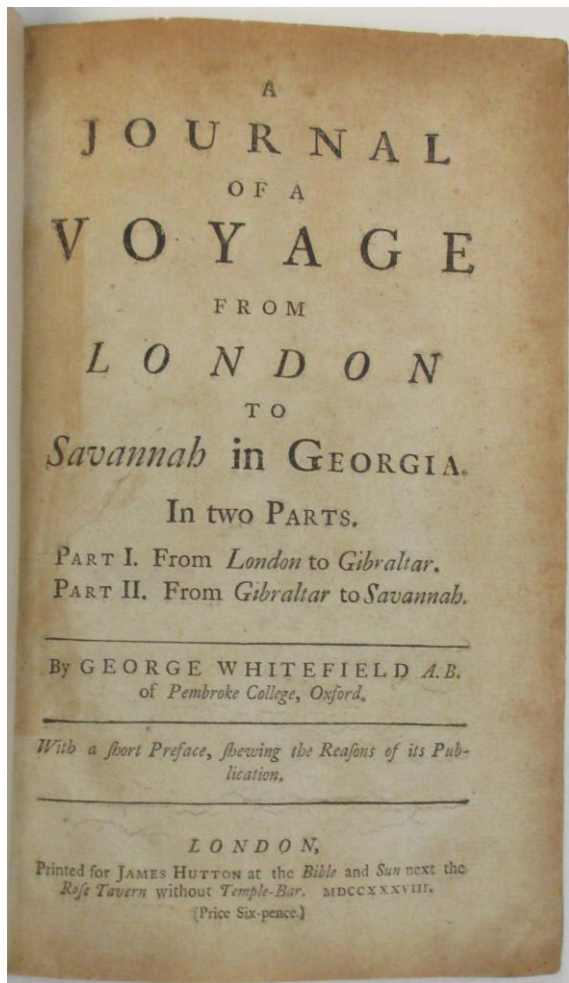
remembrance rests on his historical work. In 1839 he joined a group of citizens at Savannah in organizing the Georgia Historical Society. His interest led him through long and tedious investigations in Georgia and as far north as New York City." In 1854 he issued this work, "a classic in Georgia bibliography" [DAB].

FIRST EDITION. Howes W353. Larned 3340. II De Renne 568.

\$500.00



Item No. 130



Item No. 131

By the Founder of Methodism

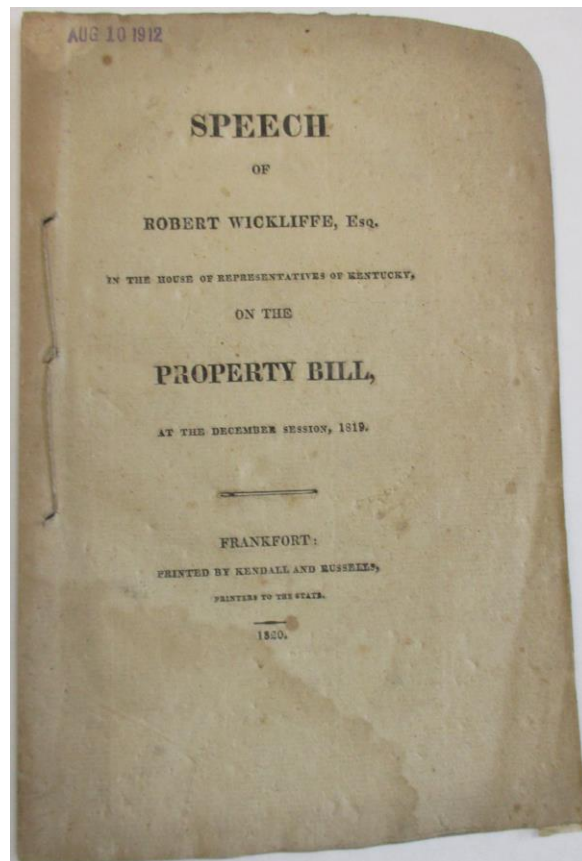
131. **Whitefield, George:** A JOURNAL OF A VOYAGE FROM LONDON TO SAVANNAH IN GEORGIA. IN TWO PARTS. PART I. FROM LONDON TO GIBRALTAR. PART II. FROM GIBRALTAR TO SAVANNAH. WITH A SHORT PREFACE, SHEWING THE REASONS FOR ITS PUBLICATION. London: Printed for James Hutton at the Bible and Sun next the Rose Tavern without Temple-Bar, 1738. [2], iv, 58 pp. Occasional mild foxing, repaired closed tear to title leaf [no loss]. Else Very Good.

[bound with] A CONTINUATION OF THE REVEREND MR. WHITEFIELD'S JOURNAL, FROM HIS ARRIVAL AT LONDON, TO HIS DEPARTURE FROM THENCE ON HIS WAY TO GEORGIA. London: Printed for James Hutton, at the Bible and Sun, without Temple-Bar. 1739. iv, 115, [1 blank] pp. Occasional light toning, Very Good. The two titles bound together in attractive, later half brown morocco and marbled paper over boards, with gilt spine rules and gilt lettered spine title.

These are the first editions of Whitefield's first and fourth Journals of his travels to America. The first Journal covers the period 28 December 1737 - 7 May 1738. The Continuation covers 8 December 1738 - 3 June 1739. As the founder of Methodism, Whitefield stimulated widespread enthusiasm for the Great Awakening during his many travels in the British - American colonies. He was to be Parish Priest in this voyage to Savannah, recounted in this first of his Journals. His influence in America, entirely apart from

that which he exerted in Great - Britain, was many - sided and far reaching. With his advent a religious awakening already begun was greatly stimulated and a burst of evangelical activity occurred that had a marked effect not only on the religious and social life but on the political as well . . . Although others contributed greatly to this movement, Whitefield was its most dynamic representative, its unifying elements and the personification of its tendencies" [DAB].

FIRST EDITION. Howes W374. De Renne 77-78 [recording only the second edition], 82 [De Renne's copy lacking last leaf]. Sabin 10534, 103538. ESTC T29202, T34028. \$3,500.00



Item No. 132

Wickliffe's Passionate Opposition to Kentucky's Debt Relief Laws

132. **Wickliffe, Robert:** SPEECH OF ROBERT WICKLIFFE, ESQ. IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF KENTUCKY, ON THE PROPERTY BILL, AT THE DECEMBER SESSION, 1819. Frankfort: Printed by Kendall and Russells, Printers to the State, 1820. 21, [3 blanks] pp. Stitched. Rubberstamp date at blank upper corner of title page. Scattered spotting, Good+.

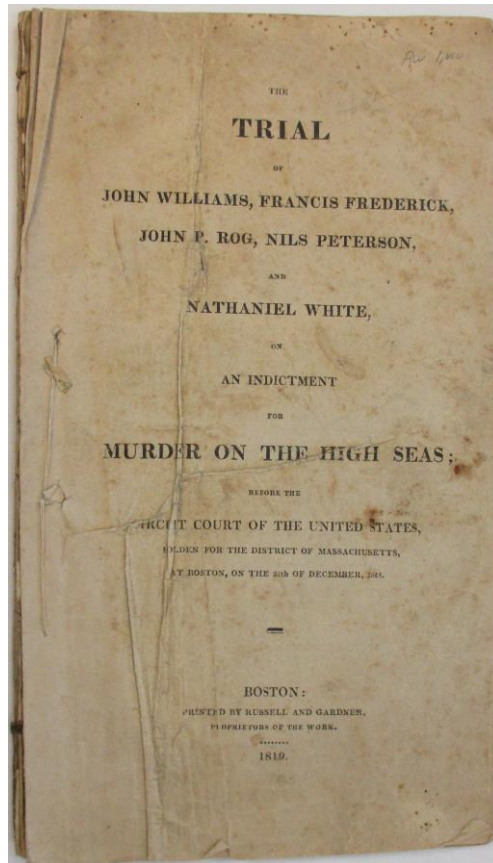
A rare item, in which the Kentucky Whig makes "An urgent plea for the property rights of Kentucky citizens" [Coleman]. Wickliffe was an articulate participant in the Kentucky legislature's dramatic response to the Panic of 1819. As the result of the financial Panic, Kentucky enacted Relief Laws which stayed the payment of debts and required lenders to accept payment in notes of the new, utterly uncapped Bank of Kentucky. Lenders who refused would be forced to endure lengthy delays before payment, if ever.

Wickliffe passionately opposed the Relief Laws, arguing that they unfairly and unconstitutionally impaired the contracts into which creditors had entered in good faith,

requiring them to accept possibly worthless, and certainly depreciated paper in satisfaction of their debts. The Relief Laws are, "in substance, saying to the creditor, if you do not take our paper currency you shall never have any thing else... Mr. Speaker, what effect will this measure produce upon society? Will any man trust his capital out of his possession? Will not every man hug and hide his treasure, instead of putting it in circulation?"

Coleman 3220. McMurtrie 776, AI 4279, and OCLC 26949125 [1- Cinc. Hist. Lib.] as of July 2022.

\$1,500.00



Item No. 133

“Something of That Rude Eloquence...”

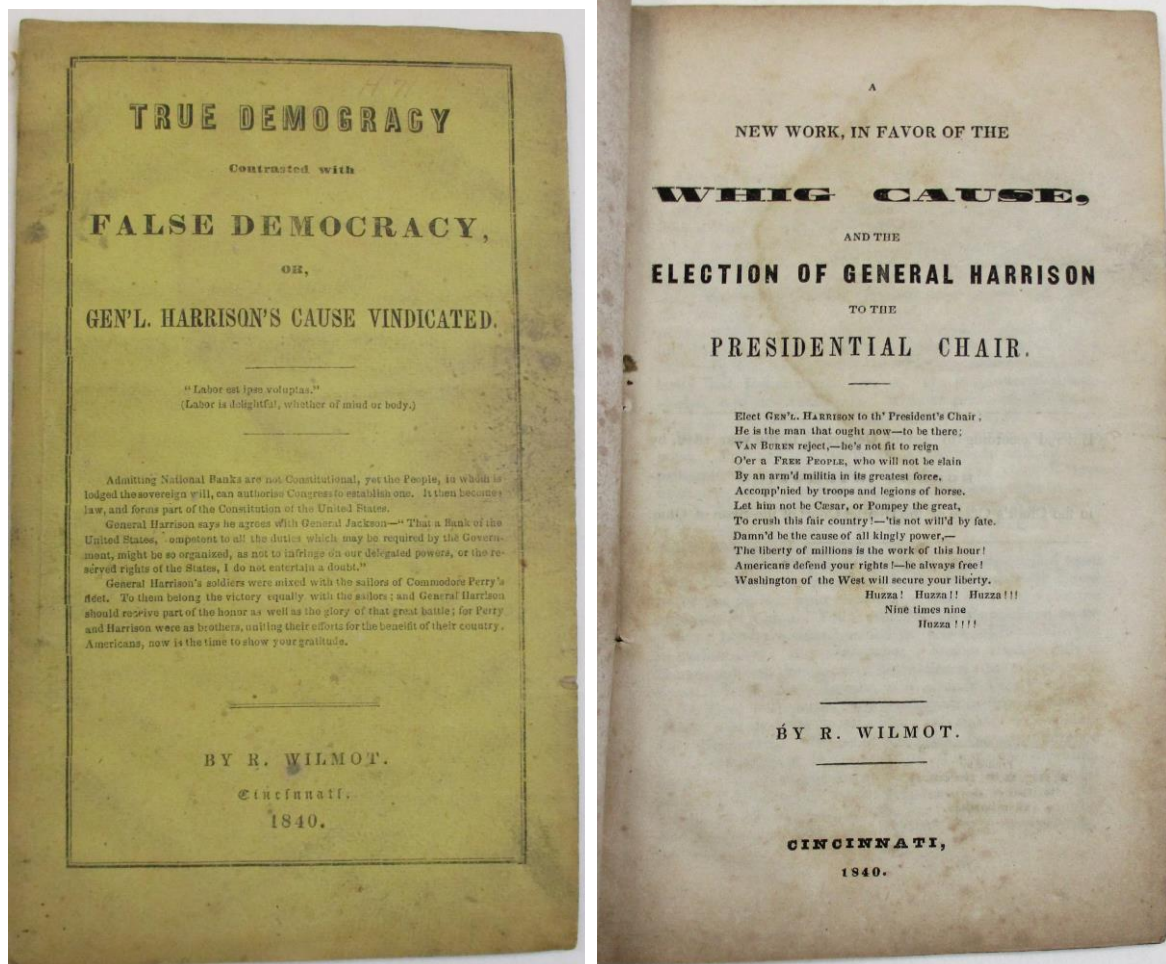
133. [Williams, John et al.]: THE TRIAL OF JOHN WILLIAMS, FRANCIS FREDERICK, JOHN P. RIG, NILS PETERSON, AND NATHANIEL WHITE, ON AN INDICTMENT FOR MURDER ON THE HIGH SEAS: BEFORE THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, HOLDEN FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS, AT BOSTON, ON THE 28TH OF DECEMBER, 1818. Boston: Printed by Russell and Gardner, Proprietors of the Work, 1819. 92pp. Errata at page 92. Stitched and removed, light to moderate foxing, light wear. Good+.

"The crew of the 'Plattsburg' mutinied and threw the captain, mate, and super-cargo overboard, taking the vessel to Norway. These four were apprehended - Williams in Copenhagen, where he was kept in jail for over two years waiting for a vessel to take him back to the United States. The confessions paint a picture of the rugged life at sea in those times" [McDade 1099]. Justice Story of the United States Supreme Court, sitting as a Circuit Judge, presided at the trial.

Nathaniel White was acquitted; the others were adjudged guilty and sentenced to death. Pages 87-90 print John Williams's Address to the Court, "with something of that rude eloquence, which we often find in men of uncultivated minds, when under powerful excitement."

FIRST EDITION. McDade 1103. Cohen 13248.

\$1,000.00



Item No. 134

Harrison Embodies "The Republican Principles of America"

134. **Wilmot, R[obert]:** A NEW WORK, IN FAVOR OF THE WHIG CAUSE. AND THE ELECTION OF GENERAL HARRISON TO THE PRESIDENTIAL CHAIR. BY R. WILMOT. Cincinnati: [Printed by J.R. & H.P. Donogh, 106, Main St. Above Third]. 1840. vi, 7-36, [2- Postscript] pp. Stitched in original printed yellow wrappers [dusted]. Light scattered spotting, Good+.

The wrapper title, under which this is occasionally catalogued, is: "True Democracy Contrasted with False Democracy, Or, Gen'l. Harrison's Cause Vindicated."

General Harrison is the embodiment of "the republican principles of America," contrasted particularly with Jacksonian "frauds of monarchy." He has looked, "like a bloodhound," for any defect in Harrison's character, and has found none. His pamphlet includes his Address on the Sub Treasury Bill, "To the Mock-Legislature of Fort Wayne, Indiana." Long digressions, poetry, and a postscript complete this odd pamphlet.

Morgan 4007. Sabin 104593. AI 40-7076 [4] and 7077 [1].

\$450.00

W/ev ank
 Dear Sir
 Trenton Aug. 28. 1798

I have rec^d your favour of the 21st instant - &
 shall support the representation you have
 made in favour of Mr. Barret, to the Secy
 of War, - it is impossible for me however to
 express an opinion as to the success of the applica
 tion, the number of Candidates being considerable

With Compts. to Mrs. Ferry I remain Dr. Sir
 your most obed^t serv^t
 Oliver Wolcott

Nathaniel Ferry Esq

Item No. 135

Our Second Secretary of the Treasury

135. **Wolcott Jr., Oliver:** AUTOGRAPH LETTER, SIGNED, AS SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY, TO NATHANIEL TERRY OF HARTFORD, CT, PROMISING TO "SUPPORT THE REPRESENTATION YOU HAVE MADE IN FAVOUR OF MR. BARRET, TO THE SECY. OF WAR, - IT IS IMPOSSIBLE FOR ME HOWEVER TO EXPRESS AN OPINION AS TO THE SUCCESS OF THE APPLICATION, THE NUMBER OF CANDIDATES BEING CONSIDERABLE. WITH COMPTS. TO MRS. FERRY, I REMAIN DR. SIR | YOUR MOST OBEDT SERV^t | OLIVER WOLCOTT." Trenton: August 28, 1798. 4pp. Folded folio leaf, written entirely in ink manuscript on the first page; inner leaves blank; addressed for mailing on final page, with Wolcott's free frank signature. Seal remnant, with a tear to blank margin where seal broken. Very Good.

Succeeding Alexander Hamilton, Wolcott [1760-1833] was the Nation's second Secretary of the Treasury, future Governor of Connecticut, and federal judge. A Revolutionary War veteran, he had served at Treasury under Hamilton as Comptroller of the Treasury.

Terry [1768-1844], Wolcott's correspondent, became a prominent Connecticut Federalist: Judge, a State Representative, and a single term in Congress. He became president of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company and the Mayor of Hartford. \$500.00

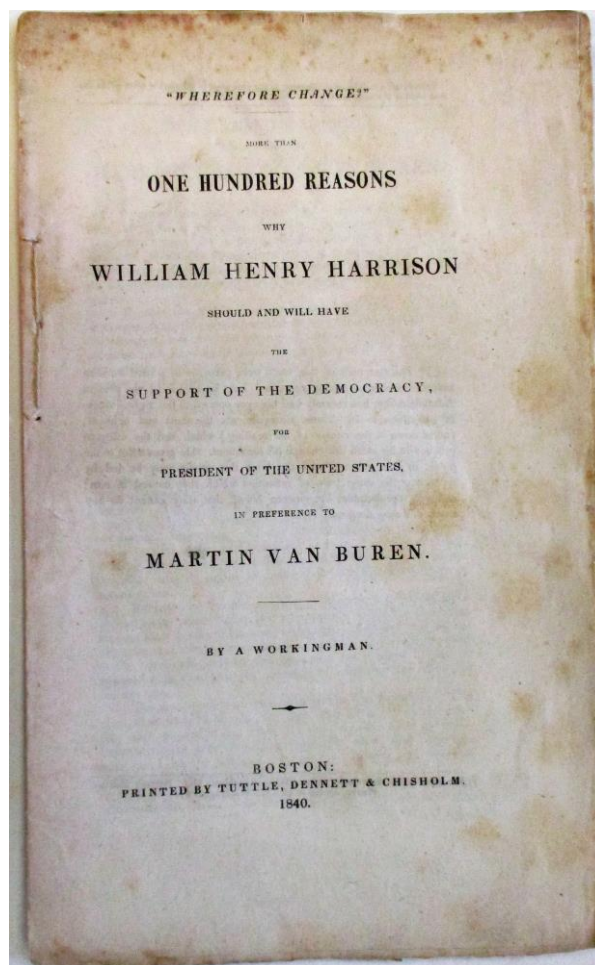
“There is No Republicanism in Van Buren”

136. **Workingman, A:** "WHEREFORE CHANGE?" MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED REASONS WHY WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON SHOULD AND WILL HAVE THE SUPPORT OF THE DEMOCRACY, FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, IN PREFERENCE TO MARTIN VAN BUREN. BY A WORKINGMAN. Boston: Printed by Tuttle, Dennett & Chisholm, 1840. 16pp, stitched as issued. Light scattered foxing, Good+.

119 reasons, to be precise. The Jacksonian Era has created an "imperial" presidency; Harrison will restore the office to its proper role. "There is no republicanism in Van Burenism." Corrupt characters populate the Van Buren Administration; Harrison is the ideal of simple republicanism.

Cronin & Wise 151 [Harrison]. AI 40-4754 [5]. Not in Miles.

\$250.00



Item No. 136